

THE WEATHER
Rain and warmer to-
night; Tuesday rain, fol-
lowed by clearing.

THE LOWELL SUN

6
O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 LOWELL MASS. MONDAY JANUARY 10 1916 PRICE ONE-CENT

BRITISH LOSE 3000 MEN

BUILDING OF STADIUM PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT

Mayor O'Donnell Interested in
First St. Development—High
School Plans Not Ready

It seems that through a lack of in-
terest of the municipal council of 1915
the plans in relation to the cost of the
development of First street have been
changed so that it will mean a great-
er expense to the city than was origi-
nally proposed. This information was
given the press by Mayor O'Donnell
this forenoon. The mayor will take
this matter up at once and hopes to
arrange with the Locks and Canals

MOHR MURDER

Trial of Mrs. Mohr and
Two Negroes Set for
Today

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 10.—Mrs.
Elizabeth F. Mohr, accused of having
incited three negroes to murder her
husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, a phy-
sician whose practice made him well
known in this city and Newport, was
placed on trial before Justice Charles
F. Stearns in the superior court today.
Mrs. Mohr is being tried jointly with
Cecil Victor Brown and Henry H.
Spellman who are charged with the
actual commission of the murder while
the doctor and his secretary, Miss Em-
ily C. Burger were motoring along the
Nayatt road in Barrington on their
way to Newport on the night of Aug.
31 last. Mrs. Mohr was indicted as an
accessory before the fact. The three
defendants pleaded not guilty when
arraigned a few minutes after 10
o'clock and the selection of a jury was
begun.

A murder indictment against Dr.
Mohr's negro chauffeur, George W.
Healis, was brought into court and did
not contest a charge of manslaughter.
As disclosed in the preliminary hear-
ings, the state will seek to show that
Mrs. Mohr instigated Brown and Spell-
man to shoot her husband and induced
Healis to stop the automobile in which
Dr. Mohr was riding at the spot on a
country road in West Barrington where
the murder took place.

Healis will be sentenced after the
trial.
Each defendant faces two indictments
—one in connection with the slaying of
Dr. Mohr and the other charging
assault with intent to kill on Miss
Emily C. Burger, who was in the auto-
mobile with the physician on the night
of the tragedy. They were riding along
the Nayatt road in Barrington on their
way to Newport when the chauffeur
stopped the machine on the pretext
that something was wrong with the
engine. The next instant shots rang
out. Dr. Mohr was mortally wounded
and Miss Burger was several weeks re-
covering from her bullet wounds.

The police claim they obtained con-
fessions from the three negroes in
which they stated that Mrs. Mohr hired
them to kill her husband for \$5000.

SEVERE RHEUMATIC PAINS DISAPPEAR

Rheumatism depends on an acid
in the blood, which affects the mus-
cles and joints, producing inflamma-
tion, stiffness and pain. This acid
gets into the blood through some
defect in the digestive process.
Hood's Sarsaparilla, the old-time
blood tonic, is very successful in the
treatment of rheumatism. It acts
directly, with purifying effect, on the
blood, and improves the digestion.
Don't suffer. Get Hood's today.

HALIFOUX'S ON THE SQUARE

Money will buy a pretty
good dog, but it won't buy
the wag of his tail. It took
something more than money
to rear this business. Back
of the ample resources at the
start was the motive power
of experience—diligent effort
intelligently directed—call it
"efficiency" and you will un-
derstand, we think, just what
we mean. Money will buy
much—but it won't buy effi-
ciency unless it buys action
too.

Co. to have the latter contribute what
land will be necessary, without expense
to the city.
The mayor's statement follows:
"A matter in which I am much inter-
ested but to which I have given but
little attention thus far, as the result
of a rush of other propositions is the
development of First street. With the
proposed completion of the state high-
way, and some walls along the
highway. A city dump for the better
qualities of garbage was established
and, with street sweepings, some ten
of thousands of loads were received.
This needs to be covered with soil and
seeded down. Good progress has been
made in filling and wall building this
season, and it is believed that the sum
now asked for will suffice to complete
this work the coming vacation season.
Machine Shop.—While we have a very
valuable equipment for the floor set apart
for a machine shop, the machinery is
more crowded than would be considered
safe in a commercial shop. There is
not room for instruction of one-fourth
of the evening pupils applying for this
course. The manufacturers of "multi-
mills" have so drawn upon the textile
mills for mechanics as to create a
dearth, while the mill managers are
saying, "Give us more mechanics and
we will make the most efficient mill
operatives of them."
We have had to refuse about 130
bright youths this year, who applied
for evening instruction, passed the re-
quired examination and were registered,
because we lacked floor space. Some
of them have found evening employ-
ment temporarily as "helpers" since the
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if the state can spend its revenue more
wisely in the educational field than in
increasing the force of trained mechan-
ics. Recent and continuing extensions
indicate a stronger demand for mechan-
ics than for drill-sergeants.
We have the ground to place the pro-
posed shop on. We build, as our an-
nual reports show, from 25 to 40 per
cent cheaper than most, if not all, of
the higher educational institutions, as
we make our own working plans and
furnish our superintendents of con-
struction, using our whole force of en-
gineers and skilled laborers not em-
ployed on repairs, or otherwise, on the
work during the summer vacations, our
entire body of employees being hired for
the 12 calendar months, working mill
days and were at once put to work
required by the high schools, academies
and colleges. We purchase all material

Brown and Healis to get \$2000 each and
Spellman \$1000. She denied this.
One hundred venturmen were in court
this morning ready to be drawn as ju-
rors. Owing to the reluctance of many
to sit in a murder case, the work of
impaneiling a jury was slow and
tedious.

Crowd Outside Court
An hour before the time set for the
trial a considerable crowd had gathered.
Continued to Last Page

IN TODAY'S STORM

LIGHT PAUL OF SNOW FOLLOWED
BY MOISTURE AND INDICATIONS
OF RAIN
A light snowfall which started about
7.30 o'clock this morning when the
temperature was low continued all the
forenoon, the snow flakes becoming
moist as the temperature rose. For a
time it was thought that we were to
have a real heavy snow storm and
street railway plows were made ready
for use; but at noon the storm sud-
denly changed and the weather continued
doubtful. "Rain tonight" is the predic-
tion of the weather man and if this
proves true pedestrians will find travel-
ing very disagreeable.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT

LOWELL CASES HEARD AT CAM-
BRIDGE-SHERMAN SENTENCED
TO REFORMATORY

Jesse Sherman of North Adams, the
youth arrested on Central street last
November by Inspector Walsh with
handcuffs, revolver, dagger, a mask and
other articles usually carried by bad
men on his person, was sentenced to
the Massachusetts reformatory by
Judge Raymond in the Middlesex su-
perior court at East Cambridge today.
He was charged with breaking and
entering and larceny of money and
jewelry from the homes of S. Phelan
and Mrs. Carrie McLoon in Tyngsboro.
Before the sentence was imposed, Pro-
bation Officer Ramsey told the court
that Sherman had told of a varied ca-
reer, confessing to about 50 breaks.
Sherman appeared from a reformatory
sentence in the local court.
For breaking and entering and lar-
ceny of jewelry from the store of
Abraham Stein on Middlesex street,
Henry Farrington was placed on pro-
bation. Farrington, an elderly man,
was caught by Special Officer Clark
and Patrolman Cullen after breaking a
window in Stein's store and stealing a
quantity of jewelry. He stated that he
was partly under the influence of
liquor at the time and did not realize
what he was doing. He has been in
jail since the offence was committed
several weeks ago.

FUNERAL NOTICES

ROACH—The funeral of Timothy
Roach will take place Tuesday morn-
ing from his late home, 33 White
street at 8.15 o'clock. High mass of
requiem at St. Patrick's church at 9
o'clock. Undertaker, Peter Savage.
KELLEY—The funeral of Miss Ann
Kelley will take place Wednesday
morning from the chapel of C. H. Mol-
loy on Market street. A funeral high
mass will be celebrated at St. Pat-
rick's church, time to be announced
later. Burial will take place in St.
Patrick's cemetery in charge of Un-
dertaker C. H. Molloy.

Dr. Allen

SUN BUILDING
Painless dentistry is performed
by Dr. Allen, and by no one else,
because Dr. Allen uses Eu-Cola,
that wonderful dental pain killer.
Painless Dentistry Lasting

GERMANS AGGRESSORS IN THE CHAMPAGNE DISTRICT

Report That Turks Have Surrounded
British in Mesopotamia—10,000 Men
Left to Cover Retreat—Turks Cap-
ture Enormous Amount of Booty—
Austrians Foiled in Attempt to Re-
capture Czartorysk

The main British army in Mesopo-
tamia is in retreat, Berlin hears from
Constantinople. Ten thousand men are
said to have been left in Kut-el-Amara
to cover the retreat, and the Constanti-
nople advices advance the claim that
this force has been entirely surround-
ed by the Turks.
The British several weeks ago, fell
back more than one hundred miles
down the Tigris from the vicinity of
Bagdad to the Kut-el-Amara position.
The Champagne district in France is
again the scene of an offensive move-
ment, this time the Germans being the
aggressors.

Northeast of Massiges, on ground
which the French gained in their Sep-
tember drive, the Germans have taken
several hundred yards of trenches, cap-
turing more than 400 prisoners, five ma-
chine guns and several mine throw-
ers, according to the claim of Berlin.
A French counter attack is declared to
have failed.
Constantinople despatches through
Berlin claim the sinking of an allied
transport filled with troops off the
Gallipoli peninsula as the entente
forces were evacuating their positions
on the tip. The Turks captured an
enormous amount of booty, including
nine cannon it is asserted.

Vienna claims that the Russians on
Saturday last ceased their attacks on
the Galician and Bessarabian fronts
after having been repulsed all along
the line. The latest Petrograd
statement claims that the Austrians
have been driven from the east bank
of the middle Dniester in Galicia and
foiled in their attempts to recapture
Czartorysk in Volhynia.
Greece has protested vigorously
against the arrest by entente authori-
ties of the consuls of the Teutonic al-
lies at Mytilene, in the Aegean sea.
An Athens despatch states.

BRITISH ARMY SURROUNDED
BERLIN, Jan. 10. (By wireless to
Saville)—The British army at Kut-el-
Amara, in Mesopotamia has now been
surrounded completely by the Turks,
according to Constantinople advices
given out today by the Overseas News
agency. It is said the Turks have ad-
vanced to the main defences of the
British.

The main British army in Mesopotamia
according to these advices is in re-
treat, 10,000 men having been left in
Kut-el-Amara to cover the movement.

SIR PERCY LAKE APPOINTED
LONDON, Jan. 10, 3.40 p. m.—Sir
Percy Lake has been appointed to con-

mand the British forces in Mesopotamia
in succession to Gen. Sir John Dickey
Nixon, who has been compelled by ill
health to return home. It was announc-
ed today by J. Austen Chamberlain,
secretary for India.

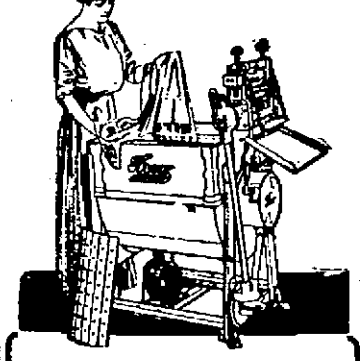
BISHOPS OF BELGIUM
PARIS, Jan. 10.—The bishops of Bel-
gium have sent a collective letter to
Austrian and German bishops replying
to denials by the prelates of the two
empires that the allegations respecting
German atrocities in Belgium are au-
thentic. "The Rome correspondent of
the Petit Parisien. "The Belgian
bishops who signed the letter affirm
that they themselves conducted an in-
vestigation, village by village, which
demonstrated that the report of the
official Belgian committee underestimated
the facts if any thing.

"To cut short the controversy, they
proposed the formation of a court com-
posed of an equal number of Belgian
bishops, Austrian and German bishops
and neutral prelates. Such a court could
see and judge what the Germans actu-
ally did in Belgium. The writers of
the letter say, if it be true that it is
the first duty of the clergy to sacrifice
all to the truth, the bishops of the
central empires cannot decline to ac-
cept this proposal.

"This letter was written on Nov. 23,
and thus far has not been answered.
Several Belgian prelates are on the way
to Rome. It is understood that their
purpose is to make their letter public.
Those who have seen the text of the
letter declare that its publication would
have a profound effect, and it is under-
stood that the Vatican is endeavoring
to prevent such action."

THE LUSTANIA CONTROVERSY
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Count von
Bernstorff, the German ambassador,
had an engagement to confer with Sec-
retary Lansing today and it was in-
dicated that a final settlement of the
Lustania controversy was close at
hand.

Continued on page three



Mechanical washing in the
home is fast supplanting man-
ual washing.

The back-breaking method
is giving way to a workless
method.

Order an Electric Washing
Machine and advertise your
scrub-board and tub for sale.

Lowell Electric Light Corp.,
29-31 Market Street
Tel. 821.

GOOD NEWS FOR MILLS

Embargo on Logwood Dyes From
Jamaica Lifted by British Gov-
ernment Today

Special to The Sun.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The
demand for logwood by the textile and
other industries of this country is like-
ly soon to be supplied from Jamaica
as the embargo has been lifted by the
British government.
Jamaica is a great source of supply
for this commodity, and the British
government had recently placed an
embargo on the export until such time
as the demands from Canada had been
supplied. The American consul at Ja-
maica today cabled the state depart-

ment at Washington that the embargo
had been lifted. The department re-
gards this information as entirely re-
liable without waiting for confirmation
from London.
The British government some time
ago stated that the embargo would be
lifted in favor of the United States as
soon as the Canadian orders would be
filled. Logwood is extensively used in
dyeing cotton, wool and leather so that
the removal of the embargo will also
benefit the tanneries of New England.
RICHARDS.

GERMAN AGENTS ACTIVE

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Four witnesses
were examined today by the special fed-
eral grand jury which resumed the in-
vestigation into the activity of German
agents in promoting strikes in munition
factories in this country.

One of the principal features which
was expected to be brought to the at-
tention of the grand jury was the at-
tempt to bribe a high official in one of the
largest international unions of Amer-
ica. This official was prominent in the
strikes in munition plants of Bridge-
port, Conn., and at the plant of the
General Electric Co. in Schenectady,
N. Y., last summer.

Whether or not the attempt at his
corruption was successful will be one
of the matters the jurors will be called
upon to decide.
Otto F. Mottola, a New York city
detective, who is charged with having
been in the pay of Paul Koenig, head of
the detective bureau of the Hamburg-

American line, was placed on trial to-
day before Commissioner Dunham.

Koenig is at present under indictment
charged with plotting to blow up the
Welland canal in Canada in the interest
of Germany. Mottola is accused of be-
ing one of a large number of agents
employed by Koenig in different parts
of the country to further German plots
against American neutrality. He was
identified by a witness today as having
been struck in 1904 of the theft of
\$2000 from a butcher for whom he then
worked.

WENT BACK TO WORK

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The 750 men
who struck last week at the Jersey
City plant of the Crucible Steel Co. of
America, returned to work today on
the promise of the management that
their demands would be considered.

South Ends, Thursday eve, at Asso.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?
READ THE PROSPECTUS
Office, 16 Central Block Telephone 30

MORE FUNDS NEEDED FOR TEXTILE SCHOOL

Trustees Will Ask Legislature for
\$22,000 Additional This Year
—Report for Past Year

In their annual report to the auditor
of the commonwealth, the trustees of
the Lowell Textile school state that
they will ask the legislature this year
to provide approximately \$22,000 more
than last year for the expenses of the
school. The items entering into the
estimate for the new year are:
Maintenance (same as last
year) \$50,000.00
Deficiency in maintenance for
1915 1,232.75
Completing grading, seeding
down and enclosing the
school grounds 1,500.00
Machine shop 20,000.00
Total \$72,732.75

The following explanation of the ne-
cessity for the increased appropriation
is given by James T. Smith, clerk of
the corporation controlling the school:
Maintenance.—The legislature at the
last session made provision to meet a
large loss in our tuition revenues from
non-resident evening pupils, mainly
from Lawrence and vicinity for the cur-
rent year (the pupils being unable to
pay but a small percentage of the cost
of instruction) by increasing the
amount allowed for maintenance to
\$50,000. And although there will be a
considerable increase in the item for
supplies, because of the establishment
of an organic chemistry laboratory
mainly devoted to instruction in the
making of dyes, it is believed that the
same amount, \$50,000, estimated for
will suffice for the coming school year
for which this is an estimate.

Maintenance Deficiency, 1914-15.
While we expected there would be a
deficiency in evening tuitions for the
year ending June 30, 1915, there being
an increase in non-resident evening pu-
pils of 50 per cent, and so stated in our
petition last year, as that year had not
then closed, we deferred estimating for
it until the account for that year was
made up. We now find the deficiency
to be \$1,232.75, for which we now ask
an appropriation.

Completing Grading, etc.—Although
our extensive grounds were all con-
trolled, with the exception of a few
feet, the topography was exceedingly
varied into fine sand hills and swamps.
For the protection of our machinery
and laboratories, and for sanitary rea-
sons, a great deal of grading and filling

was required, and some walls along the
highway. A city dump for the better
qualities of garbage was established
and, with street sweepings, some ten
of thousands of loads were received.
This needs to be covered with soil and
seeded down. Good progress has been
made in filling and wall building this
season, and it is believed that the sum
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operatives of them."

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quired examination and were registered,
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shops extended their hours into the
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required by the high schools, academies
and colleges. We purchase all material

EXPLOSION KILLS THREE

Plant of Du Pont Powder Works
Blown Up—Blast Felt Twenty-
five Miles Away

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—Three
men were killed and a number injured
early today at the plant of the du
Pont powder works at Carney's Point,
N. J. One man is missing. It had been
reported that a large number of men
had lost their lives but after an inves-
tigation the superintendent of the
plant said that only three were dead
and possibly four.

The cause of the explosion is not
known but according to the superin-
tendent there is no suspicion that the
blast was due to outside agencies. The
report that arrests had been made was
denied.

The plant is divided into three divi-
sions—numbers 1, 2, and 3. Approxi-

mately 15,000 workmen are employed
and the plant was running 24 hours a
day. Only smokeless powder and pic-
ric acid, the latter an ingredient of the
deadly Lyddite used in making shrap-
nel, are manufactured at these works.
Most of the structures are one story
in height, of scantling and covered
with sheet iron.
The dead were John Walsh, Nyack,
N. Y.; Richard J. Larney, Philadelphia,
and T. Clyde Lyman, address not known.
The superintendent of the plant said
that the victims were employees, but
they had no business in that part of
the works where the explosion oc-
curred. The blast was felt 25 miles
away.

EAST YOUNGSTOWN RIOT

Grand Jury Begins Investigation
—Sheet and Tube Company's
Plant Reopened Today

YOUNGSTOWN O., Jan. 10.—The
grand jury today began an investiga-
tion into the riot in East Youngstown
Friday night. More than 200 men have
been arrested and a majority of these
will be held pending the outcome of
the inquiry, which will be under the
direction of A. E. Henderson, prosecut-
ing attorney of Mahoning county.
The gates of the Youngstown Sheet
and Tube Co. plant, which has been tied
up because of a strike of laborers, were

reopened today and preparations are
being made to resume operation soon.
Many former employees, reported for
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ACQUITS NEW HAVEN MEN

Jury Acquits Six Former Directors and Disagrees in Cases of Other Five—Jury Out 51 Hours

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Six of the 11 former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, charged by the government with criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, were found not guilty yesterday by the jury, which for nearly three months has been trying the case. The jury disagreed on the others.

Those acquitted were: D. Newton Barney, Farmington, Ct.; Robert W. Taft, Providence, R. I.; Jas. S. Hemingway, A. Heaton, Robertson and Frederick P. Brewster, New Haven, and Henry K. McFarland, Stamford, Ct.

Those on whom the jury disagreed were William Rockefeller, New York; Charles F. Brooks, Ansonia, Ct.; Chas. M. Pratt, Brooklyn; Lewis Cass Ledyard, New York; and Edward D. Robbins, New Haven.

51 Hours Deliberation

The verdict was returned at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after 51 hours of deliberation, and the jury was discharged. The final vote on the five defendants upon whom the jurors could not agree stood 8 to 4 for acquittal. Mr. L. B. Battis, chief counsel for the government, announced that in due time he would move for a new trial of these five. This will be done, he said, before any effort will be made to try the six other former directors of the road who were indicted, but who obtained the right to be tried separately.

The jurors did not reach their verdict until after they had reported to Judge Hunt earlier in the day that they could not agree. Up to that time—noon—they had been deliberating with a view to bringing in a verdict of the guilt or innocence of the defendants collectively. The court then instructed them to make further efforts to concur and that if they could not agree upon all, to try to reach a decision on some. The vote on the question of all at that time also stood 8 to 4 for acquittal, it was learned.

Task Eighteen Ballots

On returning to the jury room, the jurors renewed their discussion with the court's instructions in mind, and unanimously eliminated the six defendants who had voted acquittal. Two of the four jurors who had voted acquittal, however, originally acquiesced, Ledyard, Pratt and Robbins. Then the other two switched to their original position, leaving eight to four as the final verdict.

From the time the case was submitted to them at 1:30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the jurors took in all 18 ballots. The first stood six for acquittal, four for conviction and two blank. It was not until Saturday that they reached the 8 to 4 alignment.

Harassed and Unlucky

William Rockefeller, who is ill, and Henry K. McFarland were not present when the jurors, haggard and untidy, filed into the court room to render their verdict. The nine other defendants were in their usual seats. Some of them, during the long hours of waiting, had laughed and joked with counsel and newspapermen. Others displayed much nervousness, particularly after Judge Hunt's instructions Saturday, urging

DO YOU DREAD THE COLD?

Some people enjoy cold weather, take pleasure in winter sports and the keen air calls the pink to their cheeks and the red to their lips. Others shrink from cold and turn blue at the least exposure to frosty air.

The difference is in the blood. Rich, red blood warms the body. Every long breath of pure cold air increases the oxygen it carries to every part of the system. This blood is unable to take up the life-sustaining oxygen. The body lacks nourishment and the sufferer is always cold, takes a chill easily and is miserable all winter.

Thin blood is largely the sufferer's own fault. It results from neglect, because the blood can be built up. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills supply the elements that the blood needs to make it rich and red and to enable it to carry more oxygen. Building up the red portion of the blood is simple, but because thin blood does not call attention to itself it is often neglected. Have you seriously considered taking a course of treatment with these blood-making pills? If you are in doubt write for information.

Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., will send you a booklet "Building Up the Blood" free on request.

The GILBRIDE CO.

The Great January Clearance Sale Brings Wonderful Opportunities

This sale is receiving the endorsement of the best men and women in Lowell.

We are going after business and deserve it.

Our LOWERED PRICES should be an inducement for you to buy STAPLE GOODS this month.

BUY FREELY NOW for such opportunities for saving money don't come every day.

New Lots On Sale TODAY

COTTON MILLS IN CHINA

Machinery From Lowell and All Equipment Will Be American Order—Other Orders Later

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The Chinese government has decided to equip two cotton mills with American machinery and has placed orders with American manufacturers and builders for machinery and plants valued at more than \$700,000. The action of the government is particularly gratifying to American manufacturers of textile machinery and power equipment because it was taken after a careful consideration of the claims of rival concerns in European countries, and because it means a royal entrance to a market that will be inviting for many years to come.

The negotiations between the Chinese government and the American concerns were conducted with the assistance of Commercial Attaché Julian H. Arnold, who was the first to call the attention of the American manufacturers. Mr. Arnold represents the United States bureau of foreign and domestic commerce in China.

The desirability of manufacturing more cotton goods at home has long been urged by progressive Chinese.

reached for at least another day, and were accordingly surprised when it came a few hours later.

The defendants were indicted Feb. 25, 1915. The trial began Oct. 13, last. It was estimated last night that the so-called Biltmore transactions were virtually ignored, the jurors said, having in the opinion of most of them been ruled out by the charge of Judge Hunt. There was also comparatively little discussion of the Metropolitan steamship deal, the question being whether it was a private transaction of Robbins' or a transaction of all the New Haven directors. The Grand Jurors was also not a pertinent issue, it was said. The jurors explained that they had sought to follow the instructions of the court in his charge that they should decide first whether the alleged conspiracy, of which the defendants were accused, was in existence in 1910, when the government charged it began, and was continuous down to the date of the indictment. They reached no agreement on this question, they said. Apparently, for the purpose of debate, the jurors assumed that such a conspiracy existed and then took up the different phases.

WILL ASK NEW TRIAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Although Attorney General Gregory last night declined to comment on the verdict in the New Haven case, it is believed here that the department of justice probably will ask for new trials in the case of the five men about whom the jury disagreed. Some officials of the department were plainly gratified over the fact that so many of the defendants failed to secure acquittal, and took the view that the men about whom the jury disagreed were the most promising figures in the upbuilding of the New Haven system.

Officials have been keenly interested in the outcome of this case. It was begun virtually at the direction of President Wilson, who took a decided interest in the negotiations between the department of justice and the present management of the New Haven, which resulted in the separation of the New Haven and its subsidiaries from the ownership of the New Haven.

The attempt to entangle the New Haven had dragged along for many months and apparently the negotiations had arrived at a point when they could not pass in July, 1914, when the president wrote a letter to the attorney general, Mr. McMillan, and the justice department of the supreme court directing the institution of a civil suit under the Sherman law, to bring about the dissolution, and also that "the criminal aspects of the case," he said before a federal grand jury. Later, the necessity for civil prosecution was obviated by the dissolution agreement.

Officials of the department said tonight that every possible effort had been made to prosecute the case successfully. There is a feeling that at least the action of the jury has shown that the criminal provision of the Sherman law is not entirely a dead letter.

SOCIAL FORUM

Boston Manufacturer Talks on Human and Economic Waste

Charles Kroil of Boston was the speaker at the Social Forum, Grace Universalist church, Sunday night. His topic was "Waste, Human and Economic." Mr. Kroil is a manufacturer and has a study of human waste as well as the relations of business and human life. He advocates vocational training, vocational guidance and a far more specific type of instruction. A number of questions were asked by persons in the congregation and a discussion of school development followed. In this Mr. Kroil further emphasized his belief that vocational guidance would work out well, although it is now so little developed that it is difficult to form a judgment of it.

Human waste, Mr. Kroil said, is shown not only by the men and women in degradation and in the prisons, but also by the loss in the development of the potentialities of the young men and women. He suggested that this latter element is evident in the thousands who are absolutely lost as to their future. Think what this country would be like, he said, if all were fully educated. Compute the value of that and think how far short of it humanity falls. He declared this to be a waste to the individual and to society as a whole.

Mr. Kroil took the educational system to task somewhat and said that there is nothing definite about the training of the young folks. There are the opportunities to one man or woman fully prepared to take them. The constant cry in the industries is for competent men. The young people are not carefully and definitely enough trained to meet the demand of the opportunities. Mr. Kroil also spoke of the waste through poor health, improper nourishment, insanity, degeneracy, crime, drunkenness and immorality, which he ascribed to the defect in the system. Human happiness is wasted through hard work and long hours and accidents. Referring to the waste through accidents, he said that in 1915, 35,000 persons were killed in the industries other than railroads, and 1,000,000 injured. The loss of human power, energy and happiness was evident in this, he thought.

In outlining the economic wastes, Mr. Kroil said that this country had only just begun to realize that a very small number of industries are efficient. They are not efficiently organized or managed and the labor is not efficient as the thought and heart of the workers are not engaged in their work. Industries are not so profitable as they could be easily produced, doubtless, their product without added strain on management or worker. There is no organization and no balance in the system of business. This is self-evident when it is realized that 25 per cent of the men who go into business fail within five years. Competition makes waste. The production of things that are unnecessary, use and temporary and the waste. Those who have industrial problems realize that this country is still in the small competitive state of industry and this means waste. He urged that Germany could well be emulated in some particulars, particularly in the intelligent distribution of product and energy.

To get an idea of society which will protect the individual requires a great deal of training and education and the building up of skill, enthusiasm and interest. These the majority of people lack, he declared. The fault lies in the social system. Dr. Kroil discussed the employment of minors at some length. He said that the most valuable employee and the cheapest is the most intelligent and there is no economy in child labor and in the employment of the physically incapable. He further declared that the young person of 16 or 17 years of age is of no use in the average industry. Dr. Kroil also gave an estimate of the college training. He felt that college boys are not definitely trained for anything and that boys are turned out for engineering professions like the law, medicine or engineering only later to find that there is nothing for them in those lines and they are compelled to seek other avenues for a livelihood.

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, it's because of "California Syrup of Figs." It's a bad, stomachic, sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs" and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour little and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs" to evacuate the bowels. No difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

LOSING TRADE

Export Figures for 1915 Analyzed—Need of Merchant Fleet

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—That the United States owing to the lack of an American merchant marine is losing its foreign export trade in regular legitimate merchandise other than war exports is pointed out in bulletin No. 3 of the directors of the port of Boston, which is an analysis of the 1915 foreign trade of the United States. The fact that only 30 per cent of our exports are manufactured goods also is deplored.

Complaint is made of the British orders in council interfering with American trade to neutral European or other countries, of the arbitrary lengthening of the contraband list by the English government and of the unwarranted interruption of cable communication.

The directors state that at the present time the commerce of the United States is in a dangerous condition, the regular, normal and fruitful foreign trade of the country being arrested and paralyzed, due to the lack of an adequate American merchant marine, and that unless the manufacturers unite to place our country on a permanent basis to compete for foreign trade, it is predicted that at the close of the war about \$50,000 wage-earners will be innocent victims of the gigantic readjustment which is due to take place.

Will Fight for Markets

It is stated that even now in Europe business is necessarily socialized and communized by the nations at war and that when peace is declared and they once more are seeking to regain the foreign markets of the world the American manufacturers must meet this competition with greater economies and efficiencies.

As an example of the difficulties to be overcome in foreign trade without an American merchant marine it is pointed out that preference is even now made in ocean routes of \$3 per ton now made in British steamship lines to English shippers in the South American trade as against Americans. This is quoted to show the absolute need for an American merchant marine if the United States is to obtain any extension of its foreign commerce.

The directors recommended to Congress the immediate amendment of a navigation tariff board to adjust our policies and protect our trade wherever necessary from competitors, and also the establishment of a shipping board to encourage and help in all ways possible the establishment and development of an American merchant marine, to the end that the sale of surplus products of the United States may be increased in all the markets of the world.

Manufacturers Criticized

Analysis is made of the foreign trade of the United States since the war in Europe and the manufacturers of the country are criticized for turning their backs upon staple lines of export industry for the gamble of war orders.

It is stated that the exports of the country for the year ending June 30, 1915, reached a total of \$2,768,000,000, or \$200,000,000 more than for the previous year, making a balance of trade of exports over imports of more than \$1,000,000,000 in favor of the United States.

It is pointed out, however, that there are several features of this \$1,000,000,000 balance of trade worth analyzing and that the \$200,000,000 decrease in imports is partly responsible for the good showing.

The bulletin states that 71.3 per cent of the enormous exports of the United States went to Europe; 17.1 per cent to other North American countries; 7 per cent to Asia (including China and Asiatic Russia) and Oceania; 3.6 per cent to South America and 1 per cent to Africa.

It is shown that whereas the balance of trade is \$1,250,000,000 in favor of the United States in its trade with Europe and \$1,000,000 in the case of other countries in North America and \$7,500,000 in the case of Africa, our balance of trade for 1915 is \$128,000,000 against us with South America and \$168,000,000 against us with Asia and Oceania.

Our Balance of Trade

It is pointed out that more than \$700,000,000 of the \$1,000,000,000 balance of trade of the United States for 1915 represents an excess due to war orders. It is not permanent business and will cease when peace is declared, and that this amount leaves the real balance of trade of the United States on "regular legitimate merchandise" as \$300,000,000, the smallest balance of trade since 1903 and \$200,000,000 smaller than the year before the war.

It is from this analysis that the port board makes the statement that the United States manufacturers have not been making up a permanent foreign trade during the past year and a half when opportunity was afforded, but have rather confined themselves almost entirely to the export of war orders.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. Silvia L'Heureux of 161 Main street observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage Saturday evening at their home, the affair being attended by a large number of their relatives and friends. The couple have been life-long residents of this city. In the course of the evening they were presented a large bouquet of flowers and a well filled purse, the presentations being made by Miss Lucille L'Heureux and Raymond Simard. The presentation address was read by Master Romeo L'Heureux.

Present at the festivities were guests from Haverhill and Cleveland, O. A

OUR YOUNG WOMEN

are so often subject to headache—are languid, pale and nervous—because their blood is thin or insufficient. They are not really sick and hesitate to complain, but they lack that ambition and viracity which is their birthright. They don't need drugs—but do need the tonic and nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that makes richer blood, fills hollow cheeks, suppresses nervousness and establishes strength. Nourishment alone makes blood and Scott's Emulsion is the essence of concentrated nourishment, free from wines, alcohols or opiates.

If mother or daughter is frail, pale or nervous, give her Scott's for one month and see the betterment. It has a wholesome, "nutty" flavor. Avoid substitutes. At any drug store.

Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N. J.

ANIMAL SCULPTOR DEAD

BUGATTI FOUND UNCONSCIOUS IN STUDIO WITH GAS JET TURNED ON

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The Italian animal sculptor Rembrandt Bugatti, was found yesterday lying unconscious in his studio in Rue Joseph-Bara, the result of gas poisoning. A gas jet in the studio was turned on. Signor Bugatti was taken to a hospital where he died.

The work of Signor Bugatti is represented in most of the galleries of Europe. When the war opened he was modelling animals at the zoological gardens in Antwerp. He gave up this work and devoted himself to assisting the Belgian ambulance corps. When

OUCH! LAME BACK. RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub pain right out with small trial bottle of old "St. Jacob's Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? Not! They have to urinate, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil." Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappear. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Oil" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuritis, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

OUR GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SURPLUS STOCK SALE CLOSES TONIGHT DON'T GET LEFT

luncheon was served and a varied musical program was given.

Mr. and Mrs. L'Heureux were married at St. Joseph's rectory, Jan. 6, 1891, by the late Rev. A. M. Garin, O.M.I. Six children were born to them, Misses Silvia, Dora and Yvonne, Masters Silvia, Armand and Leo L'Heureux. The couple are well known and held in the highest esteem by their many acquaintances.

FIRE ON SOUTH STREET

Blaze Started While Parties Were Thawing Out Frozen Pipes—No Damage

Fire in a cottage at 95 South street which started early yesterday morning while attempts were being made to thaw out frozen pipes, burned briskly for a few minutes and caused an alarm from box 24, Middlesex and South streets. The building is owned by Mary Owens. The blaze started in the cellar and worked into the partitions, making it necessary for the firemen to rip off part of the wall to check the flames.

Engine Co. No. 2 responded to a telephone alarm yesterday at 11:22 a. m. for a fire in an ash barrel at 32 Pine street. No damage.

LAWRENCE BOULEVARD

REP. SCHLAPP FILES BILL FOR LOAN BY COUNTY TO COMPLETE THE ROAD

Special to The Sun.
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 10.—Representative Frederick W. Schlapp of Lawrence filed with the clerk of the house Saturday his own petition for legislation to authorize the county commissioners of Essex county to borrow not exceeding \$50,000 for the purpose of laying out and constructing a highway in Lawrence and Methuen, beginning at Marston street in Lawrence where it is intersected by Prospect street, and running along Marston street to the Methuen line, thence along Merrimack street in Methuen to Cook's corner.

The highway, when completed, will furnish the last link in the through route from Lowell to the sea.

HOYT.

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INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

This will be a busy week in labor circles and several meetings of labor organizations will be held.

Loomfixers' union will meet tonight in Carpenters' hall to discuss several important matters.

At some of the meetings to be held by textile organizations this week, the members will probably take action on the matter of seceding from the United Textile Workers.

A meeting of New England Textile Workers will be held in Boston on January 13 for the purpose of forming a new labor organization to take the place of the United Textile Workers' union.

Heers, David Riley, David Manning and John Maloney, former employees of the Helms Electric Co., have secured responsible positions with the U. S. Cartridge Co.

Machinists

An open meeting for machinists of the city was held yesterday afternoon in Carpenters' hall, Hunks building, with a large attendance. Stewart Reed of Lynn and other prominent labor leaders were present and addressed the gathering. It is stated that some of the machinists at the U. S. Cartridge Co. are dissatisfied and at some of the local plants a demand for an eight-hour day will be made. Mr. Reed will remain in Lowell for some time to handle the affairs of the machinists. Daily meetings of the craft will be held at Carpenters' hall.

System Federation Conference

A conference was held Saturday in Boston between the System Federation representing employees of the Boston & Maine road and the officials of the road. The hearing was of a preliminary nature and another will be held next Saturday in Boston. A. A. Farnsworth was the only Lowell man present at the conference.

Lawrence Manufacturing Co.

The following is from the American Wool and Cotton Reporter:

This is one of the old-time New England knitting mills. It used to be a cloth mill, with some knitting, but about 20 years ago, or more, the weaving was thrown out and only knitting related. The annual product is about \$1,000,000, of which \$3,000,000 is underwear and \$1,000,000 hosiery. In recent years the Lawrence Manufacturing company has gone somewhat into cheap silk hosiery and into artificial silk hosiery and has had a considerable surplus cotton yarn product which has sold readily. In that trade, for several months up to six months ago, while the underwear business was very dull, the Lawrence Manufacturing company ran full on its yarn production, because it had a large call for its yarn. The Lawrence Manufacturing company has been a great success for a good many years. It is one of the oldest knitting mills in the country, and its growth has been gradual. It isn't a combination of other mills, as are several of the other large knitting corporations.

The Lawrence Manufacturing company is capitalized for \$1,250,000 and its eight per cent dividends call for \$100,000 a year. Many of the conservatively capitalized textile corporations in New England need five per cent on gross sales to pay the dividends but the Lawrence Manufacturing company, with \$1,000,000 of sales, and needing only \$100,000 for dividends, needs to secure only about 2 1/2 per cent on the gross for eight per cent dividends. The Lawrence Manufacturing company statement is truly conservative. Fixed assets are carried at about \$500,000. The property represents an expenditure of at least \$4,000,000. Considering only its spinning equipment—129,000 spindles—fixed assets are carried at about \$1 a spindle. This doesn't take into account 2500 knitting machines and dyeing, bleaching and finishing equipment. The eight per cent dividends have been paid annually from and including 1908 to date. A stock dividend of \$500,000 (66 2-3 per cent) was paid in 1911. The

product is sold by E. M. Townsend & company of New York. This is Townsend's largest account, and they give it their best effort. The product stands very high. It is popular-priced goods—not the cheapest, but medium prices. The treasurer of the Lawrence Manufacturing company, C. P. Baker, is generally considered one of the best in the business and conservative. The corporation is rich in net quick assets of about a million dollars. The distribution of the Lawrence Manufacturing company's product is very good. The commission house selling this account probably has more accounts on its books than any other knit goods commission concern in the country. We do not mean that the Lawrence Manufacturing company sells direct to small retailers, and consequently it would not have as many names on the books as would a much smaller direct selling mill. The Lawrence Manufacturing company's buyers are practically all large and local jobbing houses and similar large distributors. It is always been the aim of the Lawrence Manufacturing company merchants to have so many concerns using its product that if any one customer were lost it would not cause any accumulation of stock. It is almost a fact that buyers stand in line waiting for the opening of Lawrence Manufacturing company goods.

MATRIMONIAL

Napoleon Lafontaine and Miss Marie Goulet were married yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's rectory by Rev. Joseph Denis, O.M.I. The witnesses were Henry Lafontaine and Archer Goulet. At the close of the ceremony the bride party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, 130 Tremont street, where a wedding dinner was served. In the evening a reception was tendered the young couple at the home of the bridegroom, 763 Lakeview avenue.

Lebourdais-Lambert

Wilfrid Lebourdais and Miss Rosalie Lambert were married last evening, the ceremony being performed at St. Louis church by the pastor, Rev. J. B. Labossiere. The witnesses were Theodore Lambert and Emile Lebourdais, fathers of the bride and bridegroom respectively. The bride wore a blue velvet traveling suit with picture hat trimmed with bird of paradise and gold braid and she carried lilies of the valley. The bridesmaid, Miss Louise Lebourdais, sister of the bridegroom, wore a cream colored suit with flower hat and carried violets and lilies of the valley. The best man was Theodore Lambert, brother of the bride. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 291 Cumberland road, Mr. and Mrs. Lebourdais left on the 10.35 o'clock train on a wedding tour to Boston, New York and Philadelphia. Upon their return they will make their home at 291 Cumberland road.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The Benevolent Order of Buffaloes, Lowell Herd No. 10, held its regular meeting in Oak Fellows building with President Frank A. Crossley in the chair. Eight applications for membership were received and the organization committee reported 42 new members taken in the last two months. The visiting sick committee reports that Frustee Charles T. Flannery is completely recovered from his recent illness. The 1915 ball committee, chairman, Frank T. Mussey, made its report on the coming ball on January 27th and reported everything progressing splendidly. Remarks were made by Supreme Trustee James E. Hughes, Treasurer William W. Murphy, Charles E. McAnney, George E. Morissette, Patrick E. Dempsey and Frederick Gaudet. Secretary Robert M. Dempsey made a report for the order in connection with the supreme body. After the regular meeting the members held a social hour when refreshments were served and whist enjoyed by all.

TRADE IN FISH

Northwest Canada Supplies Needs of Great Britain

Special to The Sun
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The department of commerce states that the limited supply of fish in England has opened up a lively trade between Winnipeg and Great Britain to supply the deficiency. Winnipeg men have taken active steps to place large quantities of lake fish from Manitoba and Saskatchewan on the English market, white fish predominating. The British government has commandeered a number of fishing vessels and a substantial business is likely to result.

RICHARDS.

PROGRESSIVES IN CHICAGO

MEMBERS OF NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON HAND FOR MEETING TO BE CALLED TOMORROW

CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Several members of the progressive national committee arrived today to attend the meeting called for tomorrow, at which the place and time for holding the national convention will be decided upon. Practically all of the members of the national committee in the city have expressed themselves in favor of holding the convention here during the week ending June 10, when the republican national convention will be in session.

The republican convention has been set for June 7 and a number of the progressive committeemen favor that date for the progressive convention, which they say a day or two later would be preferable.

Committeemen will be the guests of George W. Perkins of New York, chairman of the executive committee, at a banquet tonight.

Postpone engagements Thursday eve.

VERY BRILLIANT EVENT

FIRST FUNCTION AT WHITE HOUSE SINCE DEATH OF MRS. WILSON

Special to The Sun.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 8.—The first social function at the White House since the death of the first wife of the president seventeen months ago, was the Pan-American reception given by the president and his bride. It was the most brilliant affair of the season in the capital and four thousand men and women bowed, elbowed, crowded and pushed their way through the east room, the blue room, and the state dining room between the hours of 10 and midnight. Diplomats from South and Central American republics, officers of army and navy were there in full dress uniform with the sparkle of jeweled order, the glitter of much gold lace and clanging swords. In their hands they carried great champagne with many waving plumes. The women wore handsome gowns. In the big white marble entrance hall the full Marine band played throughout the evening, their brilliant scarlet uniforms well setting off the gay scene. A fine buffet lunch was served and it really was a splendid affair. Never has there been so large an attendance at a White House reception, for in addition to the regular list, the 15,000 visiting Pan-Americans were included. It was very noticeable however, that none of the European diplomatic corps were present, the international complications making such a mingling impossible without embarrassing situations arising. The bride looked handsome in a trained gown of white satin and silver lace, and the presi-

PENNANT DAY

Wednesday, January 12, 1916

The First Pennant Day of the New Year and we are offering still bigger and better values than ever before. The trade-winds of business progress are blowing fair and strong. We are spreading our business sails to catch the fullness of the motive power to help us towards a bigger, better, broader business than we have ever enjoyed before.

Great Big Savings For a Little Bit of Cash On Pennant Day.

J.L. CHALIFOUX CO.
COR. MERRIMACK & CENTRAL ST.
ESTABLISHED 1875

Goods are Marked 25 to 50 Per Cent Lower On Pennant Day Than They Can Be Bought Elsewhere.

dent himself frequently made the presentations to her—with a broad smile of pleasure and pride—the long line of guests filed past. Behind the bride's family, including her mother, and Miss Wilson was also there. The president's daughter, Mrs. McAdoo, took her place in the receiving line as the wife of the secretary of the treasury for the first time. The sinking of the King Edward VII. was announced by the admiral in the following statement:

"H.M.S. King Edward VII. has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy sea she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ship's company was taken off without any loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward VII. was a battleship of 16,550 tons, laid down in March, 1902. She was 153 feet long, 70 feet beam and 26 feet draft. She had four 12-inch, four 9.2 inch and 10 6-inch guns, in her main battery and was equipped with four torpedo tubes, submerged. Her speed on her trial trip was 19 knots. She had a complement of 777 men.

COTTON GINNING REPORT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The eighth cotton ginning report of the season compiled from reports of census bureau correspondents and agents throughout the cotton belt and issued at 10 a. m. today, announced that 10,043,283 bales of cotton counting round at half bales, of the growth of 1915, has been ginned prior to Jan. 1. That compares with 11,443,146 bales, or 90.8 per cent of the entire 1914 crop ginned prior to Jan. 1 last year, 13,247,721 bales, or 95.5 per cent of the 1915 crop and 12,957,405 bales, or 95.7 per cent of the 1912 crop. The average quantity of cotton ginned prior to Jan. 1 in the last ten years was 11,963,028 bales, or 93.4 per cent of the crop.

Included in the ginnings were 105,799 round bales compared with 14,304 in 1914, 105,799 in 1915 and 77,829 in 1912. Sea island cotton included numbered 88,321 bales compared with 76,857 in 1914, 74,920 in 1915, and 67,257 in 1912.

LATE WAR NEWS

Continued

OFFICIAL AUSTRIAN STATEMENT

BERLIN, Jan. 10 (By wireless to Sayville).—The following Austrian official statement, dated Jan. 3, was received here today:

"The Russians, who two days ago were recalled at all points in East Galicia, near the Bessarabian frontier, ceased their attacks yesterday. There was only intermittent artillery firing on the part of the Russians."

"The Austro-Hungarian forces along the Rumanian frontier in Volynia dispersed Russian reconnoitering detachments."

"Montenegrin front: Northeast of Berana, Austrian-Hungarian troops stormed the heights occupied by the Montenegrins on the Tara river and captured on summit. There were skirmishes along the Herzegovina frontier. In the district of the Gulf of Cattaro attacks against the Montenegrin troops are in progress."

INSURRECTION IN SAMOS

ATHENS, Jan. 9, via Paris.—The Greek cruiser Heli and the destroyer Leon with a strong contingent of troops have been sent to Samos to cope with an insurrection on that island, said to be due to a lack of foodstuffs.

It is generally believed that martial law shortly will be proclaimed at Athens.

Turks persist of an early attack on Saloniki by the Austrians, Germans and Bulgarians. The Austro-German forces are concentrating in the Monastir region facing the French front while the Bulgars are concentrating against the British front.

THE KAISER IMPROVING

Rome, Jan. 9.—The latest reports received here regarding the illness of the German emperor minimize the seriousness of his condition and contradict wild rumors circulated not long ago. These reports received from Germany through Switzerland, say that the emperor is affected by a malignant growth in the throat which required a small operation. Although the operation was slight, it is said, the greatest care was indispensable owing to the delicate nature of the organ affected.

A high church official who undertook to secure this report was assured that the doctors believed that if complications do not arise, a contingency they think unlikely the emperor will be able to resume work this month or early in February.

MONEY FOR WAR PRISONERS

BERNE, Jan. 9, via Paris.—The Swiss mails have transmitted to prisoners of war during the period from Aug. 19 to Dec. 15, 1915, 13,000,000 parcels, 70,000,000 letters and cards, and 20,000,000 money orders for a total sum of 20,000,000 francs, of which 22,000,000 francs was for French prisoners in Germany and 7,000,000 for Germans in France.

The Swiss priest, Philippe Issepi of Samaden has been appointed visitor for Italian prisoners in Austria, and Fr. Nosedda of Morbio, also a Swiss, will visit Austrians in Italy.

THE STEAMSHIP PERISA

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—American Consul Kehlenger at Malta today advised the state department that no new facts concerning the destruction of the steamship Perisa were contained in affidavits he had taken from seven survivors, including Lord Montagu,

who had landed there. The survivors were unanimous in saying that although the officers of the ship were watching for submarines none was seen and no warning was given.

BRITISH BATTLESHIP SUNK
LONDON, Jan. 10.—The British battleship King Edward VII. has been sunk as the result of striking a mine. The entire crew was saved. The sinking of the King Edward VII. was announced by the admiral in the following statement:

"H.M.S. King Edward VII. has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy sea she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ship's company was taken off without any loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward VII. was a battleship of 16,550 tons, laid down in March, 1902. She was 153 feet long, 70 feet beam and 26 feet draft. She had four 12-inch, four 9.2 inch and 10 6-inch guns, in her main battery and was equipped with four torpedo tubes, submerged. Her speed on her trial trip was 19 knots. She had a complement of 777 men.

PROTEST AGAINST ARREST

LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Greek government, says Reuters Athens correspondent, has made an energetic protest against the arrest at Mytilene of the German, Austrian and Turkish consuls by the military authorities of the island. These arrests also have brought a new protest from the central powers.

The newspaper Catr publishes an authorized denial of reports in the European press that negotiations are in progress between Greece and Bulgaria with a view to a general understanding.

TRANSPORT SHIP SUNK

BERLIN, Jan. 10 (By wireless to Sayville).—The sinking of a transport ship of the allies, filled with troops at the time of the withdrawal of the French and British forces from the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, is reported in Constantinople despatches given out today by the Overseas News agency.

YESTERDAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF

British battleship King Edward VII. blown up by mine; crew saved.

British announce abandonment of lost positions on the Gallipoli peninsula, evacuation having been accomplished without loss of life.

In the capture of Hirzstein, Berlin says 20 French officers, 1033 chasseurs and 15 guns were taken. Paris, in admitting the evacuation, says it was due to the capture by the Germans of a hill to the north of Hirzstein.

At Ozartorsk, on the Russian front, the Teutons have twice been repulsed in attempting to recapture the town. The Austro-Hungarians have been driven from the eastern bank of the Middle Stripa in East Galicia.

An Austrian fleet violently bombarded Montenegrin positions on Mt. Lovcen.

Turkish government arrests 10 British and French embassy officials and interned 1000 entente subjects.

There are only six women wireless operators in the United States.

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FOR ST. PATRICK'S DAY

IT WILL BE OBSERVED BY A CONCERT FOR ST. PETER'S ORPHANAGE AND ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL

Delegates representing practically most of the Irish Catholic societies of the city held their annual convention at A.O.H. hall yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering the manner of observance of St. Patrick's day, and after considerable discussion it was voted to conduct a concert on the evening of March 17, the proceeds of which will be devoted to St. Peter's orphanage and St. John's hospital.

The delegates numbered 110 and represented 18 societies. Patrick J. McCann, as elected chairman of the convention with John V. Donoghue as secretary and Thomas F. Fitzgerald as treasurer.

The societies represented were as follows:

Divisions 1, 2, 3, 11 and 28, A.O.H.; Wolfe Tones Guards, Sheridan Guards, Mengher Guards, Matthew Temperance Institute, Durkes, Y.M.C.A., C.M.C., Irish National Foresters and the Holy Names societies of St. Patrick's, St. Peter's, St. Michael's, Sacred Heart and St. Margaret's parishes.

The question of celebrating the feast of the great saint with a parade was taken up and discussed for some time but finally it was decided to conduct a concert for the benefit of St. Peter's orphanage and St. John's hospital, and the following committee was appointed to look after arrangements:

Patrick J. McCann, chairman; Patrick J. Reynolds, vice chairman; John V. Donoghue, secretary; James E. Burns, Thomas Sheedy, J. J. McOsker, John J. Murphy, Jr., Nicholas Soraghan, Patrick Sheridan, James J. McManmon,

John Kenney, James Neilon, Martin Sullivan, Patrick Rymie, Richard Murtha, Thomas Daly, John O'Brien, Timothy O'Sullivan, John Brady, William J. Carey, John Nestor, James H. Burns, Patrick McOsker, Edward Curtin, Frank O'Keefe, Paul McLaughlin, John J. Gink van, Thomas Costello, Charles Stanley, Owen Healey, P. J. Reynolds, M. J. Metherman, Charles Burns, James Mullin, John C. Dillon, James J. Warl, James P. Morrison, John H. Condon and Charles E. McCarthy.

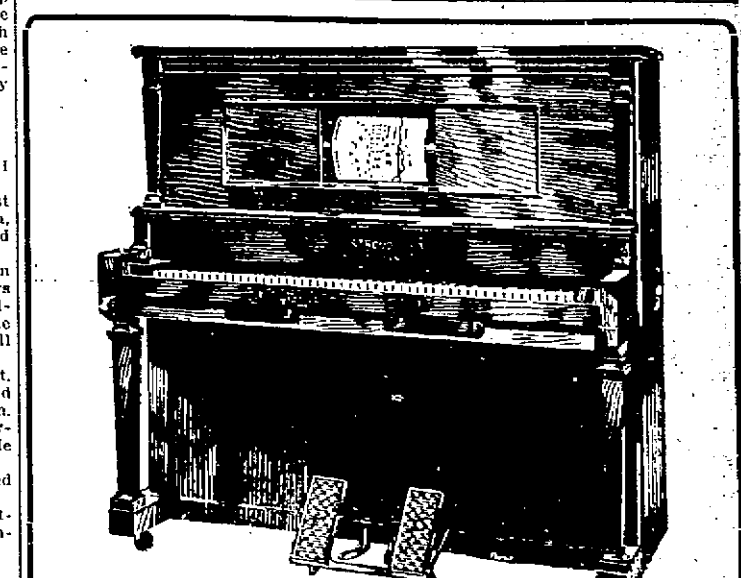
In the course of the afternoon the delegates were addressed by Rev. Francis J. Mullin, chaplain of the Northern Middlesex County branch of the Federation of Catholic societies and Rev. John P. Flynn, O.M.I., of the Sacred Heart church. At the close of the meeting the committee in charge of the convention held a brief meeting and decided to meet again next Sunday.

CITY HALL NOTES

Employees of the water works department started work this morning on the laying of an eight-inch water main from the city line in Commonwealth avenue to the plant of the U. S. Cartridge Co. and tomorrow morning another gang will be put to work on the laying of a water pipe in the yard of the U. S. Bunting Co. in Lawrence street.

City Solicitor J. Joseph Hennessy will go to Boston tomorrow to attend the hearing which will be given on the mandamus in reference to the Dummer street extension.

Commissioner James E. Donnelly, Fred Melloy, who is in charge of the woodwork, Francis A. Connor, inspector of public buildings, Architects Slickney and Graves, and Matthias F. Connors held a conference at the Memorial building this forenoon in relation to the reconstruction of the building.



\$15.00 DOWN WILL SEND TO YOUR HOME A

Stroud Pianola

A GREAT PIANO AND THE GREATEST PLAYER

\$15.00 down and the balance in convenient monthly payments—that is our offer now for this wonderful instrument. No other player-piano can equal the Pianola—no matter what its price, nor the honor of its name. The Pianola was the first, and is basically the most perfect of all players. Its exclusive expression devices give it a musical superiority that no other instrument may achieve.

The Automatic Sustaining Pedal secures a richness of tone such as only master pianists may equal.

The Thermist makes the melody sing clearly above the accompaniment.

The Pianola may be had in Steinway, Weber, Steck, Wheelock and Stroud models. Sold here only at Steinert's.

M. STEINERT & SONS CO.

New England's Largest Musical Instrument House

130 Merrimack Street

130 Merrimack Street

130 Merrimack Street

130 Merrimack Street



SWAMPED

When a man's efficiency is on the decline—when after a long day of effort the mass of work still stares him in the face—it's time to find out what's wrong.

Frequently a lack of certain necessary nutritive elements, in the daily diet, lessen mental and physical activity. A prime factor in efficiency is right feeding.

No food supplies, in such splendid proportion, all the rich nourishment of the field grains, for keeping the mental and physical forces upbuilt and in trim, as

Grape-Nuts

Made of whole wheat and malted barley this famous pure food supplies the vital mineral salts, often lacking in the ordinary daily diet, but imperative in building sturdy mental, physical and nervous energy.

Then, too, there's a wonderful return of power for the small effort required in the digestion of Grape-Nuts, which, with cream or good milk, supplies complete nourishment.

"THERE'S A REASON" FOR GRAPE-NUTS.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

WAS GREAT FORTRESS

KAMINITS PODOLSK WAS ONCE STRONGHOLD THAT HELD BACK WILD Hordes OF ASIA.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Kaminits Podolsk, the city upon which the latest large-scale Russian offensive was based, that against the Austro-German lines in eastern Galicia and Bukovina, was at one time the greatest fortress in the kingdom of Poland, the stronghold that held back the wild hordes of Asia through many years of battle, says a war geography just given out by the National Geographic Society. The Tartars struck time after time against its high rocky bluff in vain, and many a skirmishing party of Poles and Russians left the fortress to carry terror into the steppe around the southern Ukraine. The town lies but a few miles from the Austrian frontier, and is built over a peninsula formed by the Smotsh river, an affluent of the Dniester. It is 235 miles in the southeast, and lies about an equal distance in the northeast. Kaminits is the seat of administration of the Podolian government, and since the war it has become important as one of the larger supply depots just back of the Russian front. It is divided into two parts, one, the old town, spreading over the hills, while the other nestles around the base. Across the river, the ancient castle still frowns defiance upon the country, though its war-worn walls

could offer but little resistance before the power of modern guns. But, the cruel leader of one of the waves of Mongol buccandering against Europe, Genghis Khan, in 1240, in the 15th and 16th centuries, storm after storm of Tartar, Turk and Moldavian invasion broke upon its walls, and the principal industry of the people of this outpost became that of fighting and weapon-forging. The adventuresome from all parts of Europe found their way into garrison there, and took part in the great drama, in which the east was finally turned back upon itself. The city passed to Russia in 1795.

VOID OF ACTUALITIES
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The government's anti-trust suit begun in the New York federal courts before the war against European steamship lines engaged in carrying steerage passengers was dismissed today by the supreme court on the ground that the alleged general pool agreement had become "void of actualities" by the war.

APPLETON MILL STATEMENT
The annual statement of the Appleton mills which manufactures flannels and singhams is as follows:
President, Frank E. Dunbar, treasurer, Alexander G. Cunnock, directors, Amos J. Appleton, Charles J. Appleton and L. W. Appleton. Annual meeting, Dec. 15. End of fiscal year, Nov. 6. Report shows: Assets—Real estate, \$225,000; machinery, \$224,000; merchandise, \$548,655; cash and debts receivable, \$1,130,291; total \$2,127,946. Liabilities—Capital stock, \$450,000; accounts payable, \$1,047,975; general reserve, \$166,121; profit and loss, \$174,850; total, \$2,127,946.

STRIKERS HAVE RETURNED
The strike of moulders and core-makers at the Saco-Lowell shop was definitely settled this morning when all the men returned to work. The strike which lasted nearly three weeks affected 140 men, 124 of which were either moulders or core-makers and the remainder helpers. The men struck for an increase of 25 cents over the minimum wage of \$3 per day. It is understood that the company granted some concessions, but the amount of increase has not been given out for publication. However, the men are apparently well satisfied, and all were on hand for work this morning when the gates opened.

DEATHS
CARR—James Carr, an old and respected resident of this city, died this morning at the home of his sister, Mrs. Ellen O'Donnell, 32 Chapel street, after an illness of two days. He is survived by two sisters, Mrs. O'Donnell of this city and Mrs. Annie McSorley of Salem. Miss Charlotte V. Cudney has charge of the funeral department of Cleveland's largest real estate firm.

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

Basketball
LAWRENCE MILITARY
vs. **LOWELL**
ASSOCIATE HALL.
Tuesday, January 11
Reserved Seats at Hall & Lyon's Drug Store.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY SPECIALS
10c Package PURITY ROLLED OATS Each 8c
Saunders
10c Tall Cans ALASKA PINK SALMON Each 8c

LOWELL'S LEADING FOOD MARKET
Fancy Selected Saunders' Special Home Rendered EGGS Creamery BUTTER PURE DOZ. 24c LB. 27c LB. 10c

SHOP EARLY TUESDAY. WE CLOSE AT 6.30 P. M.
U. S. Government Inspected Butterine, lb. 12c
Clean Currants, 3 pkgs. 25c | Pearline, 3 5c Pkgs. for 10c
LEMONS, doz. 15c | TANGERINES, doz. 10c

Soap
5c Cake Sweetheart, Perfumed 7 for 25c
Saunders' Borax or Armour's Hammer, 8 for 25c
5c Cakes P&G Lenox, 9 for 25c

FLOUR Ben Hur—For Bread—24 1/2 Lb. Bag 80c
MUSKETEER, 24 1/2 Lb. Bag 85c
SNOWCREST—PASTRY FLOUR, 24 1/2 lb. bag 75c

Condensed MILK 10c Cans 3 for 25c
PORK and BEANS 10c Cans Each 8c
CORN or PEAS 10c Cans Each 7c

AMERICAN SARDINES, in Oil 8 Cans 25c
SLICED PEACHES, Can 7c | Fancy Plums, large can 10c
15c Cans Raspberries, Blueberries, Strawberries, lb. 12 1/2c
EVAPORATED APPLES or APRICOTS, lb. 7c

4 Lbs. SWEET CALIFORNIA PRUNES 25c
40c Size SUNKIST Navel ORANGES, Dozen 29c

Cauliflower, lb. 8c
Sweet Peppers, lb. 13c
Mint, bu. 5c
Fancy Table Apples, pk. 30c
Horse Radish, lb. 10c
Lettuce, hd. 10c
Endive, pk. 15c
Cabbage, 10 lb. 8c
Parsley, 2 for 5c
Leeks, bu. 5c
Parsnips, 2 lbs. 5c
Celery, Boston market, 12 1/2c
Sweet Potatoes, 7 lbs. 25c
Cranberries, 3 qts. 25c
Yellow Onions, 3 lbs. 10c
Yellow Turnips, lb. 2c
Carrots, 2 lbs. 5c
Beets, 3 lbs. 5c

Strong Parlor Brooms, made in Lowell, each 23c
Fresh Cut GARDEN SPINACH, pk. 15c

SHOULDERS Fresh or Smoked 10c
Pork Butts, lb. 12 1/2c | Sliced Bacon, lb. 12 1/2c

Hamburg, 2 lbs. 19c
Rump Butts, lb. 13c
Pig's Ears, lb. 5c
Pig's Head, lb. 5c
Fresh Pig's Feet, lb. 4c
Pig's Kidneys, lb. 4c
Pig's Liver, lb. 4c
Salt Ribs, lb. 5c
Frankfurts, lb. 10c
Pudding, 12c
Tripe, lb. 12c
Sauer Kraut, qt. 5c



HA! HA! HA!
"It Didn't Hurt a Bit"
Positive Painless Extraction
Free When Work is Done
Dr. H. LAURIN
The New York Surgeon Dentist
Open Sundays from 9 a. m. to 12 m. Week days from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Tel. 4253. Opp. Owl Theatre
253 CENTRAL STREET.

CITY HALL NEWS

Continued

was and the building of a stadium an important public improvement is presented. "A few days ago I received a copy of the report of the state highway commission to the legislature relative to the finishing of First street from the Dracut line to Bridge street, and upon reading it I found that it is somewhat different in its recommendations from those practically agreed upon between the highway commission, Commissioner Barlow and Senator Marchand, last year. It is rather unfortunate that the municipal council of last year did not give this matter more attention.

"I am informed that when the state highway commission gave a hearing upon the matter, and notified the municipal council nobody representing the city put in an appearance, and the highway commissioners formed the opinion that the city was not particularly interested in the project. As I understand the original proposition it was agreed that the city pay 3-5ths of the expense of completing the highway, the state 3-5ths and the county 25 per cent. Then when the road was finished the state would take it over and maintain it. The city, I believe was to look after the land damages, if any.

"But the report now submitted to the legislature provides that the city and county pay all land damages and build the road and rough grade it, the state only laying the top dressing or surface. This would mean a greater expense to the city than was originally proposed.

"I believe that we should confer with the Locks & Canals company with a view to having that company contribute what land it will be necessary to take, without expense to the city, for the new road will develop the company's property greatly."

High School Plans
According to Mayor O'Donnell the plans for the new high school have not as yet been prepared and it may be a few months before the real construction work gets started. The mayor in conversation with a Sun reporter this morning gave out the following statement concerning the proposed new high school and its plans:

"There seems to be an impression that the plans for the high school are all prepared and that there is nothing to do now except to go ahead and construct the building. This is very far from being the truth. In the first place the old residence which was owned by the city and which front on Kirk and Ann streets still encumber the site. No arrangements for their sale were effected by the government of 1915. No engineer has been selected to work with the architect, and one engineer says that when the government does select an engineer the man selected will have to devote at least six months in the making of a preliminary survey of the situation, and after he makes that survey and reports to the council and the school board then the school board must consider the approval of it and recommend the adoption of the suggestion. And further the architect must be given at least two months more for the preparation of his plan, which plan must also meet the approval of the school board. Therefore, it can easily be seen that the municipal council after the selection of an engineer can do nothing further until they receive direction from the school board."

High School Commission
The mayor also stated that he will take up the matter of an advisory board for the high school within 48 hours. "If such a board is appointed," he said, "it will act in a purely advisory capacity with the municipal council."

Another matter discussed by the mayor this morning was the increase in salary and the fact that he had at all times been conveyed to the press with the day and day it was made, amount and the name of the person who receives it. But I contemplate making no increase whatever. If they are made they will not be hidden from the public."

DIES AT SOLDIER'S HOME
BOSTON, Jan. 10. Dr. Francis A. L. Francis, died yesterday at the Soldiers' Home, Chelsea, after an illness of a year. He was 71 years old and was a member of the Civil War. He was born in New York City, and came to Boston in 1865. He leaves his wife, Alice, and two sons, Dr. Francis A. Francis, Jr., and Dr. Francis A. Francis, III. The funeral services will be held at the home Tuesday afternoon. Services will be conducted by the chaplain, Rev. Benjamin J. Sawyer. Burial will be in Sagus.

HELD A CHRISTMAS TREE

EXERCISES AT FIRST TRINITARIAN CHURCH BY GREEK MISSION— GIFTS FOR CHILDREN

Christmas tree exercises for the children of the Greek mission were held Saturday afternoon at the First Trinitarian church under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Valtos, who were assisted by a committee from the Christian Endeavor union.

The children were laden with gifts and after the tree was stripped of its contents, the following entertainment program was given:

Violin solo, Christine McPherson; recitation, Evelyn Archibald; song, Greta McPherson; recitation, David Johnston; song, "Up in the Sky," Ephraim Zepheros, George Haritopoulos, George Haritopoulos; recitation, "Hill of Olives," Garyanis, Vasilius, Vasilius; song, "Father Hear The Little Children," Julia Botos, Christina Pericles; recitation, "The Christmas Missionary," Georgia Pericles, Irene and George Haritopoulos, Amelia Kargas, J. Kargas, J. Georgakakos, E. Zartinos; song, "Hark The Herald Angels Sing," George Kargas, Nausika Pericles; song, "The Christmas Missionary," Thomas, Amelia Kargas, Georgia Pericles, Vasilius Grelakos, James Kargas; recitation, Stephen Eliazos, George Kargas, Vasilius Grelakos, Apostolis Ekonomakos, George Ekonomakos, James Kargas, George Haritopoulos, Lykouracos, Georgakakos, Christina Haritopoulos; song, "The Christmas Missionary," Vasilius Grelakos, Vasilius Grelakos; song, "Merry Christmas Bells," Emma Haritopoulos, Julia Botos, Ephegenia Zartinos; recitation, "Reveries," George Kargas and English recitation, hymn 178, George Kargas, Vasilius Grelakos; song, "Holy Night," George Kargas, Ephegenia Zartinos.

Postpone engagements Thursday eve.

OPERA HOUSE
"The Dummy"—Last superb comedy drama by E. H. Ford. The play, which ran for one solid year in New York city to packed houses is the offering of the Emerson players of the Emerson theatre, from all the advance sale of seats indicates the biggest week known in theatricals in this city. Master Robert Baldwin, American actor, comedian, and singer, is appearing in the title role of "Barney Cook" while Herbert Hayes, Anne O'Day and all the favorites will appear in splendid roles. Reservations can be made by phoning 261 and will be held until 1.45 and 1.45 o'clock.

It seems too good to be true. All after all these years, we follow who have been spunked and sent to bed suppressed by unfeeling parents for sneaking behind the barn to revel in the deeds of Slick Sam, the Sleuth, have our revenge. Not sneak there, mind you, like you used to trail down the lane with your latest dime novel stuffed under your jumper but wait till they are in the open and then reveal to your heart's content in the thrilling deeds of "Barney the Boy Detective," who, of course is really the only fellow to another fellow who has ever looked to flash a badge and snap the nippers on a slippery crook. You will probably be able to go as far as you want to go in "Barney the Boy Detective" as his just that nice balance between

COBURN'S
Typewriter
Spreads evenly. Lubricates. Does not gum or soil. Cleans keys and type faces.
Bottle 15c
Free City Motor Delivery
C. B. COBURN CO.
31 MARKET ST.

7-20-4
"Largely increased sales tell the story of its quality. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H."

FAIRBURN'S
12-14 MERRIMACK ST. TEL 788-789

TUESDAY SPECIALS

25c Purity Oats, 19c
10c Purity Oats, 8c
35c Selected Eggs, doz. 28c
33c Butter, lb. 29c
20c Haw. Pineapple 15c
15c Peaches, 10c

Economy Coffee, lb. 15c
Choice Oolong Tea, lb. 25c
La Touraine Coffee, lb. 33c
White House Coffee, lb. 33c

5c Grapefruit 3 for 10c
30c Mushrooms, 35c
15c New Beets, 12 1/2c
25c Boston Celery 18c
30c Spinach, 20c
Sweet Potatoes, lb. 4c
Florida Oranges, doz. 15c
Sunkist Oranges, doz. 33c

fun and thrills so difficult for most writers of melodrama to hit and so necessary for the indefinable adjunct to any popular play called staying quality. The authors, Harvey J. O'Higgins and Harriet Ford, have most certainly proved by their experience in collaborating on "The Arctic Case," for the play is skillfully constructed and the dialog is bright enough to keep the whole four acts lively. Like all good kidnapping stories, there is a child—only the parents call her the baby; and like all good detective melodramas, there are the papers—only in this case they are a dictionary. We meet the necessary elements at once, and with them, dominating them, comes our hero, Barney, Watch Barney.

THE PEMBERTON MILL

50TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE GREAT CALAMITY IN LAWRENCE MILL OBSERVED TODAY

Today is the 50th anniversary of the fall of the Pemberton mill in Lawrence. At 5 o'clock in the evening, without warning of any kind, 600 operatives were entangled in a twisted mass of steel, brick and wood, while the entire community stood appalled at the most horrible calamity in the city's history. The city hall, which was converted into a temporary hospital, was besieged with frenzied relatives, gathering fresh hope as they failed to recognize a familiar face among the mangled forms of the dead or bending in dumb despair over the unresponsive body of a loved one. Prayers of entreaty and thanks intermingled with the moans of the wounded and the sobs of the bereaved until night brought the hush of death upon the infant city.

Eighty-seven were killed and 43 injured, two of whom were disabled for life. The sympathy of the entire United States was tendered without reserve and help poured into the city from hundreds of sources.

On the morning of Jan. 11, the New England Society of Manufacturers reached a subscription that before night totaled a total of \$2000. On the next day \$2000 more came and the sum increased to over \$10,000. Other societies increased this to \$25,000 and the grand total received from all sources finally amounted to \$55,572.29, when a notice was issued that no more contributions were needed.

Thirteen bodies, mutilated beyond recognition, were buried in Bellevue cemetery on Sunday, March 4, and a granite monument with the following inscription was placed upon the lot:

WOMEN'S PEACE PARTY
FINAL SESSION AT WASHINGTON TODAY—ELECTION OF OFFICERS THE CHIEF EVENT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The women's peace party met in final session today. Discussion of plans for future action and election of officers were the chief events on the program. Delegates, too, apparently hopeful that their plan for universal peace might be carried out as the result of the announcement of Miss Jane Addams of Chicago, who was one of the American delegates to the recent women's peace conference at The Hague, that all the European countries were ready to join in a peace movement if the United States would take the initial step. Miss Addams' announcement was made at a mass meeting yesterday in which she declared: "Even at this time a conference of neutral nations to formulate peace proposals would be well received by the belligerent countries of Europe."

HURT JUMPING TRAIN
HOLYOKE, Jan. 10.—Thomas Goughan, aged 14, is at the House of Providence in a precarious condition owing to loss of blood when his right foot was mangled in jumping a freight train at Williamansett last evening. Young Goughan was trying to steal a ride and fell under the wheels so that his foot was nearly cut off above the ankle. He was not discovered for several minutes and lost so much blood that he is on the dangerous list.



VISIT OUR RECORD BREAKING January Clearance Sale

READ THESE EXTRA SPECIAL ITEMS FOR MONDAY NIGHT AND ALL DAY TUESDAY

100 ODD COATS added to our \$8.00 selling today, taken from our \$12 and \$15 lots. \$8.00
40 NEW SUITS, picked from the \$15.00 lot, selling today at \$8.00
10 FUR SETS, selling to \$18.75. Choice at \$8.98
25 CHILDREN'S COATS \$2.98 and \$3.98 further reduced to
25 PLUSH COATS, today at \$18.75
50 BATH ROBES, today at \$1.79
\$5.00 SILK KIMONOS, 125 in the lot \$2.49
40 DANDY DANCING DRESSES, worth \$18.00. Choice \$8.90
75 SERGE DRESSES. Choice \$5.00
\$1.50 HOUSE DRESSES, one to a customer 90c

See Our Rummage Table at \$1.00

We are revising our prices as every garment must make way for our alterations.

CHERRY & WEBB
N. Y. CLOAK & SUIT CO. 12-18 JOHN ST.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?
READ THE PROSPECTUS
Office, 16 Central Block Telephone 30

SKATING VERY POPULAR
Ice Sport Attains New Heights—Boston Surrender Is Unconditional—Skating Costumes Elaborate

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—The king is dead, long live the king! The dancing pump which has held sway for several winters has been supplanted by the skating shoe, and Boston has capitulated unconditionally to the new sovereign. Starting in New York, where roof rinks abound, a skating craze has spread over the country and gained heights of popularity never attained before.

Boston has not been exempt. The ponds, lakes and rivers of the vicinity have been crowded to such an extent in some cases that it was necessary to clear certain portions of the ice, owing to the number of skating enthusiasts. That conscription in the form of fashion's dictate has added many new recruits to the army of veteran skaters was attested by the number of beginners seen in the undisciplined positions, part of the price paid in acquiring command of the art.

The variety and elaborateness of the skating costumes of the fair sex is very noticeable this season. Weather conditions could not have been more ideal for the sport than they have been the past few days and the ice is in perfect shape. The Charles river as far down as Watertown is being used, although in some cases unsafe portions have been marked off with placards. These cases mark the entire distance without traversing any portion of the territory warned against.

The Basin, too, has its frequenters, and the safe portions, which extend nearly to the center channel, have been marked off with stakes and lights by the park police. The ice at Spy Pond in Arlington, Mystic Lake, Hammond's Pond and on many other nearby lakes and ponds, is proving an attraction to thousands and one of the chief delights of winter is being enjoyed to its fullest extent. Unless an unexpected thaw should set in, it would seem likely that several weeks of skating enjoyment may be reasonably anticipated.

FUNERAL NOTICE
RYAN—The funeral of Daniel P. Ryan will take place Tuesday morning from the funeral parlors of O'Connell & Mack, 633 German street, the hour to be announced later. At St. Peter's church a high mass of requiem will be celebrated, the hour to be announced later. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery, in charge of O'Connell & Mack.

NOTICE!
My wife, Adele Vanasse, having left my bed and board, I will not be held responsible for any bills contracted by her from this date, January 10, 1916. (Signed) PETER VANASSE

CATHOLIC NEWS IN POLICE COURT

Rev. Fr. Reardon Leaves
St. Margaret's — St.
Columba's

The services at St. Patrick's church yesterday were largely attended.

The members of the Immaculate Conception sodality received communion in a body at the 7 o'clock mass yesterday morning. The celebrant of the mass was Rev. William O'Brien, P.M., and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. Timothy J. Callahan.

Immaculate Conception

Rev. John M. O'Brien, O.M.I., was the celebrant at the 7.30 o'clock mass at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday morning and he was assisted in giving communion to the members of the Immaculate Conception sodality by Rev. James McDevitt, O.M.I.

Rev. P. J. Phelan, O.M.I., celebrated high mass, and Rev. Fr. O'Brien, O.M.I., preached an eloquent sermon on the functions of the church, its divine institution and its work for the salvation of souls.

The O.M.I. Cadets will hold a meeting on Wednesday evening in the school hall at which a schedule of events for the coming year will be completed. It is expected that every member will be present, and Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O.M.I., spiritual director of the society, will have something of interest to say to the boys.

Sacred Heart Church

The members of the Holy Rosary society received communion in a body at the Sacred Heart church yesterday morning at the 7.30 o'clock mass, which was celebrated by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I. Rev. Fr. Wood was assisted in giving communion by the pastor, Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O.M.I.

High mass was celebrated by Rev. Jas. T. McDermott, O.M.I., and the sermon was by Rev. Fr. Wood, O.M.I.

The members of the Children of Mary sodality will hold their regular weekly meeting and callisthenic drill tomorrow evening in the school hall.

St. Peter's Church

At the 7.30 o'clock mass at St. Peter's church yesterday morning the members of the Married Ladies' and the Immaculate Conception societies received communion in a body. Rev. Dr. Keleher was the celebrant of the mass. Rev. P. L. Crayton officiated at the high mass and Rev. W. George Mullin preached the sermon.

Arrangements are being made at St. Anthony's church for the annual parish reunion which will be held at Associate hall on Wednesday evening, Feb. 2.

Rev. Henry J. R. da Silva celebrated mass at the church yesterday morning at 8 o'clock and gave communion to a large number of parishioners. The later masses were celebrated by Rev. Fr. Sherry, O.M.I.

Rev. Francis J. Mullin preached an eloquent sermon at St. Michael's church yesterday morning at the high mass at which Rev. J. J. Lynch was the celebrant. The members of the Immaculate Conception sodality received communion in a body at the 5 o'clock mass. The celebrant of the mass was Rev. John J. Shaw, pastor of the church.

Final arrangements have been made for the party to be held in Associate hall on Wednesday evening in aid of the church. A large committee under the general supervision of Joseph Carroll has arranged an elaborate musical program.

At the high mass yesterday in St. Columba's church, celebrated by Rev. Fr. Buckley, the people of the progressive Pawtucketville parish heard a very encouraging report from their pastor, Rev. John A. Degan. His statement showed that for the past year parish affairs have taken on a most promising aspect, and the outlook is rosy enough to please all who have worked so hard for success. Rev. Fr. Degan gave a detailed account of parish conditions in which it was stated that the church debt has been entirely cleared off and that there is now a gratifying margin on which to build a fund for a new church. The monthly church debt collection will now be known as the "monthly church fund collection," and the people may look forward to preparations for a church representative of the parish. Commenting on this, the pastor thanked the people warmly for their support of the affairs of St. Columba's and for the untiring devotion with which they have labored to the needs of a new parish. He incidentally paid a high tribute to Pawtucketville, and predicted a bright future for that section of the city. He also stated that there were about 38,000 communicants during the year and that there were 15 deaths and 47 births.

It was announced that the annual church reunion will be held in Associate hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 23, and preparations for the event are now well under way. It was also announced that there will be a meeting of the Catholic Federation in the parish hall next Sunday evening, to be addressed by three prominent speakers. All parishioners were cordially invited to be present.

Curates Transferred
The following transfers of curates in the archdiocese have been made by Cardinal O'Connell: Rev. William H. Gunn, from the Church of the Sacred Heart, Rosindale, to St. Philip's, Boston; Rev. Joseph Fitzgibbon, from St. Cecilia's, Boston, to St. James', Salem; Rev. John A. Fletcher, from St. William's, Dorchester, to St. Cecilia's, Boston; Rev. William P. Brennan, from St. James', Salem, to St. William's, Dorchester; Rev. Henry C. Reardon, from St. Margaret's, Lowell, to the Church of the Sacred Heart, Rosindale; Rev. William H. O'Connell, of St. Philip's, Boston, to St. Margaret's, Lowell.

An alleged disturbance on a Lakeview bound car late last Saturday night resulted in the appearance of John J. Poole and Joseph H. Noel before Judge Enright in police court this forenoon charged with disorderly conduct and with assault and battery on Conductor Robert Blakey. They pleaded not guilty and were held in \$100 each for trial Saturday. Both were represented by Daniel J. Donahue.

According to the police, the defendants were passengers on a car running through Collinsville and disturbed other passengers, including many women, by talking loudly and using profane language. When approached by the conductor it is alleged they continued their misbehavior and assaulted him. Special Officers Kennedy and Bickford were called to quell the disturbance and Officer Cullinan was sent under arrest and brought to this city.

Charles Green was called on continuance today for concealing property. He promised to make settlement and his case was continued one month. George H. Allard appeared for the government. Saturday night and Sunday were very quiet in police circles. But four drunks greeted His Honor and they were disposed of promptly. There were eight releases.

FOR NATURALIZATION
BIG CROWD AT COURT HOUSE THIS MORNING FOR SECOND PAPERS
About seventy-five prospective citizens assembled at the local court house in Gorham street this morning to receive their papers from the naturalization court. The work of examining the applicants in many cases was necessarily slow, owing to the fact that some failed to carry out the instructions given after the receipt of first papers, while other applicants received their papers in quick order.

Clerk William C. Dillingham, assisted by several clerks of the superior court, presided over the court which was held in the clerk's office on the second floor. Settlers were placed in the corridor, but by ten o'clock, the time set for the opening of the session, the corridor was packed to overflowing with applicants and witnesses.

As an applicant's name was called he was ushered into the clerk's sanctum and put through an examination and there was a steady stream of persons entering and leaving the office during the morning and afternoon with the exception of the time at noon when the recess was taken for dinner. Another session will be held at ten o'clock tomorrow.

Wednesday morning and Thursday morning at ten o'clock sessions will be held for the purpose of receiving petitions for first papers. If there is sufficient business, to make it necessary to hold another session, Clerk Dillingham will hold court at his office on Friday morning at ten o'clock.

BIG BASEBALL DEAL
NEW YORK GIANTS TO BE SOLD TO SYNDICATE—NEGOTIATIONS ON PURCHASE PRICE UNDER WAY
NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—A baseball deal whereby the New York Giants will be sold shortly to a syndicate composed of James H. Gaffney, of this city, Harry F. Sinclair, the Oklahoma oil man, who was largely instrumental in settling the war between organized ball and the Federal league, and Robert H. Davis, a former partner of Mr. Gaffney in his baseball enterprises is understood to be under way.

Measrs. Gaffney and Davis sold their controlling interest in the Boston National league club to Percy Haughton and his associates in Boston last Saturday.

It is generally understood that if the sale is consummated Mr. Gaffney will become president of the club and that Manager McGraw will secure several star players whose contracts are understood to have been taken over from certain Federal league clubs by Mr. Sinclair. These players include Benny Kauff, Lee Magee, Fred Anderson, Bill Earlen and Rouch.

Harry N. Hempstead, president of the Giants, has set a price, it is reported, for the club which is said to be several thousand dollars higher than the amount which the syndicate wants to pay. Negotiations on the purchase price are under way and it is believed that the sale will shortly be announced.

SKATING AT SHELD PARK
Skating at Shedd park was very good yesterday and during the afternoon and evening large crowds of young people enjoyed themselves on their hearts' content. The rink was in condition Friday afternoon by employees of the park department and Saturday and Sunday the ice was clear as crystal. It is safe to say that during the day it was enjoyed by from 10,000 to 15,000 skaters.

ALLCOCK PLASTERS
The World's Greatest External Remedy.
Pain in Side, Rheumatism, Backache, Any Local Pain.
Insist on Having ALLCOCK'S.

A. G. POLLARD COMP'Y

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

THE Department Clearances Grows More Important in Presenting Values of Unusual Worth. Four New Sections Are Marked With Orange Cards for the First of This Week's Bargains.

January Clearance Sale

OF CHILDREN'S, MISSES' AND WOMEN'S

Coats, Suits and Dresses

SUITS	COATS
—At—	—At—
\$15.00	\$10.00
Regular prices \$18.50, \$25.	Regular price \$15.00.

SUITS	COATS
—At—	—At—
\$10.00	\$7.50
Regular price \$15.00	Regular prices \$10, \$12.50.

COATS	COATS
—At—	—At—
\$15.00	\$12.50
Regular prices \$20, \$22.50.	Regular prices \$15, \$16.50 and \$18.50.

COATS	COATS
—At—	—At—
\$18.50	\$25.00
Regular prices \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00 and \$40.00.	

PLUSH COATS REDUCED	CHILDREN'S COATS
\$45.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$35.00
\$40.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$30.00
\$35.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$25.00
\$25.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$18.50

SERGE AND TAFFETA DRESSES	ALL SKIRTS REDUCED
\$12.50 Serge Dresses (sizes 16 and 36), reduced to.....	\$5.00
\$5.00 Skirts, reduced to.....	\$3.98
\$7.50 Skirts, reduced to.....	\$5.00

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES	SAMPLE SWEATERS—\$1.98
All Children's Wash Dresses, sizes 6 to 14 years, reduced to.....	79c
Odd Lot of Sample Sweaters, marked from \$5.00, \$3.98 and \$2.98.	
Clearance sale price.....	\$1.98

LINGERIE DRESSES	BATH ROBES
\$5.00 and \$7.50 White Lingerie Dresses, reduced to.....	\$2.98
\$10.00 Lingerie Dresses, reduced to.....	\$3.98

SILK SWEATERS	CAPS AND SCARFS
\$5.98 and \$7.50 Silk Sweaters, reduced to.....	\$3.98
All Cap and Scarf Sets, reduced to.....	\$1.50
Regular price \$1.95	

SHORT KIMONOS	Special prices made on any FURS bought during this Three Days' Clearance Sale.
95c Short Kimonos, reduced to.....	49c
All Children's Furs greatly reduced.	

Children's \$5.00 Coats, reduced to.....	Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....
\$3.98	\$3.98
Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00
\$7.50 Chinchilla and Zibeline Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00

Children's \$5.00 Coats, reduced to.....	Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....
\$3.98	\$3.98
Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00
\$7.50 Chinchilla and Zibeline Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00

Children's \$5.00 Coats, reduced to.....	Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....
\$3.98	\$3.98
Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00
\$7.50 Chinchilla and Zibeline Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00

Children's \$5.00 Coats, reduced to.....	Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....
\$3.98	\$3.98
Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00
\$7.50 Chinchilla and Zibeline Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00

January Clearance Sale

OF MEN'S

FURNISHINGS

BATH ROBES—Broken lots from our regular stock and about 100 robes, closed from one of the best manufacturers at about one-third to one-half off regular prices. Regular prices \$3.00 to \$8.50.....	\$1.75 to \$4.98
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MEN'S PAJAMAS—Salesmen's samples and broken lots—outfit flannel, madras and percale, all made in best manner, regular prices \$1.00 and \$1.50.....	65c
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NEGLEGEE SHIRTS	\$1.00 Each
All of our \$1.50 lines, made from fine madras and silk finished	
fabrics, laundered and French cuffs attached. To close	
	\$1.00 Each

MEN'S AND BOYS' GLOVES AND MITTENS—Our usual sale of salesmen's samples now going on—just received, 100 doz. Men's and Boys' Gloves and Mittens, lined and unlined, for street, auto or work, from the best domestic makers. At 1-3 to 1-2 less than regular prices. Regular prices 25c to \$5.00,.....	15c to \$2.98
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MEN'S SILK AND WOOL HOSE—Fine Silk and Wool Hose, all first quality in white and black. Regular price 50c. To close 25c.....	
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MEN'S FINE COTTON HOSE—Plain colors, also black and white, medium weight, all first quality; these are all fast colors, regular 15c quality.....	10c to \$1.00 the Dozen
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MEN'S NECKWEAR—Our regular stock marked down, plain and fancy colors, four-in-hands, bat ties and string ties—Regular price 25c.....	18c, 3 for 50c
Regular price 50c.....	29c Each
Regular price \$1.00.....	65c, 2 for \$1.00

NEGLEGEE SHIRTS 79c—15 Dozen High Grade Shirts, made from madras in woven and printed colors, all guaranteed fast colors, regular prices \$1.00 and \$1.50. To close.....	79c Each
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NEGLEGEE SHIRTS—15 dozen High Grade Shirts, laundered or French cuffs, made full size body, neck band or collars attached. To close.....	55c, 2 for \$1.00
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MEN'S HOSIERY—Onyx Silk and Silk Lisle Half Hose, plain and fancy colors; these are all first quality and fast colors; regular price 50c. To close.....	25c, 6 Pairs for \$1.38
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MEN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 19c, 3 for 50c—Men's Black Cashmere Hose, seconds, all sizes, 9 1-2 to 11 1-2, fast colors, regular price 25c.....	19c, 3 for 50c
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MEN'S UNION SUITS 59c, 2 for \$1.00—Gray and ecru, medium and heavy weight. To close.....	59c, 2 for \$1.00
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MEN'S UNION SUITS 69c, 3 for \$2.00—Gray and ecru, jersey ribbed, heavy weight; regular price \$1.00. To close.....	69c, 3 for \$2.00
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MEN'S UNION SUITS \$1.00 Each—Broken lots, medium and heavy weight; regular prices \$1.50 to \$2.00. To close \$1.00 Each.....	
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MEN'S UNION SUITS \$2.50 Each—Fine mercerized and Worsted Suits, only a few in this lot. To close.....	\$2.50
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BOYS' SWEATERS—Boys' medium weight Shaker, navy, brown and maroon, boys' sizes, 28 to 34, cadets 34 and 36. Regular prices \$2.00 and \$2.50.....	\$1.50 and \$2.50
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MEN'S SWEATERS—Heavy Shaker Knit Sweater Coats, broken lot, not all sizes, assorted colors. Only a few in this lot. Regular prices \$5.00 to \$6.00, at.....	\$3.95
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MEN'S SHIRTS AND DRAWERS 65c, 2 Garments \$1.25—Natural wool, jersey ribbed and flat goods, medium and heavy weight. To close.....	65c, 2 Garments \$1.25
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MEN'S SHIRTS AND DRAWERS \$1.00 Each—Natural wool, broken lots, lines of which we have discontinued. To close.....	\$1.00 Each
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January Clearance Sale

OF WOMEN'S

Hosiery and Underwear

Old Lots—Ladies' White Lisle Hose, were 25c and 38c. Clearance price.....	10c
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Ladies' Heavy Fleece Hose in extra and regular sizes, 25c. Clearance price.....	17c
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Ladies' Heavy Black Ribbed Wool Hose, 28c. Clearance price.....	17c
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Ladies' Lisle Hose, double toe and heel, 25c. Clearance price.....	19c
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Ladies' Extra Size Cotton Hose, ribbed top, 25c. Clearance price.....	19c
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Ladies' Black Silk Boot Hose, sizes 8 1-2 and 9, 15c. Clearance price.....	10c
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Ladies' All Silk Hose, double garter top, colors, black, white and sand, 38c. Clearance price.....	25c
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Ladies' Silk Hose, fancy stripes and black with white clock, white and black clocks, \$1. Clearance price.....	75c
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Ladies' Heavy Fleece Suits, high neck and Dutch neck, long and short sleeves, \$1.00. Clearance price.....	75c
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Ladies' Medium Weight Suits, high neck, long sleeves, extra sizes. Only \$1.00. Clearance price.....	75c
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Carter's Half Wool Suits, high neck, long sleeves, sizes 5, 8 and 9, \$1.75. Clearance price.....	\$1.00
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Ladies' Lisle Suits, Dutch neck, short sleeves, cuff knee, \$1.00. Clearance price.....	69c
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Ladies' Summer Suits, low neck, sleeveless, cuff knee, 38c. Clearance price.....	25c
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Ladies' Heavy Fleece Bleached Vests, high neck, long sleeves, 50c. Clearance price.....	38c
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Ladies' Half Wool Vests, high neck, long and short sleeves, 75c. Clearance price.....	25c
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Ladies' Summer Pants, lace or cuff knee, made with yoke, 25c. Clearance price.....	17c Pair
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Ladies' Sleeveless Summer Vests, low neck, were 12 1-2c. Clearance price.....	10c, 3 for 25c
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Boys' Gray Shirts and Drawers, 25c. Clearance price.....	19c
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Children's Wool Pants and silk and wool, sizes 2 and 3, were 50c. Clearance price.....	19c
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Children's Carter's Wool Vests and Pants, \$1.00. Clearance price.....	75c
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Children's Union Suits, heavy cotton, high neck, long sleeves, \$1.00. Clearance price.....	75c
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Wood
Dry Kiln
Stabs and Hard
Wood. Thoroughly
by Dry. The best
that money can buy. Prompt delivery.
JOHN P. QUINN
Telephones 1150 and 2450. When
one is busy call the other.

Cloak Department

Second Floor

Merrimack Street

East Section

The Clearance Sale Advertisement of the White and Wash Goods Section Will Be Found on Page Seven

MAD MOB SPIRIT

The outbreak of the wild mob spirit in Youngstown, Ohio, on Friday as the result of a strike which led to friction and disorder comes with sobering effect on the country, for, unfortunately, there is no guarantee that it may not be elsewhere in a short time. Where large groups of foreign-born workers are concerned, prayed upon by lawless agitators and exploited by extremists who would like to overthrow the social order, occasional excesses are to be expected. We may congratulate our workers and all our people that Lowell has been free from grave disorder, but nevertheless we should have nothing to guard against such a possibility.

The rioting in Youngstown began in a strike that quickly degenerated into class war and an orgy of crime. Strikers and strike breakers met in the heat of passion, insults and blows were exchanged and feeling ran high. The presence of the police only fanned the flames and after a few minor clashes, the worst passion broke loose and the rioting groups seemed to get the spirit of revolution. They swept into the business districts, destroyed stores and public buildings, drank freely of liquor taken in raids on barrooms and gave Youngstown a taste of civil war. During a night of wildest disorder, one hundred were shot or stabbed, and the news items read more like war news from abroad than the story of an industrial struggle in free America.

This is only a repetition of scenes recently seen in Colorado, the effects of which have been felt all over the state and all over the country. It may be that the militia and the police may soon restore a semblance of order, but order kept with a show of force is no indication of better things. Something is wrong deep down in the social or industrial fabric when a peaceful community may be turned into a camp of lawlessness and revolution at a moment's notice, and the government of the United States should lose no time in coming to the relief of Youngstown and probing the situation to the bottom.

Pessimists for years have been predicting a great class war in America between labor and capital, and Youngstown shows that such a war is not beyond the realm of possibilities. Suppose, for instance, that the condition in the Ohio city became general, what then? With all the slumbering hatreds and disturbing elements of our industrial communities aroused, with each state striving to solve its own problems, and with extremists in social and labor circles in charge of wild mobs, the imagination cannot overestimate the dangers ahead. It is to prevent such a contingency and to avoid crimes such as that of Youngstown that the government, labor leaders, and leaders in the larger affairs of the country should set themselves in a spirit of patriotism and co-operation, as we have no doubt they will.

PEASLEE ACQUITTED

One of the most sensational murder trials in this part of the country for many years was brought to a close on Saturday in Concord, N. H., by the acquittal of Morrison H. Peaslee, who was declared, not guilty of the murder of his father. The case was followed with unusual interest, and it is our opinion that the verdict will be approved by the majority of those who followed the testimony given at the trial.

The main evidence against the accused—in fact the only evidence of the prosecution—had been obtained in a manner that all decent citizens must unreservedly condemn. A detective with a very vivid imagination had been hired to force the accused into a confession, and what was described as a confession was ultimately secured. The getting of it involved the employment of a fake clairvoyant and an immoral woman, and when Peaslee had been caught in a net of damaging circumstances by the detective who posed as his friend and many crooked accomplices, the case of the government was bolstered up. The methods employed included a deliberate violation of the Mann white slave law and the calling upon the ghost of the murdered man by the clairvoyant hired by the detective agency. Peaslee was also duped into a business partnership with the detective and was led to believe that he had been a partner in murders arranged by the young Sherlock Holmes.

Whether or not the acquittal is a triumph for justice, it is a triumph for decency and an illustration of the truth that two wrongs do not make a right. It is well that murderers should suffer the penalty of their crime, but it is not wise or proper that the prosecution should encourage criminal methods for the convicting of an accused of crime. This was well voiced by Peaslee's attorney, who in the closing argument accused the op-

BANK DIRECTORS RESPONSIBLE

By a recent decision of the court, the directors of the Cambridge bank robbed by George Coleman, the young clerk whose sensational social career was cut short a few years ago, were held responsible for the loss. The decision plainly stated that had they done their duty towards the depositor of the bank, the enormous thefts could not have taken place. As a consequence of the decision, the directors will in all probability have to dig into their pockets for the funds that were so easily stolen from the depositors of the bank.

This seems wholly just and in line with common sense. The safeguarding of the people's money is a most important function of bank officials, and when by negligence or indifference they permit losses, they should be made to refund that which they should have protected. Had the Cambridge directors been on the job they must have known that the clerk could not keep the pace he led on his small salary. With slight investigation they might also have discovered that Coleman had, as he boasted, taken everything but the plate on the door. When a minor clerk of an important bank can rob depositors under the noses of the directors, it is too bad that the depositors should be allowed to suffer. A bank should be something more than a private fund for purveying to the dissipations of bank clerks.

If bank directors everywhere had a sense of their responsibility, there would be fewer larger thefts, though undoubtedly the most extreme care cannot guarantee freedom from fraud. If our courts insisted rigidly on a recognition of the principle emphasized in Cambridge, bank directors would make a greater effort to see personally to the bank bookkeeping, and the money of the many depositors would be safer than it has been in some Massachusetts banks in the past. It is not too much to insist in the courts and out that preventable crime in banks should be prevented. Being a bank director should have a greater significance than giving a man a title to put on his business stationery. Hereafter, perhaps, bank directors will find it to their interest to direct.

SURRENDER ON SUBMARINES

While there is still some doubt as to the status of the controversy between this government and the central powers on the submarine question, it looks as though we are on the verge of a settlement. Germany has intimated that the American demands will be conceded, and that in the future there will be full compliance with the views of President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. It is said that a recent memorandum presented to our state department by Count von Bernstorff has all the necessary guarantees and also promised indemnity for the loss of American life on the Lusitania. If so, there seems no good reason to doubt that a full understanding will be arrived at speedily, not only as to past differences but to govern submarine activity for the future. Since the sinking of the Persia made relations critical, not only Germany but Austria have appeared most anxious to palliate American opinion, and the disdainful attitude of former notes has been entirely lacking. Whether due to a withdrawal of the submarines as a matter of war policy or to a sincere desire to comply with American requirements, the German and Austrian governments now seem anxious to avoid danger of a diplomatic rupture. Remembering how, in the past, assurances were followed by fresh excesses, it will not do to be over optimistic, but von Bernstorff is reported to have assured the American government that any submarine commander who in future sinks a merchant ship or liner without warning and without safeguarding the crew will be punished for disobeying instructions. So far so good.

EDUCATIONAL EXTENSION

A tragic incident in Boston a few days ago recalled how Walsh's work for educational extension—a work, by the way, which was partly successful in spite of republican opposition. A young woman was knocked down by a taxi and killed. One of the sad details was that a brother whom she was sending through college was obliged to give up his ambition and return home; her death removed the opportunity for a college education. There are many such cases, each of which is an argument for the great humanitarian principle for which our popular ex-governor worked so strenuously.

SEEN AND HEARD

What has become of the old-fashioned man whose Adam's apple was bigger than his chin?

He sure is a courageous geek; He married in Ten bones a week.

One for the Hornet

The old reservoir was out with the new squad of recruits on musketry exercise, range finding etc. Pointing out a large house and giving the range he asked if any of them could pick out any details about the house.

"Yes," answered one glibly. "There is a small well in the garden, some jumps of coal in a heap and a bird cage in the front window."

"Well, my lad," said the sergeant, "you have remarkable eyesight. What's your name and number? How is it you can see so well at a distance?"

"Oh," replied the recruit, "that's where I'm billeted, sergeant."

He Was Anxious

He was ticketed to undergo a slight operation at the city hospital, says the Indianapolis News. Simple though the operation was, the man didn't feel quite easy about himself. A few minutes before the anæsthetic was to be applied he sent for his physician, who was to handle the instruments.

"Please doctor," he said, "be careful about me."

"Oh, don't worry," the doctor said with fine assurance. "You'll be all right."

"But I wish you to be careful, doctor," the patient insisted.

"You seem quite anxious about yourself," the doctor remarked with a smile.

"I am," the patient replied nervously. "I have \$500 life insurance and I don't like my wife."

Coasting Great Fun

"Coasting's great," a little fellow was heard to say to an adult friend this morning as they walked down the street together, the little fellow trotting at the side of the big man.

"Is it?" Then you like coasting, do you?" asked the elder one.

"You bet I do," was the enthusiastic response.

"What's the matter with the side of your face? It looks as though you had been fighting."

"No, that's not fighting. I fell off the sled and hurt it. Did I run home? No, no. Slide's too good. Ma would have made me stay in all afternoon and I didn't want to, you bet. I just kept right on sliding. Another fellow scratched his hands all up on the sharp ice, but he didn't go in, either. Taint nothing to get hurt sliding."

So you see even injuries can be treated lightly if one only looks at them in the right way, and considers them a part of the fun.

The Higher Education

Among the dead records of this country, says a writer in Docket, is a conveyance of a half interest in a female college. Among the property enumerated as sold appears the following:

"Including piano and organ now in use in, on, and near the premises known as Liberty Ladies' college (formerly known as Liberty Female college), for the use thereof as a college for the education of women and three cows."

The school building later burned, so that the experiment of giving higher

END INDIGESTION OR STOMACH PAIN IN FIVE MINUTES

"Pape's Diapiesin" Makes Sick, Sour, Gassy Stomachs Feel Fine

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, foul breath or headache.

Pape's Diapiesin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Millions of men and women now eat their favorite foods without fear—they know Pape's Diapiesin will save them from any stomach misery.

Please, for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapiesin from any drug store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it; without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapiesin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which doesn't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at day-time or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest, surest relief known.

THE QUEEN ATLANTIC RANGE

Has hundreds of friends in Lowell who have used all makes of ranges and all of them will tell you that the Queen Atlantic Range is the best. This line of semi-hand-hung Ranges and Traverses. We make a specialty of second-hand furniture, also a full line of kitchenware and new furniture to select from.

O. F. PRENTISS
TWO STORES, 35 Bridge St. and 37 West Third St.

THE FLYING SQUADRON

COMMITTEES APPOINTED FOR THE ENSUING YEAR—MOVING PICTURES OF TEMPERANCE

At a meeting of the flying squadron committee held yesterday afternoon at the Y.M.C.A. with Rev. Raymond G. Chapin presiding, the following committees were appointed:

Church committee: Rev. A. C. Ferrin, chairman; Rev. C. H. Davis, T. H. Elliott, Rev. A. H. Dills and Rev. J. M. Craig.

Men's organization committee: Rev. P. W. Brett, chairman; Warren L. Floyd, Otto Butler, G. E. Lockhart and Mrs. Loomis.

Women's organization committee: Miss Mabel Metcalf, chairman; Miss Belle Batcher, Mrs. Edward Hathaway, Mrs. Nathan Pulsifer and Mrs. C. A. Lester.

Young people's committee: Walter Chase, chairman; Miss Ella Penn, O. E. Anderson, Harold McKnight and Mr. McCready.

Census committee: F. E. McLean, chairman; Mrs. Ida A. Tilton, Alpha Sykes, Miss Grace Whitaker and Rev. Thomas Lalle.

Educational committee: Rev. Walter E. Woodbury, chairman; Rev. H. J. Henton, Mr. A. W. Burnham, Mrs. Susan Haywood and Miss Elizabeth Kennedy.

A proposition concerning the showing of a temperance slide at some local moving picture house, was referred to the educational committee.

A WOULD-BE ROBBER

MISS PEARL CHAMBERLAIN, aged 17 years, reports that she was held up late Friday night while on her way home from work at the United States Cartridge company by a young man who attempted to rob her. The girl says she was knocked down in the street but screamed loudly and frightened her assailant away before he had secured her pay envelope which she had just received.

The alleged assault occurred on Lowell street, South Lowell. For several minutes before being attacked, Miss Chamberlain said she heard footsteps behind her but continued on her way in an effort to reach home before being overtaken. She was uninjured although badly frightened.

POUND KEEPER'S JOB

ORVILLE W. PEABODY is Lowell's pound keeper and has been for several years. He keeps a lively stable in Warren st. and is a good judge of horses, cows, sheep, chickens, and other things. Orville Peabody really doesn't need the salary of \$5 a year that goes with the office of poundkeeper, but he says it is the only political honor that ever came to the Peabody family, and his father, he says, tells him to hold on to it.

Orville is a bit perturbed to think Mayor Murphy's government didn't boost his salary when the boosting was good. "I'm not going to ask Mayor O'Donnell to do it," said Orville. "I'm not sure that O'Donnell knows I'm not going to tell the truth. I thought I should have my salary boosted to at least \$5 a year when everybody else in the employ of the city was getting a little raise. I understand that Simon B. Harris is a candidate for my position and they do tell that Simon is pretty close to O'Donnell. But when O'Donnell stops to think that Simon is an appointment under Mayor Murphy, I guess Simon won't be in my way—not so's you'll notice it."

If Mr. Peabody but knew it, he is doing Mr. Harris an injustice, as it was but Saturday that Mr. Harris talked with the writer in the interest of Mr. Peabody and said he hoped he would be re-elected. "Mr. Peabody," said Mr. Harris, "has made a very efficient poundkeeper and when the city gets a good officer I believe in keeping him in office. The honor of the office of poundkeeper was tendered me once and I declined. The office paid \$25 a year at that time, but I think there were more stray cattle around in those days."

Yes, indeed, I have always found Mr. Peabody a very faithful officer and more than once I have seen him blanket a horse in the street which owner or driver had left exposed to the inclemency of the weather. I remember there was a complaint once about a horse that Mr. Peabody impounded, the complaint being to the effect that the horse was in bad condition. When the horse that came out, I asked Mr. Peabody about it and he explained it to my satisfaction. "I admit," said Orville, "that it wasn't the same horse for he was nothing but skin and bone when he went in and he came out as fat as a seal. I used him well. Yes, Mr. Peabody can count on me. I'll put up a vicious complaint for the job. I would head a petition for his removal and I'll bet that if Traffic Officer Sheridan were given a table and chair that he could use in the street he would get more business."

GUARD CHILDREN AGAINST WORMS

Pinworms or stomach worms are some of the most dreaded diseases of children.

Signs of worms are: De-ranged stomach, swollen upper lip, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly with occasional flatulencies, pains about the navel, loss of sleep and diarrhoea, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever.

Dr. Tru's EXCEL, the Family Laxative and Worm Expeller, will surely and quickly expel worms, correct upset stomach and constipation. Adults are also benefited, and worms, like children, are everywhere. Tru's EXCEL has done me a world of good. John Glass, Houston, Texas. At all druggists, 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Advice free.

Auburn, Maine. *Dr. Tru*

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SOME COLD WEATHER GOODS THAT WE WILL SELL AS BARGAINS

One Raccoon Coat.....\$65.00
—At present price of 'Coon skins, worth \$90. Made from selected skins of Northern Raccoon. Size 40.

One Black Mocha Coat.....\$25.00
—This coat marked down from \$45.00 has dyed muskrat collar and cuffs. Size 38. If it was a larger coat it would not be marked down.

Two Black Dogskin Coats.....\$23.00
—Made from black Chinese Dogskin, long fur, durable, soft and warm; cut with very full sweep to the skirts. Sizes 48 and 54.

Genuine Mackinaws.....\$7.00
—Made from heavy genuine Mackinaw blankets by a prominent manufacturer in St. Paul, Minn. Sizes 38 to 44.

Teamsters' Coats Closing Out
Canvas and Corduroy Coats, blanket lined and sold up to \$4.00, for.....\$2.50
Leather Coats, corduroy lined and Canvas Coats, sheepskin lined, sold up to \$5, for.....\$3.50
Moleskin Coats and Corduroy Coats, blanket or sheepskin lined, sold up to \$6.00, for.....\$4.00
Corduroy Coats, sheepskin lined, with sheepskin collar, sold up to \$6.50, for.....\$5.00

Sanitary Fleeced Underwear.....45c
—Fine silver gray shirts and drawers. Very heavily fleeced, the best garments in the market—
Heavy Leather Gloves—lined and unlined, 29c to \$1.00
Heavy Lined Leather Mittens.....50c to \$1.00
Heavy Scotch Wool Gloves and Mittens, 25c to 50c
Heavy Woolen Socks, black and oxford....12½c

Putnam & Son Co.
166 CENTRAL STREET

WHITE PINE BLISTER

A SERIOUS DANGER TO ALL OF THE FIVE-MANED PINES OF THE UNITED STATES

The white pine blister rust is a fungus disease native to Europe, and according to eminent authorities, it has rendered the growing of our native white pine in England, Denmark, Holland and parts of Germany impracticable. The disease was imported to this country on nursery stock of white pine in the state of New York. From Canada, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts and Connecticut have been found to be infected with this disease. Plantations in other states are under suspicion.

Unlike the chestnut blight, the blister rust cannot spread directly from one tree to another pine. It has two hosts: one stage of the disease lives in the bark of the white-barked pines, the other in the leaves of currant and gooseberry bushes, both the wild and the domestic species. The stage of the disease on currants and gooseberries can spread to other currants and gooseberries, and also to pines. There is but one stage of the disease on the pines and this can spread only back to currants and gooseberries. Therefore, to protect the white pine, the complete elimination of one or the other of the hosts in the sections where the disease is found, is more valuable, as a whole, than the use of fungicides, which are not only very costly, but also have a tendency to destroy all currants and gooseberries, therefore the latter are the ones to be destroyed in the sections where the disease has been found. Where the disease has been found, the best thing to do is to destroy all currants and gooseberries in the immediate vicinity, whether or not they are infected, as well as the chestnut blight was neglected until it became so widely scattered that control was impossible, and all of our chestnut trees are doomed, which means the loss of millions of dollars. This was due to sheer neglect. Are we to lose our pines and pine-using industries in the same way?

The federal government will be asked to make an appropriation of \$50,000 for this work this year. This is the minimum amount with which the task of suppression can be undertaken. The individual states will also be asked to do their share. Massachusetts, alone, has requested its legislature for an appropriation of \$10,000 to meet this emergency.

Try this easy way to clear your skin with Resinol Soap

Bathe your face for several minutes with Resinol Soap and warm water, working the creamy lather into the skin gently with the finger-tips. Then wash off with more Resinol Soap and warm water, finishing with a dash of clear cold water to close the pores.

Do this once or twice a day, and you will be astonished how quickly the healing, antiseptic Resinol medication softens and cleanses the pores, lessens the tendency to pimples, and leaves the complexion clear, fresh and velvety.

If the skin is in bad condition through neglect or an unwise use of cosmetics, apply a little Resinol Ointment* and let it remain on ten minutes before the final washing with Resinol Soap.

Resinol Soap is not artificially colored, its rich brown being entirely due to the Resinol balsam it contains. Fully acknowledged dealers in first grade, For free sample card and trial of Resinol Ointment, write Dept. 2-P, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.

*Physicians have prescribed Resinol Ointment for over twenty years in the treatment of skin and scalp affections.

DEATHS

GARREAU—Miss Aurelia Garreau, aged 21 years, 15 days, died yesterday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Garreau, 10 Bowdoin street, after a brief illness. She leaves besides her parents, Joseph and Emma Garreau, four brothers, Frederick, Felix, Arthur and William Garreau, also four sisters, Misses Rosanna, Florence, John and Beatrice Garreau, all of this city.

PIASULT—Mrs. Gertrude (Beaumont) Piasault, wife of Gertrude Piasault, aged 53 years, 6 months, died yesterday at her home, 310 Allen street, after a lingering illness. Besides her husband, she leaves four sons, Napoleon, John, Ernest and Ovide Piasault. Deceased was a prominent member of the Third Order of St. Francis and St. Anne's sodality.

ROACH—Timothy Roach died Saturday night at his home, 53 Willie street. He leaves his wife, Hannah; four daughters, Mrs. Margaret Riley, Mrs. Mary Dane, Mrs. Ellen Driscoll and Mrs. Catherine Ryan, and two sons, Daniel of this city, and Thomas in California.

RYAN—Daniel P. Ryan died Saturday at his home, 61 Merrill street, aged 51 years. He leaves his wife, Margaret, one son, John, three daughters, Margaret, Ryan, Mrs. Melvin Grant and Mrs. Alice Dwyer, and one brother, Jeffrey P. Ryan, all of this city. The body was taken to the home of Undertakers O'Connell & Mack.

McCLARY—Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary died yesterday at her home, 63 Dover street, aged 74 years. She leaves one sister, Mrs. J. W. B. Shaw of this city, and two nephews, Edwin P. Shaw of Lowell and William N. Shaw of New York city.

CALLAHAN—John F. Callahan, a resident of North Chelmsford, died suddenly yesterday morning while on duty as night watchman in the Moore mills in that town. He leaves six sons, John, Philip, Steven, Paul, Alexander and Donald; two daughters, Nina and Genevieve Callahan, and one brother, Eugene Callahan. The body was taken to his home in the Groton road.

PRESCOTT—Mr. Frederick Morton Prescott, a well known resident of this city, passed away early this morning at his home, 17 Fifth street, aged 60 years, 2 months, 21 days. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Ruth H. Prescott, one sister, Belle A. Prescott, and one brother, Frank L. Prescott, all of this city.

McCLARY—Died Jan. 9th, at her home, 63 Dover street, this city, Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary, aged 74 years, 6 months, and 4 days. She is survived by one sister, Mrs. J. W. B. Shaw, of this city, and two nephews, Edwin P. Shaw of Lowell and William N. Shaw of New York city, N. Y.

BURKE—Mary A. Burke died this morning at 295 Middlesex street. The remains were removed to the funeral chambers of Higgins Bros., undertakers, Lawrence street. Deceased left no relatives in this city.

KELLEY—Miss Ann Kelley died this morning at her home, 100 Central block.

WEAK FROM GRIPPE
Home Missionary Tells How She Restored Her Strength

"I am a Home Missionary, and was weak and run-down after a hard week of LaGrippe. I had headaches, indigestion and pain in my chest, and was tired all the time. A friend asked me to try Vinol and the result is I am free from those troubles and I feel well and strong and able to go to work again." Mrs. Mattie Johnson, Tewksbury, Pa.

The reason Vinol was so successful in building up Mrs. Johnson's health is because it is a constitutional remedy which contains peptonate of iron to enrich and revitalize the blood, the nourishing properties of beef peptonate and the healing medicinal extracts of fresh, healthy cods' livers, all combined in a delicious native tonic wine, without oil.

We wish every person in Lowell who is suffering from a weakened, run-down, debilitated condition, would try our Vinol on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to benefit them.

Liggett's Drug Store, Riker-Jaynes Drug Store, Falls & Burdick's and Lowell Pharmacy, Bouthier & Delisle, Props., Lowell, Mass.

FOR RELIABLE GOODS AND PROMPT SERVICE
Call on J. J. McMANNON, Florist
6 Prescott Street

As we grow our own flowers and the keeping quality of our stock proves it.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?
READ THE PROSPECTUS
Office, 16 Central Block Telephone 30

UNION MARKET
173-175-177 MIDDLESEX
FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

Pork Loin, lb.	12½c	All Vegetables for boiled dinner, lb.	2c
Pork Chops, lb.	12½c	Pancake Flour, pkg.	9c
Pork Shoulders, lb.	10c	Evaporated Milk, can.	4c
Pork Livers, lb.	5c	Seeded Raisins, pkg.	10c
Pork Kidneys, lb.	5c	Olive Oil, pt. can.	20c
Fat Salt Pork, lb.	10c	Pickles, 25c bot.	20c
Salt Spare Ribs, lb.	5c	Peanut Butter, lb.	8c
Salt Pigs' Heads, lb.	5c	Evaporated Peaches, lb.	7c
Hamburg Steak, 2 lbs.	19c	Eggs, fresh western, doz.	25c
1 lb. Liver and ½ lb. Sliced Bacon	10c	Marshmallow Cakes, lb.	10c
Thick Rib Corned Beef, lb.	12½c	Butter, lb.	28c
Thin Rib Corned Beef, lb.	10c	Coffee, our Special, lb.	25c
Flank Rib Corned Beef, lb.	8c	Tea, fancy quality, lb.	25c
Large Navel Oranges, doz.	28c	7 lbs. Rolled Oats.	25c
Small Navel Oranges, doz.	12½c	4 lbs. Rice, Fancy Head.	25c
Tangerines, doz.	10c	Lard, strictly pure, lb.	11c
		Robertson Jam	20c
		Peas, can	7c
		Corn, can	7c
		Cheese, lb.	15c

morning at her late home, 185 Market street, aged 78 years. She is survived by two nieces, Mrs. Mary Riley of Lowell and Catherine Daley of North Chelmsford, and one nephew, Peter McElrath of Cambridge. She was an old resident of St. Patrick's parish.

CONTAKIS—Theodore Contakis died Saturday at the home of his parents, Dinos and Philpott 150½ Market street, aged eight months. As the cause of death was diphtheria the funeral was held immediately and was private. The burial was in the Westlawn cemetery. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Molloy.

FURNITURE, CARPETING, STOVES

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This is house cleaning time with us. Making room for the latest Spring styles. Our buyer is on his way to Grand Rapids Furniture Exposition. The greatest furniture market in the world to select the latest offerings of the standard manufacturers, bringing with him twenty years' of experience and you may expect good results.

A.E.O'Heir & Co.
HURD STREET

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WATCH THE DAILY PAPERS FOR SPECIAL OFFERINGS AT BIG DISCOUNTS ALL THROUGH JANUARY IN

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FURNITURE, CARPETING, STOVES
This is house cleaning time with us. Making room for the latest Spring styles. Our buyer is on his way to Grand Rapids Furniture Exposition. The greatest furniture market in the world to select the latest offerings of the standard manufacturers, bringing with him twenty years' of experience and you may expect good results.

McCLARY—Died Jan. 9th, at her home, 63 Dover street, this city, Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary, aged 74 years, 6 months, and 4 days. She is survived by one sister, Mrs. J. W. B. Shaw, of this city, and two nephews, Edwin P. Shaw of Lowell and William N. Shaw of New York city, N. Y.

CALLAHAN—John F. Callahan, a resident of North Chelmsford, died suddenly yesterday morning while on duty as night watchman in the Moore mills in that town. He leaves six sons, John, Philip, Steven, Paul, Alexander and Donald; two daughters, Nina and Genevieve Callahan, and one brother, Eugene Callahan. The body was taken to his home in the Groton road.

PRESCOTT—Mr. Frederick Morton Prescott, a well known resident of this city, passed away early this morning at his home, 17 Fifth street, aged 60 years, 2 months, 21 days. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Ruth H. Prescott, one sister, Belle A. Prescott, and one brother, Frank L. Prescott, all of this city.

McCLARY—Died Jan. 9th, at her home, 63 Dover street, this city, Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary, aged 74 years, 6 months, and 4 days. She is survived by one sister, Mrs. J. W. B. Shaw, of this city, and two nephews, Edwin P. Shaw of Lowell and William N. Shaw of New York city, N. Y.

BURKE—Mary A. Burke died this morning at 295 Middlesex street. The remains were removed to the funeral chambers of Higgins Bros., undertakers, Lawrence street. Deceased left no relatives in this city.

KELLEY—Miss Ann Kelley died this morning at her home, 100 Central block.

WEAK FROM GRIPPE
Home Missionary Tells How She Restored Her Strength

"I am a Home Missionary, and was weak and run-down after a hard week of LaGrippe. I had headaches, indigestion and pain in my chest, and was tired all the time. A friend asked me to try Vinol and the result is I am free from those troubles and I feel well and strong and able to go to work again." Mrs. Mattie Johnson, Tewksbury, Pa.

The reason Vinol was so successful in building up Mrs. Johnson's health is because it is a constitutional remedy which contains peptonate of iron to enrich and revitalize the blood, the nourishing properties of beef peptonate and the healing medicinal extracts of fresh, healthy cods' livers, all combined in a delicious native tonic wine, without oil.

We wish every person in Lowell who is suffering from a weakened, run-down, debilitated condition, would try our Vinol on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to benefit them.

Liggett's Drug Store, Riker-Jaynes Drug Store, Falls & Burdick's and Lowell Pharmacy, Bouthier & Delisle, Props., Lowell, Mass.

FOR RELIABLE GOODS AND PROMPT SERVICE
Call on J. J. McMANNON, Florist
6 Prescott Street

As we grow our own flowers and the keeping quality of our stock proves it.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?
READ THE PROSPECTUS
Office, 16 Central Block Telephone 30

UNION MARKET
173-175-177 MIDDLESEX
FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

Pork Loin, lb.	12½c	All Vegetables for boiled dinner, lb.	2c
Pork Chops, lb.	12½c	Pancake Flour, pkg.	9c
Pork Shoulders, lb.	10c	Evaporated Milk, can.	4c
Pork Livers, lb.	5c	Seeded Raisins, pkg.	10c
Pork Kidneys, lb.	5c	Olive Oil, pt. can.	20c
Fat Salt Pork, lb.	10c	Pickles, 25c bot.	20c
Salt Spare Ribs, lb.	5c	Peanut Butter, lb.	8c
Salt Pigs' Heads, lb.	5c	Evaporated Peaches, lb.	7c
Hamburg Steak, 2 lbs.	19c	Eggs, fresh western, doz.	25c
1 lb. Liver and ½ lb. Sliced Bacon	10c	Marshmallow Cakes, lb.	10c
Thick Rib Corned Beef, lb.	12½c	Butter, lb.	28c
Thin Rib Corned Beef, lb.	10c	Coffee, our Special, lb.	25c
Flank Rib Corned Beef, lb.	8c	Tea, fancy quality, lb.	25c
Large Navel Oranges, doz.	28c	7 lbs. Rolled Oats.	25c
Small Navel Oranges, doz.	12½c	4 lbs. Rice, Fancy Head.	25c
Tangerines, doz.	10c	Lard, strictly pure, lb.	11c
		Robertson Jam	20c
		Peas, can	7c
		Corn, can	7c
		Cheese, lb.	15c

A. G. POLLARD CO.

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE.

The Clearance Sale Advertisements of the Men's Furnishings, Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery and Women's Garments are on Page 5.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE

WHITE GOODS and WASH GOODS

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY—JANUARY 10, 11 AND 12

The Greatest of All Our Clearance Sales

The Sale That Hundreds of Our Customers Have Been Anxiously Waiting for.

The Sale That Offers the Greatest Opportunities to the Economical Shoppers

NO OLD GOODS--ALL THIS SEASON'S FABRICS

39 Cases----1180 Pieces----47,100 Yards

Commendable Merchandise to be Sold Prior to Inventory. Remember, Following Prices Will Prevail FOR 3 DAYS ONLY—Today, Tues., Wed., Jan. 10, 11, 12

SALE PALMER STREET CENTRE AISLE

For 3 Days Only, 7c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

- 4 Cases "TOILE DU NORD" GINGHAMS—Remnants 3 to 12 yards; checks and stripes; 27 in. wide, fast colors; value 12½c.
- 1 Case OUTING FLANNEL—Best quality, light colored stripes, full 36 in. wide; value 12½c.
- 57 Pieces FLEECE FABRICS—Melton Flannel, Ducking Fleece, Popular Flannels, etc., 27 in. wide; value 15c.
- 6 Pieces EDEN FLANNEL—Substitute for all-wool flannel shirts; waists and dresses, 27 in. wide; value 13c.
- 9 Pieces SUPERFINE FLANNEL—Handsome floral designs for dresses, fast colors, 36 in. wide; value 17c.
- 1 Case CREPE SUITING—Plain colors, fine dress crepe, full 36 in. wide, all colors; value 25c.
- 14 Pieces WHITE REPP—For separate Skirts and for children's wear, full 36 in. wide; value 20c.
- 1 Case PLAIN POPLIN—All colors, remnants 1 to 9 yards, fine quality for dresses and waists; value 19c.
- 16 Pieces WHITE GOODS—Odds and ends—Madras, Muslins, Rice Cloth, etc., 27 and 36 in. wide; value 12½c.
- 68 Pieces PRINTED FABRICS—Dimities, Organdies, Voiles, handsome floral designs, 27 in. wide; value 12½c.
- 1 Case BEST PERCALES—Remnants from 1 to 10 yards, new patterns, stripes and figures; value 12½c.

For 3 Days Only, 7c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

For 3 Days Only, 10c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

- 60 Pieces SERPENTINE CREPE—Plain and figured, new designs for dresses and kimonos, 30 in. wide; value 19c.
- 28 Pieces CUFFED VOILES—Printed in handsome Dresden patterns, fast colors, 40 in. wide; value 25c.
- 15 Pieces PRINTED PONGEE—Handsome designs for waists and dresses, fast colors, 32 in. wide; value 25c.
- 11 Pieces RIPPLETTE—Colored stripes; needs no ironing, 27 in. wide; value 12½c.
- 116 Pieces FINE GINGHAM—Bates Gingham, stripes and plaids, fast colors, 27 in. wide; value 12½c.
- 2 Cases BEST PERCALES—Whole pieces, new patterns, fast colors; value 12½c.

For 3 Days Only, 10c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

FOR 3 DAYS ONLY—JANUARY 10, 11, 12

57 PIECES FINE GINGHAMS—All our best domestic and Scotch gingham, plaids and stripes; values 25c and 29c.

For 3 Days Only—Clearance Sale Price 12½c

9 PIECES DRESS LINEN—Fine French linen; lavender, plum, gray, sand and brown, 48 in. wide; value 75c.

For 3 Days Only—Clearance Sale Price 33c

SALE PALMER STREET—CENTRE AISLE

For 3 Days Only, 19c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

- 15 Pieces SATIN MERCETTE—A beautiful floral fabric for kimonos, 27 in. wide, fast colors; value 25c.
- 18 Pieces PRINTED FABRICS—All 1916 designs, handsome colors, 27 and 40 in. wide; value 25c.
- 20 Pieces RICE CLOTH—White and colored grounds, embroidered figures, fast colors, 28 in. wide; value 50c.
- 27 Pieces SILK PONGEE—Plain colors, all best shades for evening and street wear, 27 in. wide; value 25c.
- 12 Pieces FRENCH RATINE—Plain tan, American beauty, gray and black and white check; 45 in. wide; value \$1.00.
- 4 Pieces DRESS LINEN—Good quality; lavender, sand, light blue and gray; 36 in. wide; value 42c.
- 28 Pieces FANCY WAISTING—Medium weight, stripe and figured madras, 27 in. wide; value 25c.
- 7 Pieces GABARDINE—Plain white; new fabric for separate skirts and suits, 40 in. wide; value 25c.
- 3 Pieces DRESS LINEN—Plain white, good dress fabric, full 36 in. wide; value 30c.
- 19 Pieces BATES CREPE—New plaids for children's wear; needs no ironing; fast colors; value 25c.
- 12 Pieces FANCY MADRAS—Handsome shirting designs, fast colors, 32 in. wide; value 25c.

For 3 Days Only, 19c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

For 3 Days Only, 29c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

- 7 Pieces IMPORTED MADRAS—Exclusive Shirting Patterns, black, green and lavender stripes, 32 in. wide; value 50c.
- 10 Pieces D. & J. ANDERSON GINGHAM—Scotch plaids and Roman stripes, 32 in. wide; value 50c.
- 7 Pieces EMBROIDERED SWISS—All white, very fine and sheer, small embroidered figure, 32 in. wide; value 50c.
- 8 Pieces PIQUE—Extra value, wide cord, for suits and skirts, 36 in. wide; value 50c.
- 6 Pieces COLORED LINEN—Sheer handkerchief linen, light colors for waists, 36 in. wide; value 50c.
- 64 Pieces SILK AND COTTON FABRICS—Plain and colored stripe crepe de chine, tub silk, stripes and figures, 36 in. wide; value 50c.

For 3 Days Only, 29c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

FOR 3 DAYS ONLY—JANUARY 10, 11, 12

21 PIECES COLORED NOVELTIES—Imported goods, light and medium weight, black and white colors; value 75c to \$1.50 yard.

For 3 Days Only—Clearance Sale Price 50c

29 PIECES WHITE NOVELTIES—Exclusive designs in embroidered voiles and marquisette, 40 in. wide; value \$1.00 to \$1.75 yard.

For 3 Days Only—Clearance Sale Price 50c

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 10, 11, 12

PLACES VACANT POLICE REPORT

But Few Places Left
For Governor McCall
to Fill

Special to The Sun.
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 10.—Although the impression seems to be very general that a large number of places were left unfilled by the late administration, for which Governor McCall will have to select appointees, the fact of the matter is that the governor at the present time has a total of only twelve appointments which may be made before the first of next month, and one of these is the result of the resignation, Saturday, of Mrs. Mabel Hunt Slater as a member of the board of trustees of the Massachusetts General Hospital.

The complete list of appointments which the new governor may make during the first month of his administration is as follows:—

Industrial accident board, David T. Dickinson's term expired.
Boston finance commission, James P. Maguire resigned.
Fish and game commission, Chairman George W. Field's term expired.
Justice of Boston juvenile court, Judge Harvey H. Baker, deceased.
Clerk second Worcester district court, Edward A. Rice, deceased.
Clerk second district court of Plymouth, Herbert L. Pratt, term expired.
Medical examiner, Essex county, George W. Dow, term expired.
Associate medical examiner, Essex county, Victor A. Reed, term expired.
Minimum wage commission, Chairman Robert D. Hise, resigned.
Trustee of Massachusetts Training schools, Charles M. Davenport's term expired.
Clerk second district court of eastern Middlesex, Dudley Roberts' term expired.
Trustee of Massachusetts General Hospital, Mrs. Mabel Hunt Slater, resigned.

NEW PROHIBITION LAWS

COLUMBUS, S. C., Jan. 10.—Bills to make illegal in South Carolina employment of children less than 14 years of age and to amend the new prohibition laws so that only one quart of liquor per month may be shipped into the state to any one individual instead of one gallon, as at present allowed are expected to come before the South Carolina general assembly which convenes here Tuesday in annual session. It also was said efforts might be made to make it illegal to ship any liquor into the state.

Creation of a state board of arbitration and conciliation to act in industrial disputes also has been proposed. The assembly will have before it the task of disposing of a large quantity of liquor left in state dispensaries Jan. 1, when South Carolina changed from its dispensary system to state-wide prohibition.

GERMANS INAGURATE OFFENSIVE

BERLIN, Jan. 10, n. m.—(By wireless to Sayville.)—An offensive has been inaugurated by the German forces in the Champagne. Announcement was made by the war office today that French positions extending over several hundred yards at a point northwest of Massiges had been captured by the Germans.

Women workers are now in great demand in England and the various stores and industries could easily use over 150,000 of them.

Large Quantity of Liquor
Confiscated—Many
Guns and Revolvers

Special to The Sun.
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 10.—A total of nearly 12,000 gallons of liquor were confiscated and forfeited to the commonwealth during the past year, according to the report of George C. Neal, acting chief of the district police, made public yesterday. The exact figures were: Spirituous liquors, 2,519 gallons, 3 quarts, 1 pint and 1 gill; malt liquors, 9,416 gallons, 1 pint.

During the year, the district police also received from the various courts of the commonwealth 28 revolvers, 1 knife, 3 brass knuckles and 2 slung shots, all of which were confiscated. The revolvers were sold for \$65, and the other weapons were destroyed.

The report shows that the total appropriations for the maintenance of the district police department in its several branches, were \$227,247.50, of which \$216,224.11 was expended, leaving in the treasury a balance of \$39,023.39.

In addition to this balance, the department collected from various sources a total of \$12,510, consisting of charges for licenses and permits of various kinds inspection, etc.

HOYT.

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL

Coupons Linen Shower Tendered by Ladies of Charity—Musical Program Given

The annual linen shower in aid of St. John's hospital was held Saturday afternoon and proved one of the most successful events of its kind for a long time. The contributions of linen and other useful articles for the institution were exceptionally pleasing to those in charge of the hospital, and those who donated were highly entertained by a quartet of some of the best singers of this city.

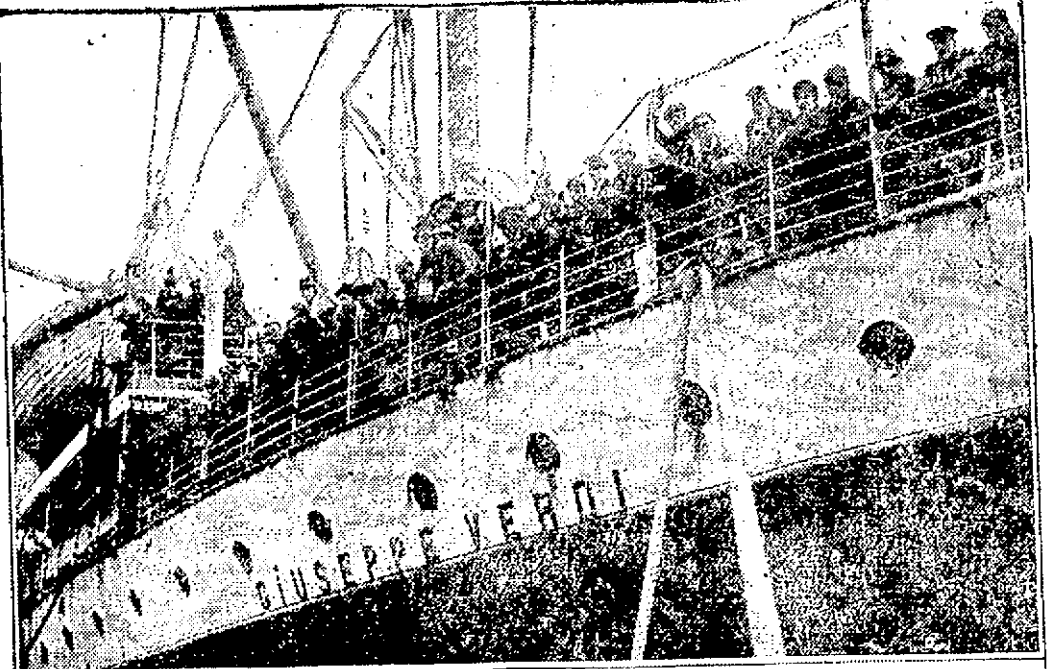
Those who took part in the entertainment program were: Mrs. James A. Murphy, soprano; Mrs. Nana Gallagher, mezzo; Miss Dorothy Hurd, soprano; and Mr. Andrew McCarthy, baritone. Miss Mary E. Kelly was the accompanist. The program was well selected and was highly enjoyed throughout.

At the close of the program a social hour was enjoyed during which refreshments were served. The shower was in charge of Miss Rose A. Dowd, president of the Ladies of Charity, and her assistants were as follows:

Hospitality committee, Mrs. Elizabeth Kerwin, chairman; Mrs. George Harrison, Mrs. P. P. Henry, Mrs. P. F. Conant, Mrs. William P. Barry, Mrs. Richard Donoghue, Mrs. Edward Gallagher, Mrs. D. W. Shanahan and Mrs. T. P. Henry. These ladies were assisted by the board of directors of the society.

Ushers: Misses Mary R. Seery, Helen Hogan, Mary Lawler, Barville Layler, Helen Gillette, Elizabeth Kerwin, Ellen McQuade, Isabelle McQuade, Sarah Gillon, Esther Conner, Agnes Donoghue, Anna Kelley, Doris Handley, Louise Meisner, Catherine L. Carmichael, Anna McCarron, Frances Matheron, Mary Henry, Antoinette Loup, Grace Cookin, Lena Lawn and Helen L. McGilley.

Mrs. John M. Murphy and Mrs. Thomas P. Henry poured.

RIGHT OF PASSENGER SHIP TO BE ARMED
MADE ACUTE QUESTION BY VERDI'S GUNS

GIUSEPPE VERDI and ITALIAN SAILORS HANDLING NAVAL GUN.

The new Italian liner Giuseppe Verdi arrived in New York on her second voyage from Genoa with her 997 passengers on board and two three-inch rapid fire guns mounted on her after deck. When the steamer arrived at quarantine the guns had white canvas covers over them, but no attempt was made by Captain Luigi Zamoni or his officers to disguise what they were. The matter aroused keen interest in view of the disputed right of merchantmen to carry guns for either offensive or defensive purposes. "The guns were placed on the ship at Genoa this time," said Captain Zamoni of the Giuseppe Verdi. "They are to be used solely to protect my passengers, the mails, and cargo if we are attacked. These are 77 millimeter guns, which is a little more than three inches caliber. They are rapid fire guns with a capacity of twenty-four shells a minute and a range of four and a half miles. The shell weighs 5.5 kilos, which is about fourteen pounds." When asked if the guns could be fired by any member of the crew of the liner Chief Officer Maggi replied that all seamen and firemen in the Italian merchant service had served in the navy, but that they were not all capable of handling guns in a proper manner, this requiring special training. "On this voyage," he said, "we shipped two former gunner's mates to take charge of the two guns, and from what I have seen of their marksmanship in practice on the voyage they could hit a fly's leg at 3,000 yards." Pictures show Italian reservists sailing on the Giuseppe Verdi and Italian sailors handling gun.

LADY LOOKABOUT

Of all the prophylactics recommended in this day of prophylactics, the best is in keeping babies from coming in contact with flies and earwigs. Just as soon as an infant begins to creep, naturally he is put on the floor, and there he remains until he can walk, often a period of months. On the same floor, or floor covering, the entire family, straight from the muddy slush, sits, stands, walks, or removes the pretense of cleaning or removing earwigs. Then when baby comes plumped more readily by means of confection with cold, or pneumonia, or other disease, no one can account for it, so carefully has been guarded. Physicians are recommending placing a clean blanket where the baby takes his exercise, and, as a bit of practical common sense, it is strange that mothers need to have their attention directed to this source of infection.

Military Note to Fashion

The strong military note which has been making itself felt in our fashions during the past season has revealed one thing which many had wholly forgotten or, at least, begun to doubt. This is that each of us has a spine in her back. For a long time we carried the secret well as we slumped along our various ways, but with the advent of the always smart Russian blouse, the trim short skirt, and the gradual taking up of the skirt hem and there, the spine began to assert itself, and now we have a military carriage so far removed from the "Milkmaid" that it does one's heart good to see a native of young girls passing down the street. A new zest has come into walking, and a smartness into the step of the fair pedestrian which makes it appear that life has again become worth the living. It is a welcome change from the slinkish wriggle of a short time ago.

Ladies' Headgear

Nothing in headgear is lovelier than the white lace net, better worn. They are fashioned of velvet, wash or satin, and while they are most tempting to look upon, they often prove a source and a delusion when worn, on checking the fallowiness and wrinkles in many skins which a rich dark color would tend to lessen. We recognize the luring qualities of an all white hat, but immediately when one is worn by a friend, yet the "word to the wise" apparently is not sufficient in this case, for it does not always prevent us from falling into the temptation ourselves.

Miss Anthony's Amendment

With congressional action on the Susan B. Anthony amendment pending, it would seem that the question of the granting of suffrage to the women of the United States lies in the lap of the federal constitution. Before an amendment can be added to the constitution it must pass a majority of both houses, and then three-fourths of the state legislatures. No referendum to the people is necessary. Millions of enfranchised women are represented in the senate and house of representatives.



A STUDY IN VELVET

Feminine View of Things

With the utmost sincerity and with a genuine purpose of informing myself on political conditions of the moment, I curled myself up in a comfortable chair and proceeded to read the governor's inaugural address. It began with a suggestion for a constitutional convention, whatever that may be. It discussed amending the bill of rights and articles relating to the judiciary, but I stuck to it for some day I am going to be a voter. The cost of government came next. Of course, we are all aware that the government of a state calls for

Get Plump, Girls

The plump woman will, no doubt, be pleased to read the following despatch from a London specialist: "The cause for slenderness and attraction has produced the irritable woman, the neurotic woman and the nervous wreck. To be healthy a woman should have a normal waist and her body well covered with flesh. If a woman adopts a drooping, sagging figure, her chest contracts and nothing is worse for the general health than the contracted, thin chest. Health for women comes with plumpness."

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W. F. HOBART
Member of The Lowell Retail Jewellers' Association
General Engraving
Special attention to Parisian Ivory and Price Cuts
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THE WATCH MAKER
7 Merrimack St.
Watches Cleaned.....\$1.00
Wainsprings.....\$1.00

Good Things to Eat
D. L. PAGE CO.
MERRIMACK SQ.

HIGH GRADE SHOE REPAIRING
"A Responsible Business Firm"
THE SHU-FIX
Lowell's only completely equipped shop.
Samuel Fleming, Proprietor.
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The Ford Ring Manufacturing Co.

D. W. HARLOW, F. N. GOULD, Proprietors

Diamond Mountings and Wedding Rings

A Specialty

Reliable American Watches—Repairing of All Kinds

581-583 MERRIMACK STREET

TELEPHONE 2007

Having purchased this business we hope for a continuance of the patronage given Mr. Ford and hope to meet many new customers who are assured of efficient service.

Our customers who left work with us at 230 Middlesex street, can obtain same at above address.

much money, but there always seems to be plenty for every project that turns up, providing the man behind the project handles his subject properly. I began to skip a little, by this time, as I was well into the third column and nothing startling had come up as yet. What the governor had to say about the railroad commission was very lacking in entertainment and atom, I found my eyes wandering to Horace Charles's column of heart-balm. It intruded itself on me to such an extent that I liberally stopped reading the governor's message long enough to find out the maiden who finds it most difficult to choose between a handsome, but poor, young fellow and an old grizzled one, who is rolling in wealth. (I'll pass the advice on—so many may need it—) How the dictates of your heart returned to me in a flash of this kind! I returned to the message. The "Tax on Immigrants" promised possibilities, but proved disappointing. After I had read half a column on "Morality on the Highways," and found it a most misleading heading, I looked at it again and discovered that I had misread the title. It was "Morality on the Highways." Ten road menders were wasted. I began to hurry. I skipped "Surplus of Laws" because I know there is a surplus of laws, and I thought of the hat-pin law, and another about licensing cats, or is it English sparrows? I agreed without reading the section.

Then I followed the course of so many women when reading—I turned to the last paragraph: nothing startling, no climax, no artistic ending, yet I had spent fully an hour in arriving at this part. Without batting an eye, I passed directly to the next article in the newspaper—the chat of two women over the telephone on the very latest way of dressing the hair, and, to my shame I confess, I found a dissertation on the loveliness of the French roll, with a jeweled comb for evening, ever so much more entertaining. I wonder if men read these thousands of dresses—every word of them, I mean. I doubt it, yet they read, and with intelligence, just as I am going to do some day.

LADY LOOKABOUT.

FACE ANOTHER TRIAL

COUNSEL FOR GOVERNMENT SAYS

STEPS WILL BE TAKEN IN DUE TIME

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Five former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad today face the probability of another trial on charges of conspiracy to monopolize the railway traffic of New England. Concerning their guilt or innocence of this charge, the jury in the first trial was unable to agree.

The five are William Rockefeller and Lewis Cass Ledyard of New York, Chas. M. Pratt of Brooklyn, Chas. F. Hooker of Ansonia, Conn., and Edward D. Robbins of New Haven. The Albany six former directors tried on the same charge were acquitted in a verdict returned at 4:50 p. m. yesterday.

In announcing that he would move for a new trial for the five men, R. L. Ratts of counsel for the government said this step would be taken "in due time."

Mrs. James Scott and Mrs. Charles Falk, American women, recently succeeded in bargaining their deer in the mountains of Hawaii.

THOUSANDS ARE MADE ORPHANS
AS A RESULT OF EUROPEAN WAR

MADE ORPHANS BY THE WAR

One of the many pathetic incidents in connection with the war is shown here. The children in the accompanying picture are orphans, made so by the war. The picture was taken in the yard of the Children's Home in Berlin. All the orphan asylums and other institutions for both old and young have been filled to overflowing since the war, and Germany is confronted with another problem in caring for them.

50,000 PAIRS OF SHOES FROM U. S.
FOR BELGIAN WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Miss POST (Left) and Miss WILLIS INSPECTING SHOES—INSERT, SHOE "MODELS"

To meet the winter needs of Belgian women and children for suitable footwear the Belgian relief commission in America has made special efforts to send shoes to Belgium. Two American women, Miss Price Post (on the left in the picture) and Miss Catherine Willis recently inspected 50,000 pairs of shoes assembled in Brooklyn ready for shipment. The two little girls in the inserted picture were chosen as possessors of "average" feet to try on some of the shoes.

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

THE LOWELL SUN

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY JANUARY 10 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

EVACUATION OF GALLIPOLI

Attempt to Force Dardanelles a Dismal Failure—Thousands of Men Sacrificed

LONDON, Jan. 9, 9:45 p. m.—It is officially announced that the complete evacuation of the Gallipoli peninsula has been successfully carried out.

With the withdrawal of the British and French forces from the southern tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, following the evacuation of the Anzac and Suvla bay positions on the western coast in the middle of December, there has come to an end a movement, which has been begun with expectations of achievements which would have a great bearing on the outcome of the war.

Thousands upon thousands of men were killed in the enterprise of effecting landing on the Turkish coast and in the fighting since. In addition, a number of battleships and smaller war craft of the entente allies have been sunk or damaged as they bombarded the Turkish fortifications, in an endeavor to aid their forces on shore. The chief military purpose of the Dardanelles campaign, which was begun in February, 1915, with the bombardment of Turkish forts, the entrance to the straits by entente allied warships, the capture of Constantinople and the opening of the Bosphorus, which connects the Mediterranean with the Black sea so that Russia might have an avenue for the receipt of arms and ammunition, and also for the exportation of Russian grain.

Politically, a victory was expected to have a powerful influence on the neutral Balkan states of Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania, whose political status has for generations been balanced with that of Turkey in the ever-changing scale of Balkan politics.

There was elated the possibility, now realized, of preventing the establishment of a Balkan link between the Central powers and Turkey, and also of the possible opening of a land route to India, an ambition with which the English have long credited Germany.

In October, after the successful invasion of Serbia by the Germans and Bulgarians and the reports that Germany had begun its attack on Turkey, a storm of criticism of the government's Dardanelles campaign began in England.

Carson's Resignation

Sir Edward Carson, the attorney general, resigned from the cabinet, because of a disagreement with his colleagues over the campaign, it was said, and Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, the principal target of attack, also resigned.

Churchill placed some of the blame on the shoulders of Admiral Lord Fisher, first sea lord. There was also a complete reorganization of the French cabinet, which was generally attributed to the Balkan-Dardanelles situation.

The sending of the fleet to force the Dardanelles, without the co-operation of land forces, was generally considered to have been the big initial blunder of the campaign. The inadequacy of the land forces when they were sent was criticized as another. The government's critics said the campaign should have been delayed until better preparations could be made. Some thought the result would have been definite had the attack been launched immediately upon the declaration of war with Turkey.

Apologists for the government argued that at least a large Turkish army had been prevented from operating elsewhere, particularly in Egypt and the Caucasus. They argued, also, that the Balkan situation might have developed much sooner had the effort not been made when it was.

The campaign was marked by three major operations, one by the fleet alone and two by the land forces assisted by the fleet. The first result was the conquest of the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula for a distance of three miles and a narrow segment of its middle western coast, about 12 miles in length and hardly a mile deep.

The First Disaster

The first disaster came March 19, when mines blew up the French battleship Bouvet and the British battleships Irresistible and Ocean, while they were attempting a dash for the Narrows, the fortifications of which they had been bombarding for several weeks. Several other vessels were damaged at the same time and the fleet withdrew to the Aegean sea. On the same day it was announced that Admiral Carden,

the British commander, had been replaced by Admiral De Robeck.

De Robeck continued the bombardment with an occasional dash into the straits by the ships, until April, but it was not productive of any great results, according to accounts from the Turkish side. The Turks, however, reported that with their mobile batteries of heavy cannon they were able to damage many allied vessels.

Naval forces were landed March 24 at Seddul Bahr, the tip of the peninsula, but they were not strong enough to hold their positions, though they destroyed the fortifications.

Allied troops for a landing came April 26, but meantime the British battleship Triumph had been sunk and the submarine E-15 went aground and fell a victim to Turkish fire.

The first contingent of British troops under the command of Gen. Sir Hamilton, relatively small in numbers, landed at Seddul Bahr April 25, but not without heavy losses. French troops landed on the Asiatic side, but they stayed there only three days. The French subsequently formed the left wing of the British on Seddul Bahr. Meanwhile, the general bombardment of Turkish positions by the battleships was resumed.

British Troops Landed

Early in May, other British troops landed on the north side of the peninsula, near Ari Burnu, which afterwards came to be known as Anzac Cove. The name was taken from the initials of the Australian and New Zealand army corps, which comprised the landing forces. Their object was to cross the peninsula and cut the communications of the Turkish divisions at Seddul Bahr and storm the Turkish forts on the Gallipoli side of the narrows, thus opening the way for the safe entrance of the British fleet. They sustained terrible losses during the landing and troops found themselves in a sort of bowl, whose rocky brim bristled with machine guns. It was a case of entrenchment immediately and almost from that moment, the fighting settled down into trench warfare, which was maintained until Aug. 3, when reinforcements landed, again with great casualties, in the famous Anzac and Suvla bay positions. The veteran Anzac troops won a victory, capturing the Turkish positions before them, but the failure of one of the divisions of the Suvla bay expedition to accomplish the task assigned to it, prevented them from driving home. General Hamilton, in a recent report, said this operation failed partly through the use of untold troops under generals inexperienced in the warfare and partly through the failure of the water supply.

The British succeeded in effecting a junction with the French forces that gave no great military advantage.

The fighting here has been described as the most terrible of the war, both sides suffering tremendous losses.

On Nov. 2, Premier Asquith told parliament that the Dardanelles campaign had been a failure. Up to Dec. 3, the total British casualties on the peninsula were 115,555 men killed, wounded or missing. The losses in the evacuation of the Suvla bay and Anzac regions were declared by the British at the time to have been only four men wounded—making the total casualties in leaving the peninsula four men.

JOY IN CONSTANTINOPLE

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—(By wireless to Sayville).—The news of the definite failure of the Dardanelles expedition aroused enormous joy and satisfaction in Constantinople, says the Overseas News agency in a message distributed today. "Bunting was displayed and the schools were closed," continues the agency message, "point out the loss of prestige which this means for the British, besides the enormous losses of men, ships and money. They recall the proud words of Mr. Asquith in parliament on Nov. 2, 1914, that the Turkish empire had committed suicide and had dug its own grave, and those of Mr. Churchill, at a later date, that through the Dardanelles lay the shortest road to triumphant peace. The newspapers further call attention to the fact that important Turkish contingents are now free for action in other fields."

UPHELD AT CONSTITUTIONAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Sherley amendment of 1902 to the federal pure food law, declaring drugs to be misbranded if the package or label bears or contains false and fraudulent statements regarding the curative or therapeutic effects thereof, was upheld as constitutional today by the supreme court.

MOHR MURDER

Continued

ered outside the court house but a special detail of policemen guarded both entrances and allowed inside only those who had business in the building. The limited space in the court room precluded all but a very few save ventriloquist, lawyers, newspapermen and court attaches, from attending the proceedings today. Included in the upwards of 20 newspaper writers at the trial were several women reporters, who were assigned to relate the sentimental side of the story.

John J. Fitzgerald and Arthur Cushing appeared as counsel for Mrs. Mohr, while William H. Lewis of Boston, former United States assistant attorney general and John B. Edwards acted as attorneys for the two negroes. The prosecution was represented by Attorney General Herbert A. Rice and Assistant Attorney General Abbott Phillips.

Judge Stearns ascended the bench at 10:05 o'clock.

Mrs. Elizabeth E. Mohr, C. Victor Brown and Henry H. Spellman were arraigned on the charge of murder. Mrs. Mohr was an accessory and the other two as the actual slayers, and all pleaded not guilty. The trial then proceeded.

At the outset of the proceedings Attorney Lewis for himself as counsel for Brown and for lawyer Edwards as counsel for Spellman moved that they be appointed counsel for the defendants. Judge Stearns denied the motion as regards Mr. Lewis on the ground that he is a non-resident of the state.

Mr. Lewis said he had been down here 15 times in behalf of Brown without getting anything as compensation. The court retained him that he had a chance to withdraw last week if he so desired and give someone else a chance to be appointed.

The court appointed Edwards to defend Spellman, after Edwards had stated that he had not received any money from his client or any promise of remuneration from Spellman or his friends.

Mrs. Mohr came into the court room while this argument was going on. She has been out on bail. She was dressed in mourning and wore a very thin veil so that her face was clearly visible. Her face was a trifle pale but otherwise she appeared to be in good spirits.

C. Victor Brown and Henry Spellman were then brought up to the court room from a cell down stairs.

Asked Separate Trial

Arthur Cushing of counsel for Mrs. Mohr moved that his client have a separate trial from that of the negroes for causes set forth in affidavit. Before he had a chance to read them Attorney General Rice arose and said Judge Rathbun had denied a similar motion two weeks ago. Judge Stearns stated he didn't see how the motion could be granted unless something new had developed. Mr. Cushing was allowed to read an affidavit made by himself. In it Mr. Cushing averred that Mrs. Mohr could not have a fair and impartial trial if tried with the other defendants because of the fact that the confessions admissible in evidence as to the negroes along would prejudice the jury against her and that her defense was antagonistic to the defense of the negroes. Judge Stearns denied the motion and gave Mr. Cushing an exception. He ruled that Justice Rathbun had already passed on these questions.

In answer to a query of Attorney Lewis the court stated that all defendants are regarded as one in the matter of challenging jurors. Attorney Lewis then moved that the defendants be treated as individuals in challenging jurors and the court denied the motion. Cushing's defense by this ruling will have no more challenges than the prosecution.

William A. Carroll and James F. McCarlin were added to the legal staff of Mrs. Mohr at this juncture and the appearance of Assistant Attorney General Claude R. Branch increased the force of attorneys on the prosecution's side.

The work of impelling a jury was begun after the clerk of the court had

polled the veniremen for the purpose of ascertaining the number present. Seventy-five answered to their names.

All Ventriloquists Excluded

All of the veniremen were excluded from the room and sent for one at a time and examined as to his qualifications to sit on the panel.

Frank E. Hagar, a bookkeeper of Cranston, was the first one called. Assistant Attorney General Phillips explained to him what the case was. Asked if he could sit and give a fair and impartial verdict Mr. Hagar said he had a fixed opinion as to the guilt of the accused from reading the newspapers and he thought it would be impossible to remove that opinion by competent evidence. Judge Stearns asked him if he was trying to escape jury duty and Mr. Hagar said he was not, but that the newspaper accounts had made a deep impression upon him. He would not admit that he could be fair and impartial and was excused from serving.

Hugh Carney, a tinsmith of this city, said he saw no reason why he couldn't serve and give an impartial verdict. He was accepted as a tentative juror.

At this point Attorney Lewis asked the court if the jury was going to be segregated during the course of the trial and Judge Stearns said he presumed the jury would be kept together.

Robert P. Winsor, a manufacturer of Providence, had an off-hand opinion, but said he could discard it if sufficient evidence was submitted. He was accepted tentatively.

Barry L. Shawcross, a mill hand of Johnston, stated that his attitude was entirely unbiased and he took a seat on the panel.

Kilt Taylor, retired mill man of Woonsocket, admitted that he could render an impartial decision solely on the evidence. He was accepted.

William H. Dunn, a Providence grocer, was eligible to sit.

Oran Q. Fink, a farmer of Scituate, qualified and was seated on the panel.

John Curtis, lumberman of Foster, said he would do justice by both sides and was seated tentatively.

Robert D. Hays, a decorator of Central Falls, had no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendants and took a seat in the jury box.

Michael Klen, a local blacksmith, was accepted, subject as the rest of them are to challenge.

Edward J. Sullivan, a Providence plumber, said he didn't like to sit on murder cases but that he had no opinion. He is a prospective juror.

First Juror Exonerated

Ephraim H. Mowry, farmer of North Smithfield, showed himself to be eligible.

Gordon W. B. Church, a photographer of Warren, was excused on the ground that he lived in the vicinity of the scene of the murder.

Eugene A. Creighton, painter of Burdetteville, was excused because he has been suffering from the grippe.

Charles E. Druggan, mill hand of Burdetteville, was the twelfth man to qualify as a tentative member of the panel.

Hugh Carney, first juror drawn, was excused by the court because of evidence introduced by the prosecution that he had expressed an opinion favorable to Mrs. Mohr to a private detective last Saturday. This left 11 tentative jurors on the panel when court finally adjourned for luncheon till 2:30.

HAD DESIRE FOR SUIT

Last Saturday night Desire Gadhola of 21 Tremont street reported to the police that a suit of clothes had been stolen from his room. Sergt. Groux was assigned to the case and this morning he ran into one Joseph L. Dussault walking down Moody street wearing the same suit. When Joseph was questioned as to how he came by the new suit, he at first said he bought it on Merrimack street, later Middlesex street, and finally admitted that he stole it. He is now locked up at the station for alleged larceny.

All the Berlin street cars are now in charge of women motormen.

HE IS ALMOST BLIND

WORKING YEARS AT OIL BURNING

FURNACE IMPAIRS LEVI BOOTHBY'S SIGHT

As a result of operating what is known as an oil burning furnace at the Lawrence street plant of the U. S. Cartridge Co. or the past 16 years, Levi Boothby of Chelmsford Centre has almost lost the sight of both eyes and inasmuch as he has not done any work since last March, he has asked for compensation which he claims he deserves under the Workmen's Compensation act and accordingly a hearing was held at city hall this forenoon.

Mr. Boothby is reported to be the first man in Lowell to operate an oil burning furnace and as a result of being constantly on the job, the vision of one of his eyes has been reduced to two tenths and the vision of the other to one tenth. Mr. Boothby claims that his sight has been reduced to such an extent that on March 17 of the past year he was forced to give up his work and was also obliged to have special glasses fitted.

The arbitrators at the hearing were as follows: Dr. F. R. Mahoney, for the employee, Joseph Parks, chairman, for the Industrial Accident board; and Judge Pickman for the insurer, the London Guarantee and Accident Co. H. S. Avery, Esq., appeared for the insurer and T. H. Mahoney, Esq., of this city, for the injured. Among the witnesses heard were Mr. Boothby, Dr. R. J. Meigs, who examined the injured for the U. S. Cartridge Co., Dr. B. Daley of Boston, who examined the injured for the insurer and Dr. George Leahy, who treated Mr. Boothby.

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NO. CHELMSFORD

Man Dead in Boiler

Room - Mr. Talbot Taken Ill

Sarsfield Talbot, a well known resident of North Chelmsford was taken suddenly ill at his home at the corner of Pleasant and Princeton streets this morning and his condition became so serious that he was rushed to St. John's hospital by automobile. Examination at the hospital showed the young man to be suffering from an attack of appendicitis.

Fire in Middlesex Village

The old village house in Middlesex street was visited by a fire on Saturday. Flames were discovered on the second story by George Sheppard and Joseph Ryan who worked for several minutes before the fire was put under control. The fire is believed to have been caused by a stove which became overheated.

Cutting Ice

The ice on Swayne's pond is now 13 inches thick and John Marinel, Jr., will begin cutting on Wednesday. Marinel informed a Sun representative today that he will be able to use about a

BUILDING OF STADIUM PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT

Mayor O'Donnell Interested in First St. Development—High School Plans Not Ready

It seems that through a lack of interest of the municipal council of 1915 the plans in relation to the cost of the development of First street have been changed so that it will mean a greater expense to the city than was originally proposed. This information was given the press by Mayor O'Donnell this forenoon. The mayor will take this matter up at once and hopes to arrange with the Locks and Canals Co. to have the latter contribute what land will be necessary, without expense to the city.

The mayor's statement follows:

"A matter in which I am much interested but to which I have given but little attention thus far, as the result of a rush of other propositions is the development of First street. With the proposed completion of the state highway, it is believed that the sum now asked for will suffice to complete this work the coming vacation season. Machine Shop. While we have a very varied equipment for the floor set apart for a machine shop, the machinery is more crowded than would be considered safe in a commercial shop. There is not room for instruction of one-fourth of the evening pupils applying for this course. The manufacturers of 'municipalities' have so drawn upon the mills for mechanics as to create a dearth, while the mill managers are saying, 'Give us more mechanics and we will make the most efficient mill operatives of them.'

We have had to refuse about 130 bright youths this year, who applied for evening instruction, because the quietest examination and were registered because we lacked floor space. Some of them have found evening employment temporarily as 'helpers' since the shops extended their hours into the evenings or all night. The outlook is that when this demand slackens we shall not only have this waiting list demanding admission, but an increasing number added thereto. It is doubtful if the state can spend its revenue more wisely in the educational field than in increasing the force of trained mechanics. Recent and continuing events indicate a stronger demand for mechanics than for drill-sergeants.

We have the ground to place the proposed shop on. We build, as our annual reports show, from 25 to 40 per cent cheaper than most, if not all, of the higher educational institutions, as we make our own working plans and furnish our superintendents; of construction using our whole force of engineers and skilled laborers not employed on repairs, or otherwise, on the work during the summer vacations, our entire body of employees being hired for the 12 calendar months, working, mill hours, or twice as many daily, as are required by the high schools, academies and colleges. We purchase all material

BEING TRIED FOR MURDER

Crowds Gather to Hear Trial of Mrs. Mohr and Two Negroes at Providence, R. I.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 10.—Twelve jurors, filling the jury box, had been tentatively accepted for the panel which is to try Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr and the two negroes accused of slaying her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, when Judge Searles in the superior court at 1.15 p. m., ordered an adjournment for the mid-day recess. The two negroes, C. Victor Brown and Henry H. Speltz, are charged with the actual commission of the murder, while the slain man's widow is on trial as an accessory.

The shooting occurred on the night of Aug. 31, 1915, in Barrington.

Several preliminary motions were disposed of before the empanelment of the jury began. Counsel for Mrs. Mohr lost their motion to have her tried separately from the negroes on the ground that the two defenses are antagonistic and that the confessions which will be admissible in evidence as against the negroes will prejudice the jury against her. A motion by Attorney Lewis representing the negroes, to permit each of the defendants to have separate challenges of jurors, was also denied. Each challenge will have to do for all the defendants under the court's ruling.

The task of selecting 12 men to sit on the jury who were willing to go upon the panel with open minds was slow and difficult. A number of prospective jurors had formed an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendants by reason of having read the newspaper accounts of the tragedy. Those who were accepted said they could disregard their opinion.

Those sitting on the panel are subject to challenge, each side having the right to challenge one in every four drawn.

Throughout the proceedings Mrs. Mohr sat at her counsel's table and appeared to take a lively interest in each question put to the veniremen. Once the serious expression on her face relaxed into a smile when Attorney Lewis in arguing a motion remarked that "we're all in the same boat," contending that a motion made by counsel for Mrs. Mohr applied to the negroes as well.

When court adjourned at 1.20 for luncheon, Hugh Carney, the first juror drawn for the panel, was further examined. He was confronted with the example of Aristotle of Paruchet, a private detective, and he admitted he saw Mr. Aldrich at his home last Saturday, but denied having expressed an opinion on the Mohr case.

Attorney General Rice put Mr. Aldrich on the stand and the witness said Mr. Carney expressed an opinion favorable to Mrs. Mohr because Mr. Carney

told him Mrs. Mohr was very charitable. Witness said Carney told him this without any questions on his part. The court halted all inquiry regarding religious belief. Judge Searles thought that Mr. Carney ought to be excused on this showing, and eliminated him from the panel.

Crowd Outside Court

An hour before the trial set for the trial a considerable crowd had gathered outside the court house.

Continued to Last Page

HEINE WAGNER RELEASED

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—Heine Wagner, who in his younger days, was regarded as one of the greatest short stops in major league baseball, was given his unconditional release by the Boston American league team today. Wagner had been with the Red Sox since 1905 but in recent years had been used only as a substitute. It was said that he might secure a berth as manager in one of the minor leagues.

F. H. DODD DEAD

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—F. H. Dodd, president of the American Publishers' Assn. and senior member of the publishing firm of Dodd, Mead & Co., died here today from heart trouble following an attack of the grip. Mr. Dodd was 72 years of age and had been a publisher for more than 50 years.

SEVERE RHEUMATIC PAINS DISAPPEAR

Rheumatism depends on an acid in the blood which attacks the muscles and joints, producing inflammation, stiffness and pain. This acid gets into the blood through some defect in the digestive process. Hood's Sarsaparilla, the old-time blood tonic, is very successful in the treatment of rheumatism. It acts directly, with purifying effect, on the blood, and improves the digestion. Don't suffer. Get Hood's today.

HALIFOUX'S
ON THE SQUARE

Money will buy a pretty good dog, but it won't buy the wag of his tail. It took something more than money to rear this business. Back of the ample resources at the start was the motive power of experience—diligent effort intelligently directed—call it "efficiency" and you will understand, we think, just what we mean. Money will buy much—but it won't buy efficiency unless it buys action too.

MESOPOTAMIA REPORTS ARE WIDELY DIVERGENT

Berlin Despatch Says British Are Re- treating and Announcement is Made in British House of Commons That Turks Have Retreated—Fierce Fight- ing in the Champagne District

Reports on the progress of the campaign in Mesopotamia are widely divergent.

Constantinople advices through Berlin this morning declared the British main army was retreating from Kut-el-Amara, where a force of ten thousand had been left to cover the retreat.

It was announced in the British house of commons, on the other hand, that after heavy fighting on both banks of the Tigris on Jan. 7 the Turks, on Jan. 9, were in full retreat, with the British pursuing.

The British announcement recorded the capture of two Turkish guns and 700 prisoners. It also was made known that Lieut. Gen. Sir Percy Noel Lake had been appointed to succeed Gen. Sir John Eccles Nixon in command of the British Mesopotamia force.

Berlin and Paris give varying accounts of the result of the German offensive movement in the Champagne district.

Berlin declares that about 700 yards of French trenches were taken and held against a counter attack.

The French statement asserts that the German attacks broke down and that after a temporary foothold in the French positions at some points the Germans were afterwards driven out except from two small sections of advanced trenches.

The fighting in the Champagne, which evidently was of a violent character, was on ground which the French had taken in the great allied drive of last September.

Interment at Toulon, France, of the consuls of the Teutonic allies, who were arrested at Saloniki is reported in a Paris despatch.

SIR PERCY LAKE APPOINTED

LONDON, Jan. 10, 3.40 p. m.—Sir Percy Lake has been appointed to command the British forces in Mesopotamia in succession to Gen. Sir John Eccles Nixon, who has been compelled by ill health to return home. It was announced today by J. Austen Chamberlain, secretary for India.

BISHOPS OF BELGIUM

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The bishops of Belgium have sent a collective letter to Austrian and German bishops replying to denials by the prelates of the two empires that the allegations respecting German atrocities in Belgium, are authentic. "The Belgian bishops who signed the letter affirm that they themselves conducted an investigation, village by village, which demonstrated that the report of the official Belgian committee underestimated the facts if anything.

"To cut short the controversy, they proposed the formation of a court composed of an equal number of Belgian bishops, Austrian and German bishops and neutral prelates. Such a court could see and judge what the Germans actually did in Belgium. The writers of the letter say, if it be true that it is the first duty of the clergy to sacrifice all to the truth, the bishops of the central empire cannot decline to accept this proposal.

"This letter was written on Nov. 28, and thus far has not been answered. Several Belgian prelates are on the way to Rome. It is understood that their purpose is to make their letter public. Those who have seen the text of the letter declare that its publication would have a profound effect, and it is understood that the Vatican is endeavoring to prevent such action."

THE TURKS IN RETREAT

LONDON, Jan. 10, 3.53 p. m.—The Turks in Mesopotamia were in full retreat on Jan. 9, with the British pursuing them, it was announced in the house of commons today by J. Austen Chamberlain, secretary of India.

GERMANS LOSE HEAVILY

PARIS, Jan. 10.—Heavy attacks were made yesterday by German troops in the Champagne, the war office announced today. The German attacks broke down with heavy losses, the statement says, and although they gained temporary foothold in French positions at various places they were subsequently driven out everywhere except from portions of two advanced trenches.

THE LUSITANIA CONTROVERSY

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, had an engagement to confer with Secretary Lansing today and it was indicated that a final settlement of the Lusitania controversy was close at hand.

Continued on page three

HOT CLASH IN CONGRESS

Gardner of Massachusetts and Stafford of Wisconsin Lock Horns Regarding Defence

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The violent attack made by representative Gardner of Wisconsin on the speech of representative Gardner of Massachusetts was followed today by an apology from Mr. Stafford from the floor of the house. He stated that while he did not retract his assertion that Mr. Gardner's statements were incorrect, he wished to withdraw anything that might be construed as a personal affront to the congressman from Massachusetts.

Later in the day, Mr. Gardner replied to Mr. Stafford and referred to his remarks wherein he had said that the German-Americans would respond to the colors nobly and not as some of the volunteers from Mexico. "England did in the Spanish war, when they enlisted against a little crumbling country and then had their mothers go and beg them off," Mr. Gardner said in part that he did not feel "that Massachusetts needed and defence—her defence is written in the pages of history of the country. In the Spanish war Massachusetts furnished six volunteer regiments. One a regiment of coast artillery which is always to the front, and five infantry. A fourth infantry gararisoned Montezuma, Cuba, after the war." "Out of nine regiments (volunteers) in Cuba and Porto Rico which had casualties in action no less than three came from Massachusetts" Mr. Gardner in closing suggested that the Wisconsin congressman has been in congress many years, and that he ought to know that the only way to command respect is to be able to verify statements made, and called on Mr. Stafford to come forward and confirm what he had previously said. But Mr. Stafford made no response and the incident ended and routine matters were taken up by the house.

RICHARDS.

EAST YOUNGSTOWN RIOT

Grand Jury Begins Investigation —Sheet and Tube Company's Plant Reopened Today

YOUNGSTOWN O., Jan. 10.—The grand jury today began an investigation into the riot in East Youngstown Friday night. More than 200 men have been arrested and a majority of these will be held pending the outcome of the inquiry, which will be under the direction of A. E. Henderson, prosecuting attorney of Mahoning county.

The gates of the Youngstown Sheet and Tube Co. plant, which has been tied up because of a strike of laborers, were reopened today and preparations are being made to resume operation soon. Many former employees reported for duty and were at once put to work. The furnaces are still banked but workers were assigned to cleaning up and making repairs.

Fred C. Croston, the mediator sent here in an effort to settle the strike, continued his conferences with representatives of the companies and employees today.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?

READ THE PROSPECTUS

Office, 16 Central Block Telephone 30

MORE FUNDS NEEDED FOR TEXTILE SCHOOL

Trustees Will Ask Legislature for \$22,000 Additional This Year —Report for Past Year

In their annual report to the auditor of the commonwealth, the trustees of the Lowell Textile school state that they will ask the legislature this year to provide approximately \$22,000 more than last year for the expenses of the school. The items entering into the estimate for the new year are:

Maintenance (same as last year)	\$50,000.00
Deficiency in maintenance for 1915	1,232.76
Completing grading, seeding down and enclosing the school grounds	1,500.00
Machine shop	20,000.00
Total	\$72,732.76

The following explanation of the necessity for the increased appropriation is given by James T. Smith, clerk of the corporation controlling the school:

Maintenance.—The legislature at the last session made provision to meet a large loss in total revenues from non-resident evening pupils, mainly from Lawrence and vicinity for the current year (the pupils being unable to pay but a small percentage of the cost of instruction) by increasing the amount allowed for maintenance to \$50,000. And although there will be a considerable increase in the item for maintenance, because of the establishment of an organic chemistry laboratory mainly devoted to instruction in the making of dyes, it is believed that the same amount, \$50,000 estimated for, will suffice for the coming school year, while this is an estimate.

Maintenance Deficiency, 1914-15.—While we expected there would be a deficiency in evening tuition for the year ending June 30, 1915, there being an increase in non-resident evening pupils of 50 per cent, and so stated in our petition last year, as that year had not then closed, we deferred estimating for it until the account for that year was made up. We now find the deficiency to be \$1,232.76, for which we now ask an appropriation.

Completing Grading, etc.—Although our extensive grounds were all contributed, with the exception of a few feet, the topography was exceedingly varied into the fine sand hills and swamp. For the protection of our machinery and laboratories, and for sanitary reasons, a great deal of grading and filling was required, and some walls along the highway. A city dump for the better qualities of garbage was established, and, with street sweepings, some tens of thousands of loads were received. This needs to be covered with soil and seeded down. Good progress has been made in dilling and wall building this season, and it is believed that the sum now asked for will suffice to complete this work the coming vacation season.

Machine Shop.—While we have a very varied equipment for the floor set apart for a machine shop, the machinery is more crowded than would be considered safe in a commercial shop. There is not room for instruction of one-fourth of the evening pupils applying for this course. The manufacturers of "municipalities" have so drawn upon the mills for mechanics as to create a dearth, while the mill managers are saying, "Give us more mechanics and we will make the most efficient mill operatives of them."

We have had to refuse about 130 bright youths this year, who applied for evening instruction, because the quietest examination and were registered because we lacked floor space. Some of them have found evening employment temporarily as "helpers" since the shops extended their hours into the evenings or all night. The outlook is that when this demand slackens we shall not only have this waiting list demanding admission, but an increasing number added thereto. It is doubtful if the state can spend its revenue more wisely in the educational field than in increasing the force of trained mechanics. Recent and continuing events indicate a stronger demand for mechanics than for drill-sergeants.

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EXPLOSION KILLS THREE

Plant of Du Pont Powder Works Blown Up—Blast Felt Twenty- five Miles Away

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 10.—Three men were killed and a number injured in an explosion of smokeless powder early today at the plant of the Du Pont powder works at Carney's Point, N. J. One man is missing. It had been feared that a large number of men had lost their lives after an investigation the superintendent of the plant said that only three were dead and possibly four.

The cause of the explosion is not known but according to the superintendent there is no suspicion that the blast was due to outside agencies. The report that arrests had been made was denied.

The plant is divided into three divisions—numbers 1, 2 and 3. Approximately 15,000 workmen are employed and the plant was running 24 hours a day. Only smokeless powder and picric acid, the latter an ingredient of the deadly Lyddite used in making shells, are manufactured at these works. Most of the structures are one story in height, of scantling and covered with sheet iron.

The dead were John Walsh, Nyack, N. Y.; Richard J. Larney, Philadelphia and T. Clyde Lynn, address not known. The superintendent of the plant said that the victims were employees, but they had no business in that part of the works where the explosion occurred. The blast was felt 25 miles away.

BOY SCOUT MEETING WANTS BIG ARMY

One to Two Million Men Needed in Event of War

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Maj. Gen. Scott, chief of staff of the army, told the house military committee today that in the event of war, the country must have an army of one million to two million men, or "accept disaster."

The chief of staff reiterated Secretary Garrison's view that if the continental army plan failed there was no escape from compulsory service. Every country at war in Europe realized that, he said, and he expressed the view that England might have better realized it sooner.

ASK TEN PER CENT INCREASE

FALL RIVER, Jan. 10.—The union mill firemen of this city sent a request to the Manufacturers' association today for an advance in wages of 10 per cent.

GIVE FIVE PER CENT INCREASE

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Jan. 10.—Six mills in this city engaged in woolen and worsted weaving and employing 2000 hands today announced a 5 per cent increase in wages for all their employees. The increase took effect Jan. 8. The mills making the advance are the Lippitt and Montrose woolen and the Dunn, perseverance, Scotia and Barmia worsted concerns. Scarcity of help rather than prosperity is given as the reason for the increase.

ACQUITS NEW HAVEN MEN COTTON MILLS IN CHINA LOSING TRADE

Jury Acquits Six Former Directors and Disagrees in Cases of Other Five—Jury Out 51 Hours

Machinery From Lowell and All Equipment Will Be American Order—Other Orders Later

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—Six of the 11 former directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, charged by the government with criminal violation of the Sherman anti-trust law, were found not guilty late yesterday by the jury, which for nearly three months has been trying the case. The jury disagreed on the others.

Those acquitted were: D. Newton Barney, Farmington, Ct.; Robert W. Taft, Providence, R. I.; Jas. S. Hemingway, A. Heaton, Robertson and Frederick F. Brewster, New Haven; and Henry K. McFarland, Stamford, Ct.

Those on whom the jury disagreed were William Rockefeller, New York; Charles F. Brooks, Ansonia, Ct.; Chas. M. Pratt, Brooklyn; Lewis Cass Ledyard, New York, and Edward D. Robbins, New Haven.

51 Hours' Deliberation

The verdict was returned at 4.30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after 51 hours of deliberation, and the jury was discharged. The final vote on the five defendants upon whom the jury could not agree stood 8 to 4 for acquittal, 10 to 2 for conviction.

B. L. Davis, chief counsel for the government, announced that in due time he would move for a new trial of the six who were acquitted, but who obtained the verdict by a majority of one.

The jury did not reach their verdict until after they had reported to Judge Hunt earlier in the day that they could not agree. Up to that time—noon—they had been deliberating with a view to bringing in a verdict of acquittal or innocence of the defendants collectively. The court then instructed them to make further efforts to concur and that if they could not agree upon all, to try to reach a decision on some. The vote on the question of all at that time also stood 8 to 4 for acquittal, it was learned.

Reached Verdict

On returning to the jury room, the jurors renewed their discussion with the court's instructions in mind, and unanimously eliminated the six defendants who were acquitted. Two of the jurors who had voted against the defendants originally stood firm, however, against Messrs. Rockefeller, Ledyard, Brooks, Pratt and Robbins. Then the other two switched to their original position, leaving eight to four as the final verdict.

From the time the case was submitted to them at 1.30 o'clock Friday afternoon, the jurors took in all 18 ballots. The first stood six for acquittal, four for conviction and two blank. It was not until Saturday that they reached the 8 to 4 alignment.

Haggard and Unlucky

William Rockefeller, who is ill, and Henry K. McFarland were not present when the jurors haggard and unluckily filed into the court room to render their verdict. The nine other defendants were in their usual seats. Some of them, during the long hours of waiting, had laughed and joked with counsel and newspapermen. Others displayed much nervousness, particularly after Judge Hunt's instructions Saturday, urging:

DO YOU DREAD THE COLD?

Some people enjoy cold weather, take pleasure in winter sports and the keen air calls the pink to their cheeks and the red to their lips. Others shrink from cold and turn blue at the least exposure to frosty air.

The difference is in the blood. Rich, red blood warms the body. Every long breath of pure cold air increases the oxygen it carries to every part of the system. Thin blood is unable to take up the life-sustaining oxygen. The body lacks nourishment and the sufferer is always cold, takes a chill easily and is miserable all winter.

Thin blood is largely the sufferer's own fault. It results from neglect, because the blood can be built up. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills supply the elements that the blood needs to make it rich and red and to enable it to carry more oxygen. Building up the red portion of the blood is simple, but because thin blood does not call attention to itself it is often neglected. Have you seriously considered taking a course of treatment with these blood-making pills? If you are in doubt write for information.

Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., will send you a booklet "Building Up the Blood" free on request.

The GILBRIDE CO.

The Great January Clearance Sale Brings Wonderful Opportunities

This sale is receiving the endorsement of the best men and women in Lowell.

We are going after business and deserve it.

Our LOWERED PRICES should be an inducement for you to buy STAPLE GOODS this month.

BUY FREELY NOW for such opportunities for saving money don't come every day.

New Lots On Sale TODAY

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—The Chinese government has decided to equip two cotton mills with American machinery and has placed orders with American manufacturers and builders for machinery and plants valued at more than \$200,000. The act of the government is particularly gratifying to American manufacturers of textile machinery and power equipment because it was taken after a careful consideration of the claims of rival concerns in European countries, and because it means a royal entrance to a market that will be inviting for many years to come.

The negotiations between the Chinese government and the American concerns were conducted with the assistance of Commercial Attaché Julian H. Arnold, who was the first to call the opportunity to the attention of American manufacturers. Mr. Arnold represents the United States bureau of foreign and domestic commerce in China.

The desirability of manufacturing more cotton goods at home has long been urged by progressive Chinese.

reached for at least another day, and were accordingly surprised when it came a few hours later.

The defendants were indicted Feb. 26, 1915. The trial began Oct. 13, last, and terminated last night. It entailed an expense to the government and defendants of three-quarters of a million dollars.

WILL ASK NEW TRIAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—Although Attorney General Gregory last night declined to grant a new trial in the New Haven case, it is believed here that the department of justice probably will ask for new trials in the case of the five men about whom the jury disagreed. Some officials of the department were plainly gratified over the fact that so many of the defendants failed to secure acquittal and took the view that the men about whom the jury disagreed were the most promising figures in the upbuilding of the New Haven system.

Officials have been keenly interested in the outcome of this case. It was begun virtually at the direction of President Wilson, who took a decided interest in the negotiations between the department of justice and the present management of the New Haven, which resulted in the separation of the New Haven and its subsidiaries. The attempt to entangle the New Haven had dragged along for many months and apparently the negotiations had arrived at a point which they could not pass in July, 1914, when the president wrote a letter to the then attorney general, now Attorney General Gregory, in which he stated that the department of justice, in the present management of the New Haven, had brought about the dissolution, and also that "the criminal aspects of the case" be laid before a federal grand jury. Later, the necessity for civil prosecution was obviated by the dissolution agreement.

Officials of the department said tonight that every possible effort had been made to prosecute the case successfully. There is a feeling that at least the action of the jury has shown that the criminal provisions of the Sherman law is not entirely a dead letter.

SOCIAL FORUM

Boston Manufacturer Talks on Human and Economic Waste

Charles Kroil of Boston was the speaker at the Social Forum, Grace Universalist church, Sunday night. His topic was "Waste, Human and Economic." Mr. Kroil is a manufacturer of the potentialities of the young men and women. He suggested that this latter element is evident in the thousands who are absolutely lost as to their future. Think what this country would be like, he said, if all were fully educated. Compute the value of that and think how far short of it humanity falls. He declared this to be a waste of the individual and to society as a whole.

Mr. Kroil took the educational system to task somewhat and said that there is nothing about the training of the young folks. There are 100 opportunities to one man or woman fully prepared to take them. The constant cry in the industries is for competent men. The young people are trained to meet the demand of the opportunities. Mr. Kroil also spoke of the waste through poor health, improper nourishment, insanity, degeneracy, crime, drunkenness, and immorality, which he ascribed to the defect in the system. Human happiness is wasted through hard work and long hours and accidents, he said that in 1915, 25,000 persons were killed in the industries other than railroads and 700,000 injured. The loss of human power, energy and happiness was evident in this, he thought.

In outlining the economic waste, Mr. Kroil said that the country has lost half of its potentiality in the very small number of persons who are unemployed. They are not efficiently organized and managed and the labor is not utilized as the thought and heart of the workers are not engaged in their work. Industries are not 100 per cent efficient. Industries are not easily produced, and the product without added strain on management or worker. There is no organization and no balance in the system of business. This is self-evident when it is realized that 65 per cent of the men who go into business fail within five years. Competition makes waste. The production of things that are unnecessary, use and temporary and to the waste. Things which sturdy industrial problems realize that this country is still in the small competitive state of industry and this means waste. He urged that Germany could well be emulated in some particular, particularly in the intelligent distribution of product and energy.

To get an ideal state of society which will protect the individual requires a great deal of training and education and the building up of skill, enthusiasm and interest. These the majority of people lack, he declared. The fault lies in the social system. Dr. Kroil discussed the employment of minors at some length. He said that the most valuable employee and the cheapest is the most intelligent and there is no economy in child labor and in the employment of the physically incapable. He further declared that the young person of 16 or 17 years of age is of no use in the average industry. Mr. Kroil also gave an estimate of the college training. He felt that college boys are not definitely trained for anything and that boys are turned out for enduring professions like the law, medicine or engineering only later to find that there is nothing for them in those lines and they are compelled to seek other avenues for a livelihood.

LADDERMAN WAS KILLED

BIG TANNERY DESTROYED BY FIRE AT PEABODY—LOSS ESTIMATED AT \$200,000

PEABODY, Jan. 10.—During a fire that destroyed the India goat and sheepskin tannery of Thomas H. O'Shea last night, William H. Kerwin, a ladderman, was killed, and William J. Fennelly, a hoseman, was painfully hurt by the fall of an iron smokestack, one hundred feet high. Several other firemen were disabled by smoke and falling debris. The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

The fire was in a dangerous place in the center of the factory district, but adjoining structures were saved with the aid of apparatus from Lynn, Salem and Danvers. The three large wooden buildings of the leather plant were leveled. Two of these structures were nine stories in height and the other was of four stories. Only the office building, a one-story structure, was saved.

The plant employed 120 men and had a capacity of 750 skins a day. The flames started in the boiler room of the larger structures and spread swiftly, threatening to sweep the manufacturing district. Kerwin and Fennelly were in an alleyway, when the great smokestack crashed on to the roof over their heads and rolled down on them. Kerwin was killed. Fennelly, 40 years old and leaves a widow and two small children. Fennelly received a glancing blow which caused a deep gash in his head. His injuries are not expected to prove serious.

BREAK A CHILD'S COLD BY GIVING SYRUP OF FIGS

Cleanses the Little Liver and Bowels and They Get Well Quick

When your child suffers from a cold don't wait; give the little stomach, liver and bowels a gentle, thorough cleansing at once. When cross, peevish, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally; if breath is bad, stomach sour, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs." and in a few hours all the clogged-up, constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

If your child coughs, snuffles and has caught cold or is feverish or has a sore throat give a good dose of "California Syrup of Figs" to evacuate the bowels no difference what other treatment is given.

Sick children need to be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure. They also know a little given today saves a sick child tomorrow.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeiters sold here. Get the genuine, made by "California Fig Syrup Company."

LOSING TRADE

Export Figures for 1915 Analyzed — Need of Merchant Fleet

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—That the United States owing to the lack of an American merchant marine is losing its foreign export trade in regular legitimate merchandise other than war exports is pointed out in bulletin No. 3 of the directors of the port of Boston, which is an analysis of the 1915 foreign trade of the United States. The fact that only 20 per cent of our exports are manufactured goods also is deplored.

Complaint is made of the British orders in council interfering with American trade to neutral European or other countries, of the arbitrary lengthening of the contraband list by the English government and of the unwarranted interruption of cable communication.

The directors state that at the present time the commerce of the United States is in a dangerous condition, the regular normal and fruitful foreign trade of the country being arrested and paralyzed, due to the lack of an adequate American merchant marine, and that unless the manufacturers wait to place our country on a permanent basis to compete for foreign trade, it is predicted that at the close of the war about 30,000 wage earners will be innocent victims of the gigantic readjustment which is to take place.

Will Fight for Markets

It is stated that even now in Europe business is necessarily socialized and communized by the nations at war and that when peace is declared and they once more are seeking to regain the foreign markets of the world the American manufacturers must meet this competition with greater economies and efficiencies.

As an example of the difficulties to be overcome in foreign trade without an American merchant marine it is pointed out that preference is even now made in ocean rates of 43 per cent by British steamship lines to English shippers in the South American trade as against Americans. This is quoted to show the absolute need for an American merchant marine if the United States is to obtain any extension of its foreign commerce.

The directors recommended to Congress the immediate appointment of a non-partisan tariff bureau to adjust our policies and protect our trade wherever necessary from competitors, and also the establishment of a shipping board to encourage and help in all ways possible the establishment and development of an American merchant marine, to the end that the sale of surplus products of the United States may be increased in all the markets of the world.

Manufacturers Criticized

Analysis is made of the foreign trade of the United States since the war in Europe and the manufacturers of the country are criticized for turning their backs upon staple lines of export industry for the gamble of war orders.

It is stated that the exports of the country for the year ending June 30, 1915, reached a total of \$2,765,000,000, or \$300,000,000 more than for the previous year, making a balance of trade of exports over imports of more than \$1,000,000,000 in favor of the United States.

It is pointed out, however, that there are several features of this \$1,000,000,000 balance of trade worth analyzing and that the \$200,000,000 decrease in imports is partly responsible for the good showing.

The bulletin states that 71.3 per cent of the enormous exports of the United States went to Europe; 17.1 per cent to other North American countries; 7 per cent to Asia (including China and Asiatic Russia) and Oceania; 3.5 per cent to South America and 1 per cent to Africa.

It is shown that whereas the balance of trade is \$1,350,000,000 in favor of the United States in its trade with Europe and \$4,000,000 in the case of other countries in North America and \$7,500,000 in the case of Africa, our balance of trade for 1915 is \$162,000,000 against us with South America and \$108,000,000 against us with Asia and Oceania.

Our Balance of Trade

It is pointed out that more than \$700,000,000 of the \$1,000,000,000 balance of trade of the United States for 1915 represents an excess due to war orders, which is not permanent business, and will cease on peace being declared, and that this amount leaves the real balance of trade of the United States on "regular legitimate merchandise" as \$300,000,000, the smallest balance of trade since 1909 and \$200,000,000 smaller than the year before the war.

It is from this analysis that the port board makes the statement that the United States manufacturers have been building up a permanent foreign trade during the past year and a half when opportunity was afforded, but have rather confined themselves almost entirely to the export of war orders.

TWENTY-FIFTH ANNIVERSARY

Mr. and Mrs. Silva L'Heureux of 161 Plain street observed the 25th anniversary of their marriage Saturday evening at their home, the affair being attended by a large number of their relatives and friends. The couple have been life-long residents of this city. In the evening they were presented with a large bouquet of flowers and a well filled purse, the presentations being made by Miss Lucille L'Heureux and Raymond Blumard. The presentation address was read by Master Ronald L'Heureux.

Present at the festivities were guests from Haverhill and Cleveland, O. A

OUR YOUNG WOMEN

are so often subject to headache—are languid, pale and nervous—because their blood is thin or insufficient. They are not really sick and hesitate to complain, but they lack that ambition and vivacity which is their birthright. They don't need drugs—but do need the tonic and nourishment in Scott's Emulsion that makes richer blood, fills hollow cheeks, suppresses nervousness and establishes strength. Nourishment makes blood and Scott's Emulsion is the essence of concentrated nourishment, free from wines, alcohols or opiates.

If mother or daughter is frail, pale or nervous, give her Scott's for one month and see the betterment. It has a wholesome, "nutty" flavor. Avoid substitutes. At any drug store.

Scott & Borne, Bloomfield, N. J.

The Bon Marche

DRY GOODS CO.

OUR GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SURPLUS STOCK SALE CLOSING TONIGHT DON'T GET LEFT

Antwerp was evacuated he went to Holland and thence to Italy, but as his case was not mobilized he soon left Italy, coming to South.

FIRE ON SOUTH STREET

Blaze Started While Parties Were Thawing Out Frozen Pipes—No Damage

Fire in a cottage at 85 South street which started early yesterday morning while attempts were being made to thaw out water pipes, burned briskly for a few minutes and caused an alarm from box 24, Middlesex and South streets. The building is owned by Mary Owens. The blaze started in the cellar and worked into the partitions, making it necessary for the fire to rip off part of the wall to check the flames.

Engine Co. No. 2 responded to a telephone alarm yesterday at 11.23 a. m. for a fire in an ash barrel at 32 Pine street. No damage.

LAWRENCE BOULEVARD

REP. SCHLAPP FILES BILL FOR LOAN BY COUNTY TO COMPLEATE THE ROAD

Special to The Sun.

STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 10.—Representative Frederick W. Schlapp of Lawrence filed with the clerk of the house Saturday his own petition for legislation to authorize the county commissioners of Essex county to borrow not exceeding \$50,000 for the purpose of laying out and constructing a highway in Lawrence and Methuen, beginning at Marston street in Lawrence where it is intersected by Prospect street, and running along Marston street to the Methuen line, thence along Merrimack street in Methuen to Cook's corner.

The highway, when completed, will furnish the last link in the through route from Lowell to the sea.

HOYT.

OUCH! LAME BACK. RUB LUMBAGO OR BACKACHE AWAY

Rub pain right out with small trial bottle of old "St. Jacob's Oil."

Kidneys cause Backache? No! They have no nerves, therefore can not cause pain. Listen! Your backache is caused by lumbago, sciatica or a strain, and the quickest relief is soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil." Rub it right on your painful back, and instantly the soreness, stiffness and lameness disappear. Don't stay crippled! Get a small trial bottle of "St. Jacob's Oil" from your druggist and limber up. A moment after it is applied you'll wonder what became of the backache or lumbago pain.

Rub old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" whenever you have sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism or sprains, as it is absolutely harmless and doesn't burn the skin.

ANIMAL SCULPTOR DEAD

BUGATTI FOUND UNCONSCIOUS IN STUDIO WITH GAS JET TURNED ON

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The Italian animal sculptor Rembrandt Bugatti, was found yesterday lying unconscious in his studio in Rue Joseph-Bara, the result of gas poisoning. A gas jet in the studio was turned on. Signor Bugatti was taken to a hospital where he died.

The work of Signor Bugatti is represented in most of the galleries of Europe. When the war opened he was modelling animals at the zoological gardens in Antwerp. He gave up this work and devoted himself to assisting the Belgian ambulance corps. When

INDUSTRIAL AND STORE NEWS

This will be a busy week in labor circles and several meetings of labor organizations will be held.

Local unionists will meet tonight in Carpenters' hall to discuss several important matters.

At some of the meetings to be held by textile organizations this week, the members will probably take action on the matter of seceding from the United Textile Workers.

A meeting of New England Textile Workers will be held in Boston on January 13 for the purpose of forming a new labor organization to take the place of the United Textile Workers' union.

Messrs. David Riley, David Manning and John J. Mahoney, former employees of the Helms Electric Co., have secured responsible positions with the U. S. Cartridge Co.

Machinists. An open meeting for machinists of the city was held yesterday afternoon in Carpenters' hall.

With a large attendance, Stewart Reed of Lynn and other prominent labor leaders were present and addressed the gathering. It is stated that some of the machinists at the U. S. Cartridge Co. are dissatisfied and at some of the local plants a demand for an eight-hour day will be made.

Mr. Reed will remain in Lowell for some time to handle the affairs of the machinists. Daily meetings of the craft will be held at Carpenters' hall.

System Federation Conference. A conference was held Saturday in Boston between the System Federation, representing employees of the Boston & Maine road and the officials of the road. The hearing was of a preliminary nature, and another will be held next Saturday in Boston.

President A. A. Farnsworth was the only Lowell man present at the conference.

Lawrence Manufacturing Co. The following is from the American Wool and Cotton Reporter:

This is one of the old-time New England knitting mills. It used to be a cloth mill, with some knitting, but about 20 years ago, or more, the weaving was thrown out and only knitting retained.

The annual product is about \$1,000,000, of which \$3,000,000 is underwear and \$1,000,000 hosiery. In recent years the Lawrence Manufacturing company has gone somewhat into cheap silk hosiery and into artificial silk hosiery and has had a considerable surplus cotton yarn product which has sold readily. In that trade, for several months up to six months ago, while the underwear business was very dull, the Lawrence Manufacturing company ran full on its yarn production, because it had a large call for its yarn.

The Lawrence Manufacturing company has been a great success for a good many years. It is one of the oldest knitting mills in the country, and its growth has been gradual. It isn't a combination of other mills, as are several of the other large knitting corporations.

The Lawrence Manufacturing company is capitalized for \$1,250,000 and its eight per cent dividends call for \$100,000 a year. Many of the conservatively capitalized textile corporations in New England need five per cent on gross sales to pay the dividends but the Lawrence Manufacturing company, with \$1,000,000 of sales, and needing only \$100,000 for dividends, needs to secure only about 2 1/2 per cent on the gross for eight per cent dividends. The Lawrence Manufacturing company statement is truly conservative. Fixed assets are carried at about \$600,000. The property represents an expenditure of at least \$1,000,000. Considering only its spinning equipment—120,000 spindles—fixed assets are carried at about \$1 a spindle. This doesn't take into account 2500 knitting machines and dyeing, bleaching and finishing equipment. The eight per cent dividends have been paid annually from and including 1908 to date. A stock dividend of \$500,000 (56 2/3 per cent) was paid in 1901. The

product is sold by E. M. Townsend & company of New York. This is Townsend's largest account, and they give it their best effort. The product stands very high. It is popular, priced goods, not the cheapest, but medium prices.

The treasurer of the Lawrence Manufacturing company, C. P. Baker, is generally considered one of the best in the business and conservative. The corporation is rich in net quick assets of about a million dollars. The distribution of the Lawrence Manufacturing company's product is very good. The commission house selling this account probably has more accounts on its books than any other knit goods commission concern in the country. We do not mean that the Lawrence Manufacturing company sells direct to small retailers, and consequently it would not have as many names on the books as would a much smaller direct selling mill.

The Lawrence Manufacturing company's buyers are practically all large and local jobbing houses and similar large distributors. It has always been the aim of the Lawrence Manufacturing company merchants to have so many concerns using its product that if any one customer was lost it would not cause any accumulation of stock. It is almost a fact that buyers stand in line waiting for the opening of Lawrence Manufacturing company goods.

MATRIMONIAL. Napoleon Lafontaine and Miss Marie Goulet were married yesterday afternoon at St. Joseph's rectory by Rev. Joseph Denis, O.M.I. The witnesses were Henry Lafontaine and Archer Goulet. At the close of the ceremony the bride's party repaired to the home of the bride's parents, 130 Tremont street, where a wedding dinner was served. In the evening a reception was tendered the young couple at the home of the bridegroom, 765 Lakeview avenue.

Lebourdais—Lambert. Wilfred Lebourdais and Miss Rosalie Lambert were married last evening, the ceremony being performed at St. Louis church by the pastor, Rev. J. E. Labossiere. The witnesses were Theodore Lambert and Emil Lebourdais, fathers of the bride and bridegroom respectively. The bride wore a blue velvet traveling suit with picture hat trimmed with bird of paradise and gold braid and she carried lilacs of the valley. The bridesmaid, Miss Louise Lebourdais, sister of the bridegroom, wore a Concord color suit with flower hat and carried violets and lilacs of the valley. The best man was Theodore Lambert, brother of the bride. At the close of the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the bride's parents, 201 Cumberland road, Mr. and Mrs. Lebourdais left on the 10:35 o'clock train on a wedding tour to Boston, New York and Philadelphia. Upon their return they will make their home at 201 Cumberland road.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL. The Benevolent Order of Buffaloes, Lowell No. 10, held its regular meeting in Odd Fellows building with President Frank A. Crossley in the chair. Eight applications for membership were received and the organization committee reported 43 new members taken in the last two months.

The visiting sick committee reports that Trustee Charles T. Flannery is completely recovered from his recent illness. The 1916 ball committee, chairman, Frank T. Mussey, made its report on the coming ball on January 27th and reported everything progressing splendidly. Remarks were made by Supreme Trustee, James B. Hughes, Treasurer William W. Murphy, Charles B. McAnney, George E. Morissette, Patrick P. Dempsey and Frederick Gath.

Secretary Robert M. Dempsey made a report for the order in connection with the supreme body. After the regular meeting the members held a social hour when refreshments were served and whist enjoyed by all.

THE LOWEST PRICES. The lowest prices of fish in England has opened up a lively trade between Winnipeg and Great Britain to supply the deficiency. Winnipeg men have taken active steps to place large quantities of lake fish from Manitoba and Saskatchewan on the English markets, while fish predominating. The British government has commandeered a number of fishing vessels and a substantial business is likely to result.

PROGRESSIVES IN CHICAGO. MEMBERS OF NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON HAND FOR MEETING TO BE CALLED TOMORROW. CHICAGO, Jan. 10.—Several members of the progressive national committee arrived today to attend the meeting, called for tomorrow, at which the place and time for holding the national convention will be decided upon.

Practically all of the members of the national committee in the city have expressed themselves in favor of holding the convention here during the week ending June 10, when the republican national convention will be in session.

The republican convention has been set for June 7 and a number of the progressive committeemen favor that date for the progressive convention while a few say a day or two later would be preferable.

Committeemen will be the guests of George W. Perkins of New York, chairman of the executive committee, at a banquet tonight.

Postpone engagements Thursday eve. VERY BRILLIANT EVENT. FIRST FUNCTION AT WHITE HOUSE SINCE DEATH OF MRS. WILSON.

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dent himself frequently made the presentations to her, with a broad smile of pleasure and pride—as the long line of guests filed past. Behind the line were many women belonging to the bride's family, including her mother, and Miss Wilson was also there. The president's daughter, Mrs. McAdoo, took her place in the receiving line as the wife of the secretary of the treasury for the first time, standing second from her new step-mother.

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Included in the ginnings were 105,739 round bales compared with 44,204 in 1914, 94,265 in 1913 and 77,999 in 1912. Sea island cotton included numbered 58,321 bales compared with 76,557 in 1914, 74,329 in 1913, and 67,257 in 1912.

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MONEY FOR WAR PRISONERS. BERNE, Jan. 9, via Paris.—The Swiss mails have transmitted to prisoners of war during the period from Aug. 12 to Dec. 15, 1915, 13,000,000 parcels, 70,000,000 letters and cards, and 2,000,000 money orders for a total sum of 20,000,000 francs, of which 23,000,000 francs was for French prisoners in Germany and 7,000,000 for Germans in France.

The Swiss priest, Philippe Tespi of Samaden has been appointed visitor for Italian prisoners in Austria, and Fr. Novada of Morbio, also a Swiss, will visit Austrians in Italy.

THE STEAMSHIP PERIA. WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—American Consul Kiblinger at Malta today advised the state department that no new facts concerning the destruction of the steamship Peria were contained in reports he had taken from seven survivors, including Lord Montagu,

who had landed there. The survivors were unanimous in saying that although the officers of the ship were watching for submarines none was seen and no warning was given.

BRITISH BATTLESHIP SUNK. LONDON, Jan. 10.—The British battleship King Edward VII, has been sunk as the result of striking a mine. The entire crew was saved. The sinking of the King Edward VII was announced by the admiralty in the following statement:

"H.M.S. King Edward VII. has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy sea she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ship's company was taken off without any loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward VII was a battleship of 16,550 tons, laid down in March, 1902. She was 433 feet long, 79 feet beam and 28 feet draft. She had four 12-inch, four 8.2-inch and 19 8-inch guns in her main battery and was equipped with four torpedo tubes, submerged. Her speed on her trial trip was 19 knots. She had a complement of 777 men.

PROTEST AGAINST ARREST. LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Greek government, says Reuter's Athens correspondent, has made an energetic protest against the arrest at Mytilene of the German, Austrian and Turkish consuls by the military authorities of the entente allies. These arrests also have brought a new protest from the central powers.

The newspaper Catri publishes an authorized denial of reports in the European press that negotiations are in progress between Greece and Bulgaria with a view to a general understanding.

TRANSPORT SHIP SUNK. BERLIN, Jan. 10 (By wireless to Sayville).—The sinking of a transport ship of the allies, filled with troops at the time of the withdrawal of the French and British forces from the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, is reported in Constantinople despatches given out today by the Overseas News agency.

YESTERDAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF. British battleship King Edward VII blown up by mine; crew saved. British announce abandonment of lost positions on the Gallipoli peninsula, evacuation having been accomplished without loss of life. In the capture of Hirsztin, Berlin says 20 French officers, 1033 chasseurs and 15 guns were taken. Paris, in admitting the evacuation, says it was due to the capture by the Germans of a hill to the north of Hirsztin. At Oziartorsk, on the Russian front, the Teutons have twice been repulsed in attempting to recapture the town. The Austro-Hungarians have been driven from the eastern bank of the Middle Stupa in East Galicia. An Austrian fleet violently bombarded Montenegrin positions on Mt. Lovcen. Turkish government arrests 10 British and French embassy officials and interns 1000 entente subjects. There are only six women wireless operators in the United States.

TRADE IN FISH

Northwest Canada Supplies Needs of Great Britain

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RICHARDS.

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MONEY FOR WAR PRISONERS. BERNE, Jan. 9, via Paris.—The Swiss mails have transmitted to prisoners of war during the period from Aug. 12 to Dec. 15, 1915, 13,000,000 parcels, 70,000,000 letters and cards, and 2,000,000 money orders for a total sum of 20,000,000 francs, of which 23,000,000 francs was for French prisoners in Germany and 7,000,000 for Germans in France.

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who had landed there. The survivors were unanimous in saying that although the officers of the ship were watching for submarines none was seen and no warning was given.

BRITISH BATTLESHIP SUNK. LONDON, Jan. 10.—The British battleship King Edward VII, has been sunk as the result of striking a mine. The entire crew was saved. The sinking of the King Edward VII was announced by the admiralty in the following statement:

"H.M.S. King Edward VII. has struck a mine. Owing to the heavy sea she had to be abandoned and sank shortly afterwards. The ship's company was taken off without any loss of life. Only two men were injured."

The King Edward VII was a battleship of 16,550 tons, laid down in March, 1902. She was 433 feet long, 79 feet beam and 28 feet draft. She had four 12-inch, four 8.2-inch and 19 8-inch guns in her main battery and was equipped with four torpedo tubes, submerged. Her speed on her trial trip was 19 knots. She had a complement of 777 men.

PROTEST AGAINST ARREST. LONDON, Jan. 10.—The Greek government, says Reuter's Athens correspondent, has made an energetic protest against the arrest at Mytilene of the German, Austrian and Turkish consuls by the military authorities of the entente allies. These arrests also have brought a new protest from the central powers.

The newspaper Catri publishes an authorized denial of reports in the European press that negotiations are in progress between Greece and Bulgaria with a view to a general understanding.

TRANSPORT SHIP SUNK. BERLIN, Jan. 10 (By wireless to Sayville).—The sinking of a transport ship of the allies, filled with troops at the time of the withdrawal of the French and British forces from the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, is reported in Constantinople despatches given out today by the Overseas News agency.

YESTERDAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF. British battleship King Edward VII blown up by mine; crew saved. British announce abandonment of lost positions on the Gallipoli peninsula, evacuation having been accomplished without loss of life. In the capture of Hirsztin, Berlin says 20 French officers, 1033 chasseurs and 15 guns were taken. Paris, in admitting the evacuation, says it was due to the capture by the Germans of a hill to the north of Hirsztin. At Oziartorsk, on the Russian front, the Teutons have twice been repulsed in attempting to recapture the town. The Austro-Hungarians have been driven from the eastern bank of the Middle Stupa in East Galicia. An Austrian fleet violently bombarded Montenegrin positions on Mt. Lovcen. Turkish government arrests 10 British and French embassy officials and interns 1000 entente subjects. There are only six women wireless operators in the United States.

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PENNANT DAY

Wednesday, January 12, 1916

The First Pennant Day of the New Year and we are offering still bigger and better values than ever before. The trade-winds of business progress are blowing fair and strong. We are spreading our business sails to catch the fullness of the motive power to help us towards a bigger, better, broader business than we have ever enjoyed before.

Great Big Savings For a Little Bit of Cash On Pennant Day.

J. L. CHALIFOUX CO.
COR. MERRIMACK & CENTRAL ST.
ESTABLISHED 1875

Goods are Marked 25 to 50 Per Cent. Lower On Pennant Day Than They Can Be Bought Elsewhere.

FOR ST. PATRICK'S DAY

IT WILL BE OBSERVED BY A COMMITTEE FOR ST. PETER'S ORPHANAGE AND ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL

Delegates representing practically most of the Irish Catholic societies of the city held their annual convention at A.O.H. hall yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering the manner of observance of St. Patrick's day, and after considerable discussion it was voted to conduct a concert on the evening of March 17, the proceeds of which will be devoted to St. Peter's orphanage and St. John's hospital.

The delegates numbered 110 and represented 18 societies. Patrick J. McCann was elected chairman of the convention with John V. Donoghue as secretary and Thomas P. Fitzgerald as treasurer.

The societies represented were as follows: Divisions 1, 2, 3, 11 and 23, A.O.H.; Wolfe Tone Guards, Sheridan Guards, Meagher Guards, Mathew Temperance Institute, Burkes, Y.M.C.A., C.Y.M.L., Irish National Foresters and the Holy Names societies of St. Patrick's, St. Peter's, St. Michael's, Sacred Heart and St. Margaret's parishes.

The question of celebrating the feast of the great saint with a parade was taken up and discussed for some time but finally it was decided to conduct a concert for the benefit of St. Peter's orphanage and St. John's hospital, and the following committee was appointed to look after arrangements:

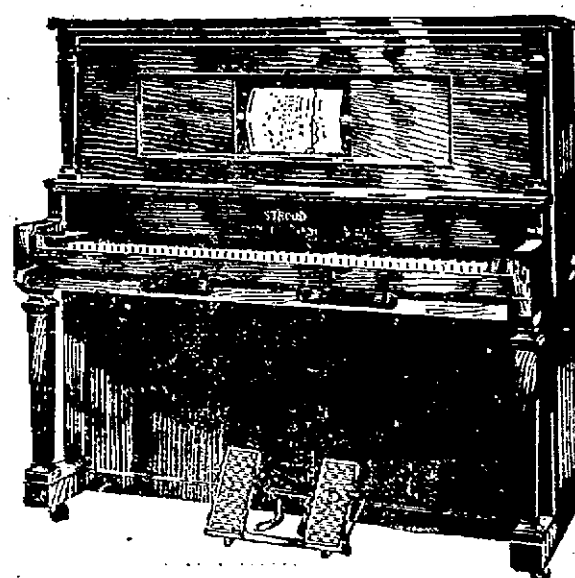
Patrick J. McCann, chairman; Patrick J. Reynolds, vice chairman; John V. Donoghue, secretary; James E. Burns, Thomas Sheedy, J. J. McOsker, John J. Murphy, Jr., Nicholas Siofichina, Patrick Sheridan, James J. McManmon, John Kenney, James Neylon, Martin Sullivan, Patrick Rynne, Richard Murray, Thomas Daly, John O'Brien, Timothy O'Sullivan, John Brady, William H. Carey, John Nestor, James H. Burns, Patrick McOsker, Edward Curtin, Frank O'Keefe, Paul McLaughlin, John J. Gilmann, Thomas Costello, Charles Stanley, Owen Healey, P. J. Reynolds, M. J. Hetherman, Charles Burns, James Mullin, John C. Dillon, James J. Ward, James F. Morrison, John H. Condon and Charles E. McCarthy.

In the course of the afternoon the delegates were addressed by Rev. Francis J. Mullin, chaplain of the Northern Middlesex County branch of the Federation of Catholic societies and Rev. John P. Flynn, O.M.I., of the Sacred Heart church. At the close of the meeting the committee in charge of the convention held a brief meeting and decided to meet again next Sunday.

CITY HALL NOTES. Employees of the water works department started work this morning on the laying of an eight-inch water main from the city line in commonwealth avenue to the plant of the U. S. Cartridge Co. and tomorrow morning another gang will be put to work on the laying of a water pipe in the yard of the U. S. Bunting Co. in Lawrence street.

City Solicitor J. Joseph Hennessy will go to Boston tomorrow to attend the hearing which will be given on the mandamus in reference to the Dummer street extension.

Commissioner James E. Donnelly, Fred Melloy, who is in charge of the woodwork, Francis A. Connor, inspector of public buildings, Architects Stickney and Graves, and Matthias F. Connors held a conference at the Memorial building this forenoon in relation to the reconstruction of the building.



\$15.00 DOWN WILL SEND TO YOUR HOME A

Stroud Pianola

WAS GREAT FORTRESS

KAMINIETS PODOLSK WAS ONCE STRONGHOLD THAT HELD BACK WILD HORDES OF ASIA

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Kaminiets Podolsk, the city upon which the latest large-scale Russian offensive was based, that against the Austro-German lines in eastern Galicia and Bukovina, was at one time the greatest fortress in the kingdom of Poland, the stronghold that held back the wild hordes of Asia through years of battle, says a war geography just given out by the National Geographic society. "The Tartars struck time after time against its high rocky bluff in vain, and many skirmishing parties of Poles and Russians left the fortress to carry terror into the Steppes around the southern Dnieper."

The town lies but a few miles from the Austrian frontier, and is built upon a peninsula formed by the Smolitsch river, an affluent of the Dniester. Odessa is 235 miles in the southeast, and Kiev about an equal distance in the northeast. Kaminiets is the seat of administration of the Podolsk government, and, since the war it has become important as one of the largest supply depots just back of the Russian front. It is divided into two parts, one, the old town, spreading over the hills, while the other nestles around the base. Across the river, the ancient castle still frowns defiance upon the country, though its war-worn walls

ASK FOR and GET
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

Basketball
LAWRENCE MILITARY
VS. **LOWELL**
ASSOCIATE HALL
Tuesday, January 11
Reserved Seats at Hall & Lyon's Drug Store.

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY SPECIALS
10c Package
PURITY ROLLED OATS
Each 8c
10c Tall Cans
ALASKA PINK SALMON
Each 8c

LOWELL'S LEADING FOOD MARKET
Fancy Selected
EGGS
DOZ. 24c
BOX 24c
Saunders' Special Creamery
BUTTER
LB. 27c
Home Rendered Pure
LARD
LB. 10c

SHOP EARLY TUESDAY. WE CLOSE AT 6.30 P. M.
U. S. Government Inspected Butterine, lb. 12c
Clean Currants, 3 pkgs. 25c
Pearline, 3 5c Pkgs. for 10c
LEMONS, doz. 15c
TANGERINES, doz. 10c

100 Lb. Sack SUGAR, Fine Granulated \$5.95
Soap
5c Cake Sweetheart, Perfumed 7 for 25c
Saunders' Borax or Armour's Hammer, 8 for 25c
5c Cakes P&G Lenox 9 for 25c

FLOUR
Ben Hur—For Bread—24 1/2 Lb. Bag 80c
MUSKETEER, 24 1/2 Lb. Bag 85c
SNOWCREST—PASTRY FLOUR, 24 1/2 lb. bag 75c

Condensed MILK
10c Cans
3 for 25c
PORK and BEANS
10c Cans
Each 8c
CORN or PEAS
10c Cans
Each 7c

AMERICAN SARDINES, in Oil 8 Cans 25c
SLICED PEACHES, Can 7c
Fancy Plums, large can 10c
15c Cans Raspberries, Blueberries, Strawberries, lb. 12 1/2c
EVAPORATED APPLES or APRICOTS, lb. 7c

4 Lbs. SWEET CALIFORNIA PRUNES 25c
40c Size SUNKIST NAVEL ORANGES, Dozen 29c

Strong Parlor Brooms, made in Lowell, each 23c
Fresh Cut GARDEN SPINACH, pk. 15c

SHOULDERS Fresh or Smoked 10c
Pork Butts, lb. 12 1/2c
Sliced Bacon, lb. 12 1/2c

Hamburg, 2 lbs. 19c
Rump Butts, lb. 13c
Pig's Ears, lb. 10c
Pig's Head, lb. 10c
Fresh Pig's Feet, lb. 4c
Pig's Kidneys, lb. 4c
Pig's Liver, lb. 4c
Salt Ribs, lb. 10c
Frankfurts, lb. 10c
Blood Pudding, lb. 12c
Tripes, lb. 10c
Sauer Kraut, qt. 5c

could offer but little resistance before the power of modern guns.
"But, the cruel leader of one of the waves of Mongol invasions against Europe, the Kaminiets was in 1240. In the 15th and 16th centuries, storm after storm of Tartar, Turk and Moldavian invasion broke upon its walls, and the principal industry of the people of this outpost became that of fighting and weapon-forging. The adventuresome from all parts of Europe found their way into the fortress, there and took part in the great drama, in which the east was finally turned back upon itself. The city passed to Russia in 1795."

VOID OF ACTUALITIES
WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The government's anti-trust suit begun in the New York federal courts before the war against European steamship lines engaged in carrying steerage passengers was dismissed today by the supreme court on the ground that the alleged general pool agreement had become "void of actualities" by the war.

APPLETON MILL STATEMENT
The annual statement of the Appleton mills which manufactures flannels and gabardines is as follows:
President, Frank E. Dunham; treasurer, Alexander G. Cunniff; directors, Amasa Pratt, Charles Luntz and Alfred L. Ripley. Annual meeting, Dec. 15. End of fiscal year, Nov. 6. Report shows: Assets—Real estate, \$225,000; machinery, \$224,000; merchandise, \$543,665; cash and debts receivable, \$1,130,291; total \$2,122,956. Liabilities—Capital stock, \$150,000; accounts payable, \$1,037,975; general reserve, \$166,121; profit and loss, \$171,850; total, \$2,122,956.

STRIKERS HAVE RETURNED
The strike of moulders and core-makers at the Saco-Lowell shop was definitely settled this morning when all the men returned to work. The strike which lasted nearly three weeks affected 140 men, 124 of which were either moulders or core-makers and the remainder helpers. The men struck for an increase of 25 cents over the minimum wage of \$3 per day. It is understood that the company granted some concessions, but the amount of increase has not been given out for publication. However, the men are apparently well satisfied, and all were on hand for work this morning when the gates opened.

DEATHS
CARR—James Carr, an old and respected resident of this city, died this morning at the home of his sister, Mrs. Ellen O'Donnell, 32 Chapel street, after an illness of two days. He is survived by two sisters, Mrs. O'Donnell of this city and Mrs. Annie McSorley of Salem.
Miss Charlotte V. Conkey has charge of the funeral department of Cleveland's largest real estate firm.

HA! HA! HA!
"It Didn't Hurt a Bit"
Positive Painless Extraction
Free When Work Is Done
Dr. H. LAURIN
The New York Surgeon Dentist
Open Sundays from 9 a. m. to 12 m. Week days from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Tel. 4253. Opp. Owl Theatre
253 CENTRAL STREET.

CITY HALL NEWS
Continued
way and the building of a stadium an important public improvement is presented.
"A few days ago I received a copy of the report of the state highway commission to the legislature relative to the building of a first street from the Draught line to Bridge street, and upon reading it I found that it is somewhat different in its recommendations from those practically agreed upon between the highway commission, County Commissioner Barlow and Senator Marchand, last year. It is rather unfortunate that the municipal council of last year did not give this matter more attention."

"I am informed that when the state highway commission gave a hearing upon the matter, and notified the municipal council nobody representing the city put in an appearance and the highway commissioners formed the opinion that the city was not particularly interested in the project. As I understand the original proposition it was agreed that the city pay 3 1/2 per cent of the cost of completing the highway; the state 3 1/2 per cent and the county 25 per cent. Then when the road was finished the state would take it over and maintain it. The city, I believe was to look after the land damages, if any."

"But the report now submitted to the legislature provides that the city and county pay all land damages and build the road and rough grade it, the state only laying the top dressing or surface. This would mean a greater expense to the city than was originally proposed."

"I believe that we should confer with the Locks & Canals company from a view to having that company contribute what land it will be necessary to take, without expense to the city, for the new road will develop the company's property greatly."

High School Plans
According to Mayor O'Donnell the plans for the new high school have not yet been prepared and it may be a few months before the real construction work gets started. The mayor in conversation with a Sun reporter this morning gave out the following statement concerning the proposed new high school and its plans:

"There seems to be an impression that the plans for the high school are not yet prepared and it is nothing to do now except to go ahead and construct the building. This is very far from being the truth. In the first place the old residences which were seized by the city and which front on Kirk and Anne streets still encumber the site. No arrangements for their sale were effected by the government of 1915. No engineer has been selected to work with the architect, and one engineer says that when the government does select an engineer the man selected will have to devote at least two months in the making of a preliminary survey of the situation, and after he makes that survey and reports to the council and the school board then the architect must consider the approval of it and recommend the adoption of the suggestion. And further the architect must be given at least two months more for the preparation of his plan, which plan must also meet the approval of the school board. Therefore, it can easily be seen that the municipal council after the selection of an engineer can do nothing further until they receive direction from the school board."

High School Commission
The mayor also stated that he will take up the matter of an advisory board for the high school within 48 hours. "If such a board is appointed," he said, "it will act in a purely advisory capacity with the municipal council."

Another matter discussed by the mayor this morning was the increase in salary and he stated that he does not contemplate raising any increases in wages whatever during his administration. His statement was as follows:

"Every increase in salary made by me during my term, if any is made at all, will be at once conveyed to the press with the day and date it was made, amount and the name of the person who receives it. But I am tempted to make no increases whatever. If they are made they will not be hidden from the public."



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HELD A CHRISTMAS TREE

EXERCISES AT FIRST TRINITARIAN CHURCH BY GREEK MISSION— GIFTS FOR CHILDREN

Christmas tree exercises for the children of the Greek mission were held Saturday afternoon at the First Trinitarian church under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. Vassilios, who were assisted by a committee from the Christian Endeavor union.

The children were laden with gifts and after the tree was stripped of its contents, the following entertainment program was given:

Violin solo, Christine McPherson; recitation, Evelyn Archibald; song, Gretta McPherson; recitation, David Browning; duet, Gertrude and Lydia Johnston; song, "Up in the Sky," Ephigenia Zariaphes, George Haritopoulos, Irene Haritopoulos; recitation, "Birth of Christ," Chrysoula Pashas, Vasilios Grelakos; song, "Father Hear Thy Little Children," Julia Botos, Christina Pericles; recitation, "The Christian Missionary," George Pericles, Irene and George Haritopoulos, Amalia Kargas, J. Kargas, J. Georgakakos, E. Zariaphes; song, "Hark the Herald Angels Sing," George Kargas, Nausika Pericles, Vasilios Ekonomakos, Katherine Thomas, Amalia Kargas, George Pericles, Vasilios Grelakos, James Kargas; recitation, Stephen Bides, George Kargas, Vasilios Grelakos, Apostolos Ekonomakos, George Ekonomakos, James Kargas, George Haritopoulos, Lykourgos, Georgakakos, Christodoulos Botos, Nicholas Koroneos; song, "Merry Christmas Bells," Irene Haritopoulos, Julia Botos, Ephigenia Zariaphes; recitation, "Heathenides," George Kargas and English recitation, hymn 178, George Kargas, Vasilios Grelakos; song, "Holy Night," George Kargas, Ephigenia Zariaphes.

Postpone engagements Thursday eve.

OPERA HOUSE
"The Dummy,"—that superb comedy drama by Harriet Ford and Harvey J. Ollinghaus which ran for one solid year in New York city to packed houses in the offering of the Emerson players at the Opera House all this week and the advance sale of seats indicates the greatest week long run in the history of this city. Master Ebert Baldwin, America's greatest juvenile artist, is appearing in the title role of Barney Cook while Herbert Heyes, Anne O'Day and all the favorites will appear in splendid characters. Reservations can be made by phoning 261 and will be held until 1:45 and 7:45 o'clock.

It seems too good to be true, as fellows who have been spanked and sent to bed by their parents for breaking behind the barn to revel in the deeds of "Slick Slim, the Sleuth," have our revenge. Not sneak thieves, mind you, like you used to trail down the lane with your latest dime novel stuffed under your jumper but walk boldly in the open, pay your money and revel to your heart's content in the thrilling story of "Barney the Boy Detective," who, of course is really the only fellow to another fellow who has ever longed to flash a badge and snap the handcuffs on a slippery crook.

You will probably be able to go as often as you want, too, as "The Dummy" has just that nice balance between

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Typewriter
OIL
Spreads evenly. Lubricates perfectly. Does not gum or soil. Cleans keys and type faces.
Bottle 15c
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"Largely increased sales tell the story of its quality. Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the world. Factory, Manchester, N. H."

FAIRBURN'S
12-14 MERRIMACK SQ. TEL 788-789

TUESDAY SPECIALS

25c Purity Oats 19c
10c Purity Oats 8c
35c Selected Eggs, doz. 28c
33c Butter, lb. 29c
20c Haw. Pineapple 15c
15c Peaches 10c
Economy Coffee, lb. 15c
Choice Oolong Tea, lb. 25c
La Touraine Coffee, lb. 33c
White House Coffee, lb. 33c
5c Grapefruit 3 for 10c
60c Mushrooms 35c
15c New Beets 12 1/2c
25c Boston Celery 18c
30c Spinach 20c
Sweet Potatoes, lb. 4c
Florida Oranges, doz. 15c
Sunkist Oranges, doz. 33c

fun and thrills, as difficult for most writers to keep them on the bit and so necessary for the indefatigable adjuster to any popular play called staying quality.
The authors, Harvey J. Ollinghaus and Harriet Ford, have most certainly profited by their experience in collaborating on "The Argyle Case," for the play is skillfully constructed and too clever is bright enough to keep the whole four acts lively.

Like all good kidnapping stories, there is a child—only the parents call her the baby, and like all good detective melodramas, there are the papers—only in this case they are a dictionary. We meet these necessary elements at once, and with them, dominating them, comes our hero, Barney, Watch Barney.

THE PEMBERTON MILL

56TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE GREAT CALAMITY IN LAWRENCE WILL OBSERVED TODAY

Today is the 56th anniversary of the fall of the Pemberton mill in Lawrence. At 5 o'clock in the evening, without warning of any kind, 600 operatives were entangled in a twisted mass of steel, brick and wood, while the entire community stood appalled at the most horrible calamity in the city's history.

The city hall, which was converted into a temporary hospital, was besieged with frantic natives, gathering fresh hope as they failed to recognize a familiar face among the mangled forms of the dead or banding in dumb despair over the unresponsive body of a loved one. Prayers of entreaty and thanks intermingled with the moans of the wounded and the sobs of the bereaved until night brought the hush of death upon the infant city.

Eighty-seven were killed and 43 injured, two of whom were disabled for life. The sympathy of the entire United States was tendered without reserve and help poured into the city from hundreds of sources.

On the morning of Jan. 11, the New England Society of Manufacturers started a subscription that before night reached a total of \$2000.
On the next day \$3000 more came and the sum increased to over \$15,000. Other societies increased this to \$25,000 and the grand total received from all sources finally amounted to \$65,779.23, when a notice was issued that no more contributions were needed.

Thirteen bodies, mutilated beyond recognition, were buried in Bellevue cemetery on Sunday, March 4, and a granite monument with the following inscription was placed upon the lot:

"In Memory of the Unrecognized Dead Who Were Killed by the Fall of the Pemberton Mill, Jan. 10, 1860."

The two persons disabled were cared for by annuities in sums of \$500 and \$750 to be paid in quarterly payments.

WOMEN'S PEACE PARTY

FINAL SESSION AT WASHINGTON TODAY—ELECTION OF OFFICERS THE CHIEF EVENT

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The women's peace party met in final session today. Discussion of plans for future action and election of officers were the chief events on the program.

Delegates today apparently were hopeful that their plan for universal peace might be carried out as the result of the announcement of Miss Jane Addams of Chicago, who was one of the American delegates to the recent women's peace conference at The Hague, that all the European countries were ready to join in a peace movement in the United States would take the initial step. Miss Addams' announcement was made at a mass meeting yesterday in which she declared: "Even at this time a conference of neutral nations to formulate peace proposals would be well received by the belligerent countries of Europe."

HURT JUMPING TRAIN

HOLYOKE, Jan. 10.—Thomas Gaughan, aged 14, is at the House of Providence in a precarious condition owing to loss of blood when his right foot was mangled in jumping a freight train at Williamansett last evening.

Young Gaughan was trying to steal a ride and fell under the wheels so that his foot was nearly cut off above the ankle. He was not discovered for several minutes and lost so much blood that he is on the dangerous list.



VISIT OUR RECORD BREAKING January Clearance Sale

READ THESE EXTRA SPECIAL ITEMS FOR MONDAY NIGHT AND ALL DAY TUESDAY

100 ODD COATS added to our \$8.00 selling today, taken from our \$12 and \$15 lots. \$8.00
40 NEW SUITS, picked from the \$15.00 lot, selling today at \$8.00
10 FUR SETS, selling to \$18.75. Choice at \$8.98
25 CHILDREN'S COATS further reduced to \$2.98 and \$3.98
25 PLUSH COATS, today at \$18.75
50 BATH ROBES, today at \$1.79
\$5.00 SILK KIMONOS, 125 in the lot \$2.49
40 DANDY DANCING DRESSES, worth \$18.00. Choice \$8.90
75 SERGE DRESSES. Choice \$5.00
\$1.50 HOUSE DRESSES, one to a customer 90c

See Our Rummage Table at \$1.00

We are revising our prices as every garment must make way for our alterations.

CHERRY & WEBB

N. Y. CLOAK & SUIT CO. 12-18 JOHN ST.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?

READ THE PROSPECTUS
Office, 18 Central Block Telephone 30

SKATING VERY POPULAR

Ice Sport Attracts New Heights—Boston Surrender Is Unconditional—Skating Costumes Elaborate

BOSTON, Jan. 10.—"The king is dead, long live the king!" The dancing pump which has held sway for several winters has been supplanted by the skating shoe, and Boston has capitulated unconditionally to the new sovereign.

Starting in New York, where roof rinks abound, a skating craze has spread over the country and gained heights of popularity never attained before.

Boston has not been exempt. The ponds, lakes and rivers of the vicinity have been crowded to such an extent in some cases that it was necessary to clear certain portions of the ice, owing to the number of skating enthusiasts.

That conception in the form of fashion's dictate has added many new recruits to the army of veteran skaters was attested by the number of beginners seen in the undignified positions, part of the price paid in acquiring command of the art.

The variety and elaborateness of the skating costumes of the fair sex is very noticeable this season.

Weather conditions could not have been more ideal for the sport than they have been the past few days and the ice is in perfect shape.

The Charles river as far down as Watertown is being used, although in some cases unsafe portions have been marked off with placards. These cases are rare, however, and it is possible to skate the entire distance without trespassing any portion of the territory warned against.

The ice at Spy Pond in Attleboro, Mystic Lake, Hammond's Pond and on many other nearby lakes and ponds, is proving an attraction to thousands and one of the chief delights of winter is being enjoyed to its fullest extent.

Unless an unexpected thaw should set in, it would seem likely that several weeks of skating enjoyment may be reasonably anticipated.

FUNERAL NOTICE

RYAN—The funeral of Daniel P. Ryan will take place Tuesday morning from the funeral parlors of O'Connell & Mack, 638 Gernham street, at 10 o'clock. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery. In charge of O'Connell & Mack.

NOTICE

My wife, Mele Vanasse, having left my bed and board, I will not be held responsible for any bills contracted by her from this date, January 10, 1916. (Signed) PETER VANASSE.

CATHOLIC NEWS IN POLICE COURT

Rev. Fr. Reardon Leaves
St. Margaret's - St.
Columba's

The services at St. Patrick's church yesterday were largely attended. The members of the Immaculate Conception sodality received communion in a body at the 7 o'clock mass yesterday morning. The celebrant of the mass was Rev. William O'Brien, P.M., and he was assisted in giving communion by Rev. Timothy P. Callahan.

The high mass at 11 o'clock was celebrated by Rev. J. J. Kerrigan and the sermon was by Rev. Fr. Callahan.

Immaculate Conception.
Rev. John M. O'Brien, O.M.I., was the celebrant at the 7.30 o'clock mass at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday morning and he was assisted in giving communion to the members of the Immaculate Conception sodality by Rev. James McCauley, O.M.I.

Rev. P. J. Pichan, O.M.I., celebrated high mass, and Rev. Fr. O'Brien, O.M.I., preached an eloquent sermon on the functions of the church, its divine institution and its work for the salvation of souls.

The O.M.I. Chautauks will hold a meeting on Wednesday evening in the school hall at which a schedule of events for the coming year will be compiled. It is expected that every member will be present, and Rev. D. A. Sullivan, O.M.I., spiritual director of the society, will have something of interest to say to the boys.

Sacred Heart Church.
The members of the Holy Rosary society received communion in a body at the Sacred Heart church yesterday morning at the 7.30 o'clock mass, which was celebrated by Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O.M.I. Rev. Fr. Wood was assisted in giving communion by the pastor, Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O.M.I. High mass was celebrated by Rev. Jas. T. McDermott, O.M.I., and the sermon was by Rev. Fr. Wood, O.M.I.

The members of the Children of Mary sodality will hold their regular weekly meeting and calisthenic drill tomorrow evening in the school hall.

St. Peter's Church.
At the 7.30 o'clock mass at St. Peter's church yesterday morning the members of the Married Ladies' and the Immaculate Conception societies received communion in a body. Rev. Dr. Keleher was the celebrant of the mass. Rev. P. L. Crayton officiated at the high mass and Rev. W. George Mullin preached the sermon.

St. Anthony's Church.
Arrangements are being made at St. Anthony's church for the annual parish reunion which will be held at Associate hall on Wednesday evening, Feb. 2. Rt. Rev. Henry J. R. da Silva celebrated mass at the church yesterday morning at 8 o'clock and gave communion to a large number of parishioners. The later masses were celebrated by Rev. Fr. Sherry, O.M.I.

St. Michael's Church.
Rev. Francis J. Mullin preached an eloquent sermon at St. Michael's church yesterday morning at the high mass at which Rev. J. J. Lynch was the celebrant. The members of the Immaculate Conception sodality received communion in a body at the 8 o'clock mass. The celebrant of the mass was Rev. John J. Shaw, pastor of the church.

St. Margaret's Church.
Rev. Henry C. Reardon celebrated high mass as a curate at St. Margaret's church for the last time yesterday morning and he also took occasion to bid farewell to the parishioners before his departure for his new field in Roslindale. Fr. Reardon was notified of his assignment to the Church of the Sacred Heart in Roslindale last week. He will be succeeded at St. Margaret's church by Rev. William H. O'Connell of Boston. Fr. Reardon will assume his new duties this week.

Final arrangements have been made for the party to be held in Associate hall on Wednesday evening in aid of the church. A large committee under the general supervision of Joseph Carroll has arranged an elaborate musical program.

St. Columba's.
At the high mass yesterday in St. Columba's church, celebrated by Rev. Fr. Buckley, the people of the progressive Pawtucketville parish heard a very encouraging report from their pastor, Rev. John A. Degan. His statement showed that for the past year parish affairs have taken on a most promising aspect, and the outlook is very bright to please all who have worked so hard for success. Rev. Fr. Degan gave a detailed account of parish conditions in which it was stated that the church debt has been entirely cleared off and that there is now a gratifying margin on which to build a fund for a new church. The "monthly church debt collection" will be kept up, and the "monthly church fund collection," and the people may look forward to preparations for a church representative of the parish. Commenting on this, the pastor thanked the people warmly for their support of the affairs of St. Columba's and for the untiring devotion with which they have attended to the needs of a new parish. He incidentally paid a high tribute to Pawtucketville and predicted a bright future for that section of the city. He also stated that there were about 35,000 communicants during the year and that there were 15 deaths and 47 births.

It was announced that the annual church reunion will be held in Associate hall Wednesday evening, Feb. 23, and preparations for the event are now well under way. It was also announced that there will be a meeting of the Catholic Federation in the parish hall next Sunday evening, to be addressed by three prominent speakers. All parishioners were cordially invited to be present.

Curate Transferred.
The following transfers of curates in the archdiocese have been made by Cardinal O'Connell: Rev. William H. Gunn, from the Church of the Sacred Heart, Roslindale, to St. Philip's, Boston; Rev. Joseph Fitzgibbon, from St. Cecilia's, Boston, to St. James', Salem; Rev. John J. Fletcher, from St. William's, Dorchester, to St. Cecilia's, Boston; Rev. William P. Brennan, from St. James', Salem, to St. William's, Dorchester; Rev. Henry C. Reardon, from St. Margaret's, Lowell, to the Church of the Sacred Heart, Roslindale; Rev. William H. O'Connell of St. Philip's, Boston, to St. Margaret's, Lowell.

An alleged disturbance on a Lakeview bound car late last Saturday night resulted in the appearance of John J. Poole and Joseph H. Noel before Judge Enright in police court this forenoon charged with disorderly conduct and with assault and battery on Conductor Robert Blakely. They pleaded not guilty and were held in \$100 each for trial Saturday. Both were represented by Daniel J. Donahue.

According to the police, the defendants were passengers on a car running through Collinsville and disturbed other passengers, including many women, by talking loudly and using profane language. When approached by the conductor it is alleged they continued their misbehavior and assaulted him. Special Officers Kennedy and Bickford were called to quell the disturbance and Officer Cullinan was sent for. Poole and Noel were placed under arrest and brought to this city. Charles Green was called on to continue today for concealing property. He promised to make settlement and his case was continued one month. George H. Allard appeared for the government. Saturday night and Sunday were very quiet in police circles. But four drunks greeted His Honor and they were disposed of promptly. There were eight releases.

FOR NATURALIZATION

BIG CROWD AT COURT HOUSE
THIS MORNING FOR SECOND PAPERS

About seventy-five prospective citizens assembled at the local court house in Gorham street this morning to receive their papers from the naturaliza-

tion court. The work of examining the applicants in many cases was necessarily slow, owing to the fact that some failed to carry out the instructions given after the receipt of first papers, while other applicants received their papers in quick order.

Clerk William C. Dillingham, assisted by several clerks of the superior court, presided over the court which was held in the clerk's office on the second floor. Settees were placed in the corridor, but by ten o'clock, the time set for the opening of the session the corridor was packed to overflowing with applicants and witnesses.

As an applicant's name was called he was ushered into the clerk's sanctum and put through an examination and there was a steady stream of persons entering and leaving the office during the morning and afternoon with the exception of the time at noon when the recess was taken for dinner.

Another session will be held at ten o'clock tomorrow.

Wednesday morning and Thursday morning at ten o'clock sessions will be

held for the purpose of receiving petitions for first papers. If there is sufficient business to make it necessary to hold another session Clerk Dillingham will hold court at his office on Friday morning at ten o'clock.

BIG BASEBALL DEAL

NEW YORK GIANTS TO BE SOLD TO SYNDICATE—NEGOTIATIONS ON PURCHASE PRICE UNDER WAY

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—A baseball deal whereby the New York Giants will be sold shortly to a syndicate composed of James E. Gaffney of this city, Harry F. Sinclair, the Oklahoma oil man, who was largely instrumental in settling the war between organized ball and the Federal league, and Robert H. Davis, a former partner of Mr. Gaffney in his baseball enterprises, is understood to be under way.

Messrs. Gaffney and Davis sold their controlling interest in the Boston National league club to Percy Haughton and his associates in Boston last Saturday.

It is generally understood that if the sale is consummated Mr. Gaffney will become president of the club and that Manager McGraw will secure several star players whose contracts are understood to have been taken over from certain Federal league clubs by Mr. Sinclair. These players include Benny Kauff, Lee Magee, Fred Anderson, Bill Hadden and Rousch.

Harry N. Hempstead, president of the Giants, has set a price. It is reported for the club which is said to be several thousand dollars higher than the amount which the syndicate wants to pay. Negotiations on the purchase price are under way and it is believed that the sale will shortly be announced.

SKATING AT SHEPP PARK

Skating at Shepp park was very good yesterday and during the afternoon and evening large crowds of

young people enjoyed themselves to their heart's content. The rink was in condition Friday afternoon by employees of the park department and Saturday and Sunday the ice was clear and crystal. It is safe to say that during the day it was enjoyed by from 8,000 to 10,000 skaters.



Allcock PLASTERS
The World's Greatest External Remedy.
Pain in Side, Rheumatism, Backache, Any Local Pain.
Insist on Having ALLCOCK'S.

A. G. POLLARD COMP'Y

THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE

THE Department Clearances Grows More Important in Presenting Values of Unusual Worth. Four New Sections Are Marked With Orange Cards for the First of This Week's Bargains.

January Clearance Sale

OF CHILDREN'S, MISSES' AND WOMEN'S

Coats, Suits and Dresses

SUITS	COATS
— At —	— At —
\$15.00	\$10.00
Regular prices \$18.50, \$25.	Regular price \$15.00.

SUITS

AT \$20.00

Regular Prices \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00, \$40.00

SUITS	COATS
— At —	— At —
\$10.00	\$7.50
Regular price \$15.00	Regular prices \$10, \$12.50.

COATS	COATS
— At —	— At —
\$15.00	\$12.50
Regular prices \$20, \$22.50.	Regular prices \$15, \$16.50 and \$18.50.

COATS

— AT —
\$18.50 and \$25.00

Regular prices \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00 and \$40.00.

PLUSH COATS REDUCED

\$45.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$35.00
\$40.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$30.00
\$35.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$25.00
\$25.00 Plush Coats, reduced to.....	\$18.50

CHILDREN'S COATS

Children's \$5.00 Coats, reduced to.....	\$3.98
Children's \$7.50 Velvet Coats, reduced to.....	\$3.98
\$7.50 Chineline and Zibeline Coats, reduced to.....	\$5.00

SERGE AND TAFFETA DRESSES

\$12.50 Serge Dresses (sizes 16 and 36), reduced to.....	\$5.00
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ALL SKIRTS REDUCED

\$5.00 Skirts, reduced.....	\$3.98
\$7.50 Skirts, reduced to.....	\$5.00

CHILDREN'S WASH DRESSES

All Children's Wash Dresses, sizes 6 to 14 years, reduced to 79c	
SAMPLE SWEATERS—\$1.98	
Odd Lot of Sample Sweaters, marked from \$5.00, \$9.98 and \$2.95.	
Clearance sale price.....	\$1.98

LINGERIE DRESSES

\$5.00 and \$7.50 White Lingerie Dresses, reduced to.....	\$2.98
\$10.00 Lingerie Dresses, reduced to.....	\$3.98

BATH ROBES

\$3.98 Bath Robes, reduced to.....	\$2.98
\$5.00 Bath Robes, reduced to.....	\$3.98

SILK SWEATERS

\$5.98 and \$7.50 Silk Sweaters, reduced to.....	\$3.98
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CAPS AND SCARFS

All Cap and Scarf Sets, reduced to.....	\$1.50
Regular price \$1.98	
SHORT KIMONOS	
95c Short Kimonos, reduced to.....	49c

Special prices made on any FURS bought during this Three Days' Clearance Sale.

All Children's Furs greatly reduced.

Cloak Department

Second Floor

Merrimack Street

January Clearance Sale

OF MEN'S

FURNISHINGS

BATH ROBES—Broken lots from our regular stock and about 100 robes, closed from one of the best manufacturers at about one-third to one-half off regular prices. Regular prices \$3.00 to \$8.50..... **\$1.75 to \$4.98**

MEN'S PAJAMAS—Salesmen's samples and broken lots—outling flannel, madras and percale, all made in best manner, regular prices \$1.00 and \$1.50..... **69c**

NEGLEGEE SHIRTS..... **\$1.00 Each**
All of our \$1.50 line, made from fine madras and silk finished fabrics, laundered and French cuffs attached. To close **\$1.00 Each**

MEN'S AND BOYS' GLOVES AND MITTENS—Our usual sale of salesmen's samples now going on—just received, 100 doz. Men's and Boys' Gloves and Mittens, lined and unlined, for street, auto or work, from the best domestic makers. At 1-3 to 1-2 less than regular prices. Regular prices 25c to \$5.00. **15c to \$2.98**

MEN'S SILK AND WOOL HOSE—Fine Silk and Wool Hose, all first quality in white and black. Regular price 50c. To close 25c

MEN'S FINE COTTON HOSE—Plain colors, also black and white, medium weight, all first quality; these are all fast colors, regular 15c quality..... **10c to \$1.00 the Dozen**

MEN'S NECKWEAR—Our regular stock marked down, plain and fancy colors, four-in-hands, bat ties and string ties—Regular price 25c..... **18c, 3 for 50c**
Regular price 50c..... **29c Each**
Regular price \$1.00..... **65c, 2 for \$1.00**

NEGLEGEE SHIRTS 79c—15 Dozen High Grade Shirts, made from madras in woven and printed colors, all guaranteed fast colors, regular prices \$1.00 and \$1.50. To close..... **79c Each**

NEGLEGEE SHIRTS—15 dozen High Grade Shirts, laundered or French cuffs, made full size body, neck band or collars attached. To close..... **55c, 2 for \$1.00**

MEN'S HOSIERY—Onyx Silk and Silk Lisle Half Hose, plain and fancy colors; these are all first quality and fast colors; regular price 50c. To close..... **25c, 6 Pairs for \$1.38**

MEN'S CASHMERE HOSE, 19c, 3 for 50c—Men's Black Cashmere Hose, seconds, all sizes, 9 1-2 to 11 1-2, fast colors, regular price 25c..... **19c, 3 for 50c**

MEN'S UNION SUITS 59c, 2 for \$1.00—Gray and ecru, medium and heavy weight. To close..... **59c, 2 for \$1.00**

MEN'S UNION SUITS 69c, 3 for \$2.00—Gray and ecru, jersey ribbed, heavy weight; regular price \$1.00. To close..... **69c, 3 for \$2.00**

MEN'S UNION SUITS \$1.00 Each—Broken lots, medium and heavy weight; regular prices \$1.50 to \$2.00. To close **\$1.00 Each**

MEN'S UNION SUITS \$2.50 Each—Fine mercerized and Worsted Suits, only a few in this lot. To close..... **\$2.50**

BOYS' SWEATERS—Boys' medium weight Shaker, navy, brown and maroon, boys' sizes, 25 to 34, cadets 34 and 36. Regular prices \$2.00 and \$2.50..... **\$1.50 and \$2.50**

MEN'S SWEATERS—Heavy Shaker Knit Sweater Coats, broken lot, not all sizes, assorted colors. Only a few in this lot. Regular prices \$5.00 to \$6.00, at..... **\$3.95**

MEN'S SHIRTS AND DRAWERS 65c, 2 Garments \$1.25—Natural wool, jersey ribbed and flat goods, medium and heavy weight. To close..... **65c, 2 Garments \$1.25**

MEN'S SHIRTS AND DRAWERS \$1.00 Each—Natural wool, broken lots, lines of which we have discontinued. To close **\$1.00 Each**

January Clearance Sale

OF WOMEN'S

Hosiery and Underwear

Odd Lots—Ladies' White Lisle Hose, were 25c and 38c. Clearance price..... **10c**

Ladies' Heavy Fleece Hose in extra and regular sizes, 25c. Clearance price..... **17c**

Ladies' Heavy Black Ribbed Wool Hose, 28c. Clearance price **17c**

Ladies' Lisle Hose, double toe and heel, 25c. Clearance price **19c**

Ladies' Extra Size Cotton Hose, ribbed top, 25c. Clearance price..... **19c**

Ladies' Black Silk Boot Hose, sizes 8 1-2 and 9, 15c. Clearance price..... **10c**

Ladies' All Silk Hose, double garter top, colors, black, white and sand, 38c. Clearance price..... **25c**

Ladies' Silk Hose, fancy stripes and black with white clock, white and black clocks, \$1. Clearance price..... **75c**

UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Heavy Fleece Suits, high neck and Dutch neck, long and short sleeves, \$1.00. Clearance price..... **75c**

Ladies' Medium Weight Suits, high neck, long sleeves, extra sizes. Only \$1.00. Clearance price..... **75c**

Carter's Half Wool Suits, high neck, long sleeves, sizes 5, 8 and 9, \$1.75. Clearance price..... **\$1.00**

Ladies' Lisle Suits, Dutch neck, short sleeves, cuff knee, \$1.00. Clearance price..... **69c**

Ladies' Summer Suits, low neck, sleeveless, cuff knee, 38c. Clearance price..... **25c**

Ladies' Heavy Fleece Bleached Vests, high neck, long sleeves, 50c. Clearance price..... **38c**

Ladies' Half Wool Vests, high neck, long and short sleeves, 75c. Clearance price..... **25c**

Ladies' Summer Pants, lace or cuff knee, made with yoke, 25c. Clearance price..... **17c Pair**

Ladies' Sleeveless Summer Vests, low neck, were 12 1-2c. Clearance price..... **10c, 3 for 25c**

Boys' Gray Shirts and Drawers, 25c. Clearance price..... **19c**

Children's Wool Pants and silk and wool, sizes 2 and 3, were 50c. Clearance price..... **19c**

Children's Carter's Wool Vests and Pants, \$1.00. Clearance price..... **75c**

Children's Union Suits, heavy cotton, high neck, long sleeves, \$1.00. Clearance price..... **75c**

East Section

The Clearance Sale Advertisement of the White and Wash Goods Section Will Be Found on Page Seven

Wood
Dry Kipling, Slabs and Hard Wood Thoroughly Dry. The best that money can buy. Prompt delivery.
JOHN P. QUINN
Telephones 1180 and 2480. When one is busy call the other.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

MAD MOB SPIRIT

The outbreak of the wild mob spirit in Youngstown, Ohio, on Friday as the result of a strike which led to friction and disorder comes with sobering effect on the country, for, unfortunately, there is no guarantee that it may not be elsewhere in a short time. Where large groups of foreign-born workers are concerned, preyed upon by lawless agitators and exploited by extremists who would like to overthrow the social order, occasional excesses are to be expected. We may congratulate our workers and all our people that Lowell has been free from grave disorder, but nevertheless we should leave nothing undone to guard against such a possibility.

The rioting in Youngstown began in a strike that quickly degenerated into class war and an orgy of crime. Strikers and strike breakers met in the heat of passion, insults and blows were exchanged and feeling ran high. The presence of the police only fanned the flames and after a few minor clashes, the worst passion broke loose and the rioting groups seemed to get the spirit of revolution. They swept into the business districts, destroyed stores and public buildings, drank freely of liquor taken in raids on barrooms and gave Youngstown a taste of civil war. During a night of wildest disorder, one hundred were shot or stabbed, and the news items read more like war news from abroad than the story of an industrial struggle in free America.

This is only a repetition of scenes recently seen in Colorado, the effects of which have been felt all over the state and all over the country. It may be that the militia and the police may soon restore a semblance of order, but order kept with a show of force is no indication of better things. Something is wrong deep down in the social or industrial fabric when a peaceful community may be turned into a camp of lawlessness and revolution at a moment's notice, and the government of the United States should lose no time in coming to the relief of Youngstown and probing the situation to the bottom.

Pessimists for years have been predicting a great class war in America between labor and capital, and Youngstown shows that such a war is not beyond the realm of possibilities. Suppose, for instance, that the condition in the Ohio city became general, what then? With all the slumbering hatreds and disturbing elements of our industrial communities aroused, with each state striving to solve its own problems, and with extremists in social and labor circles in charge of wild mobs, the imagination cannot overestimate the dangers ahead. It is to prevent such a contingency and to avoid crimes such as that of Youngstown that the government, labor leaders, and leaders in the larger affairs of the country should set themselves in a spirit of patriotism and co-operation, as we have no doubt they will.

It remains to be seen whether we are too liberal with the dangerous elements that foment trouble and strive to stir up class hatreds in all our larger cities. If America would avoid future danger to our institutions of democracy, the law must be respected and any tendency to anarchy stamped out wherever it appears.

PEASLEE ACQUITTED

One of the most sensational murder trials in this part of the country for many years was brought to a close on Saturday in Concord, N. H., by the acquittal of Morrison H. Peaslee, who was declared not guilty of the murder of his father. The case was followed with unusual interest, and it is our opinion that the verdict will be approved by the majority of those who followed the testimony given at the trial.

The main evidence against the accused—in fact the only evidence of the prosecution—had been obtained in a manner that all decent citizens must unreservedly condemn. A detective with a very vivid imagination had been hired to force the accused into a confession, and what was described as a confession was ultimately secured. The getting of it involved the employment of a fake chauffeur and an immoral woman, and when Peaslee had been caught in a net of damning circumstances by the detective who posed as his friend and many crooked accomplices, the case of the government was bolstered up. The methods employed included a deliberate violation of the Mann white slave law and the calling upon the ghost of the murdered man by the chair-o'-phant hired by the detective agency. Peaslee was also duped into a business partnership with the detective and was led to believe that he had been a partner in murders arranged by the young Sherlock Holmes.

Whether or not the acquittal is a triumph for justice, it is a triumph for decency and an illustration of the truth that two wrongs do not make a right. It is well that murderers should suffer the penalty of their crime, but it is not wise or proper that the prosecution should encourage criminal methods for the convicting of one accused of crime. This was well voiced by Peaslee's attorney, who in the closing argument accused the op-

posing solicitor with being party to a conspiracy for the manufacture of evidence. It is not likely that any detective agency or state authority will for some time descend to the tactics which almost made a victim of the man acquitted by a jury after five hours' deliberation.

If the methods employed by the prosecution against the accused were to prove successful, the worst excesses might easily creep into court procedure and there would be little security for the innocent, when charged with capital offences.

BANK DIRECTORS RESPONSIBLE

By a recent decision of the court, the directors of the Cambridge bank robbed by George Coleman, the young clerk whose sensational social career was cut short a few years ago, were held responsible for the loss. The decision plainly stated that had they done their duty towards the depositors of the bank, the enormous thefts could not have taken place. As a consequence of the decision, the directors will in all probability have to dig into their pockets for the funds that were so easily stolen from the depositors of the bank.

This seems wholly just and in line with common-sense. The safeguarding of the people's money is a most important function of bank officials, and when by negligence or indifference they permit losses, they should be made to refund that which they should have protected. Had the Cambridge directors been on the job they must have known that the clerk could not keep the pace he led on his small salary. With slight investigation they might also have discovered that Coleman had, as he boasted, taken everything but the plate on the door. When a minor clerk of an important bank can rob depositors under the noses of the directors, it is too bad that the depositors should be allowed to suffer. A bank should be something more than a private fund for purveying to the dissipations of bank clerks.

If bank directors everywhere had a sense of their responsibility, there would be fewer larger thefts, though undoubtedly the most extreme care cannot guarantee freedom from fraud. If our courts insisted rigidly on a recognition of the principle emphasized in Cambridge, bank directors would make a greater effort to see personally to the bank bookkeeping, and the money of the many depositors would be safer than it has been in some Massachusetts banks in the past. It is not too much to insist in the courts and out that preventable crime in banks should be prevented. Being a bank director should have a greater significance than giving a man a title to put on his business stationery. Hereafter, perhaps, bank directors will find it to their interest to direct.

SURRENDER ON SUBMARINES

While there is still some doubt as to the status of the controversy between this government and the central powers on the submarine question, it looks as though we are on the verge of a settlement. Germany has intimated that the American demands will be conceded, and that in the future there will be full compliance with the views of President Wilson and Secretary Lansing. It is said that a recent memorandum presented to our state department by Count von Bernstorff has all the necessary guarantees and also promised indemnity for the loss of American life on the Lusitania. If so, there seems no good reason to doubt that a full understanding will be arrived at speedily, not only as to past differences but to govern submarine activity for the future. Since the sinking of the Persia made relations critical, not only Germany but Austria have appeared most anxious to palliate American opinion, and the disdainful attitude of former notes has been entirely lacking. Whether due to a withdrawal of the submarines as a matter of war policy or to a sincere desire to comply with American requirements, the German and Austrian governments now seem anxious to avoid danger of a diplomatic rupture. Remembering how, in the past, assurances were followed by fresh excesses, it will not do to be over optimistic, but von Bernstorff is reported to have assured the American government that any submarine commander who in future sinks a merchant ship or interferes without warning and without safeguarding the crew will be punished for disobeying instructions. So far so good.

EDUCATIONAL EXTENSION

A tragic incident in Boston a few days ago recalled the Webster work for educational extension—a work, in the way, which was partly successful in spite of republican opposition. A young woman was knocked down by a car and killed. One of the saddest scenes was that a brother whom she was sending through college was obliged to give up his ambition and return home; her death removed his opportunity for a college education. There are many such cases, each of which is an argument for the great humanitarian principle for which our popular ex-governor worked so strenuously.

SEEN AND HEARD

What has become of the old-fashioned man whose Adam's apple was bigger than his chin?

He sure is a courageous cock; he married on Ten bones a week.

One for the Record

The old recordist was out with the new squad of recruits on musketry exercise, range finding etc. Pointing out a large house and giving the range he asked if any of them could pick out any details about the house.

"Yes," answered one glibly. "There is a small well in the garden, some lumps of coal in a heap and a bird cage in the front window."

"Well, my lad," said the sergeant, "you have remarkable eyesight. What's your name and number? How is it you can see so well at a distance?"

"Oh!" replied the recruit, "that's where I'm afflicted, sergeant."

He Was Anxious

He was elected to undergo a slight operation at the city hospital, says the Indianapolis News. Simple though the operation was, the man didn't feel quite easy about himself. A few minutes before the anesthetic was to be applied he sent for his physician, who was to handle the instruments.

"Please doctor," he said, "be careful about me."

"Oh, don't worry," the doctor said with fine assurance. "You'll be all right."

"But I wish you to be careful, doctor," the patient insisted.

"You seem quite anxious about yourself," the doctor remarked with a smile.

"I am," the patient replied nervously. "I have \$500 life insurance and I don't like my wife."

Coasting Great Fun

"Coasting's great," a little fellow was heard to say to an adult friend this morning as they walked down the street together, the little fellow trotting at the side of the big man.

"Is it?" Then you like coasting, do you?" asked the elder one.

"You bet I do," was the enthusiastic response.

"What's the matter with the side of your face? It looks as though you had been fighting."

"No, that's not fighting. I fell on the sled and hurt it. Did I hurt you?"

"No, no, no," said the big man. "I have made me stay in all afternoon and I didn't want to, you bet. I just kept right on sliding. Another fellow scratched his hands all up on the sharp ice, but he didn't go in, either. 'Taint nothing to get hurt sliding."

So you see even injuries can be treated lightly if one only looks at them in the right way, and considers them a part of the fun.

The Higher Education

Among the dead records of this country, says a writer in Docket, is a conveyance of a half interest in a female college. Among the property enumerated as sold appears the following:

"Including pianos and organ now in use in on, and near the premises known as Liberty Ladies' college (formerly known as Liberty Female college) in the operation thereof as a college for the education of women and three cows."

The school building later burned, so that the experiment of giving higher

education to women was a failure.

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THE FLYING SQUADRON

musical education to the three boxers could not be carried out.

In an answer in a divorce case recently filed the following appears:

"Answering paragraph 1 of said complaint, I deny all allegations from any content."

"This was afterwards made to read: 'All the allegations therein contained.'"

Luke McLuke Says:

There comes a time in the average man's life when he is crazy to get married. But he doesn't know it until after he is hooked.

The high cost of living was only a nip in the old days when a man paid 40 cents to have his shoe half-soled. Instead of paying forty dollars for a new tire.

When a woman has an ingrowing chin, she has to let it go at that. But a man can always grow whiskers.

The reason why friend husband likes to come home and find friend wife wearing a rag around her head and a speech of housework have to keep the carter off locked up to keep the children from stealing it.

All men are liars. But the 1915 crop of June brides is just beginning to realize the fact.

After being held up by a man who talks for an hour and doesn't say a thing, you kind of get the idea that lockjaw isn't such a fearful affliction.

Stingular Plurals

We'll begin with a box, and the plural is boxes.

But the plural of ox should be oxen, not oxes.

Then one fowl is goose, but two are called geese.

Yet the plural of moose should never be mooses.

You may find a lone mouse or a whole lot of mice.

But the plural of house is houses, not bice.

If the plural of man is always called men.

Why shouldn't the plural of pan be called pan?

The cow in plural may be cows or kine. But how if repeated is never called kine.

And the plural of vow is vows, not vine.

And if I speak of a foot and you show me your feet.

And I give you a boot, would a pair be called beets?

If one is a tooth and the whole set are teeth.

Why shouldn't the plural of booth be called beeth?

If the singular is this and plural is these.

Should the plural of kiss be nicknamed keeses?

Then one may be that, and three would be those.

Yet but in the plural would never be hose.

And the plural of rat is rats, not rose.

We speak of a brother and also of brethren.

But though we say mother, we never say meathren.

The masculine pronouns are he, his and him.

But imagine the feminine, she, she and shim.

So the English, I think, you all will agree.

Is the most wonderful language you ever did see.

—Selected.

Orville W. Peabody is Lowell's pound keeper and has been for several years. He keeps a lively stable in Warren street and is a good judge of horses, cows, sheep, chickens, and other things.

Orville Peabody really doesn't need the salary of \$5 a year that goes with the office of poundkeeper, but he says it's the only political honor that ever came to the Peabody family, and his father, he says, tells him to hold on to it.

Orville is a bit peeved to think Mayor Murphy's government didn't boost his salary when the hoisting was good.

"I'm not going to ask Mayor O'Donnell to do it," said Orville. "I'm not sure that O'Donnell knows I voted for him. But to tell the truth, if I should have my salary boosted to at least \$5 a year when everybody else in the employ of the city was getting a little raise. I understand that Simon B. Harris is a candidate for my position and they do tell that Simon is pretty close to O'Donnell. But when O'Donnell stops to think that Simon is not an apostle of the under Mayor Murphy, I guess Simon won't be in my way—not so you'd notice it."

If Mr. Peabody but knew it, he is doing Mr. Harris an injustice, as it was last Saturday that Mr. Harris talked with the writer in the interest of Mr. Peabody and said he hoped he would be re-elected.

"Mr. Peabody," said Mr. Harris, "has made a very efficient poundkeeper and when the city gets a poundkeeper I believe in keeping him in office. The honor of the office of poundkeeper was tendered me once and I declined. The other paid \$25 a year at that time, but I think there were more stray cattle around in those days."

"Yes, indeed, I have always found Mr. Peabody a very faithful officer and more than once I have seen him blanket a horse in the street which owner or driver had left exposed to the inclemency of the weather. I remember there was a complaint once about a horse that Mr. Peabody impounded, the complaint being to the effect that the horse was going to die. I went to see the horse that came out. I asked Mr. Peabody about it and he explained it to my satisfaction. 'I admit,' said Orville, 'that it wasn't the same horse when he was nothing but skin and bone when he went in and he came out as fat as a seal. I used him well. Yes, indeed, Mr. Peabody can count on me if he has put up a vicious campaign for the job. I would head a position if necessary and I'll bet that Traffic Officer Sheridan were given a table and chair that he could use in the street he would get more signals."

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DEATHS

GARNEAU—Miss Aurelia Garneau, aged 21 years, 16 days, died yesterday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Garneau, 60 Bodwell st., after a brief illness. She leaves behind her parents, Joseph and Elsie Garneau, four brothers, Roger, Joseph, Felix, Arthur and William Garneau, also four sisters, Misses Rosanna, Florida, Eva and Beatrice Garneau, all of this city.

PINCHET—Mrs. Gertrude (Beaulieu) Pinchot, wife of Gertrude Pinchot, aged 52 years, 6 months, died yesterday at her home, 310 Allen street, after a lingering illness. Besides her husband, she leaves four sons, Napoleon, John, Ernest and Orla. Deceased was a prominent member of the Third Order of St. Francis and St. Anne's sodality.

ROACH—Timothy Roach died Saturday night at his home, 53 Willie street. He leaves his wife, Hannah; four daughters, Mrs. Margaret Riley, Mrs. Mary Dane, Mrs. Ellen Driscoll and Mrs. Catherine Ryan, and two sons, Daniel of this city, and Thomas in California.

RYAN—Daniel P. Ryan died Saturday at his home, 61 Merrill street, aged 51 years. He leaves his wife, Margaret; one son, John; three daughters, Margaret, Mrs. Mary Dane, and Mrs. Catherine Ryan, all of this city. The body was taken to the rooms of Undertakers O'Connell & Mack.

McCLARY—Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary died yesterday at her home, 53 Dover street, aged 74 years. She leaves one sister, Mrs. J. W. B. Shaw of this city, and two nephews, Edwin P. Shaw of Lowell and William N. Shaw of New York city.

CALLAHAN—John F. Callahan, a resident of North Chelmsford, died suddenly yesterday morning while at his work as night watchman in the Moore mills in that town. He leaves a wife, John, Philip, Stevens, Paul, Alexander and Donald; two daughters, Nina and Genevieve Callahan, and one brother, Eugene Callahan. The body was taken to his home in the Groton road.

PRESCOTT—Mr. Frederick Morton Prescott, a well known resident of this city, passed away early this morning at his home, 17 Fifth street, aged 69 years, 2 months, 21 days. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Ruth H. Prescott, one sister, Bella A. Prescott, and one brother, Frank T. Prescott, all of this city.

McCLARY—Died Jan. 9th, at her home, 53 Dover street, this city, Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary, aged 74 years, 6 months, and 4 days. She is survived by one sister, Mrs. J. W. B. Shaw, of this city, and two nephews, Edwin P. Shaw of this city and William N. Shaw of New York city, N. Y.

BURKE—Mary A. Burke died this morning at 205 Middlesex street. The remains were removed to the funeral chambers of Higgins Bros., undertakers, Lawrence street. Deceased left no relatives in this city.

KELLEY—Miss Ann Kelley died this

WEAK FROM GRIPPE

Home Missionary Tells How She Restored Her Strength

"I am a Home Missionary, and was weak and run-down after a hard spell of LaGrippe. I had headaches, indigestion and pains in my chest, and was tired all the time. A friend asked me to try Vinol and the result is I am free from those troubles and I feel well and strong and able to go to work again." Mrs. Mattie Johnson, Towanda, Pa.

"The reason Vinol was so successful in building up Mrs. Johnson's health is because it is a constitutional remedy which contains the most potent of iron to enrich and revitalize the blood, the nourishing properties of beef peptone and the healing medicinal extracts of fresh, healthy cods' livers, all combined in a delicious native tonic wine, without oil."

"We wish every person in Lowell who is suffering from a weakened, run-down, debilitated condition, would try our Vinol on our guarantee to return their money if it fails to benefit them."

Liggett's Drug Store, Riker-Jaynes Drug Store, Falls & Burkinshaw and Lowell Pharmacy, Routhier & Delisle, Props., Lowell, Mass.

FOR RELIABLE GOODS AND PROMPT SERVICE
Call on J. J. McMANMON, Florist
6 Present Street

As we grow our own flowers and the keeping quality of our stock proves it.

WHAT IS THE BOY SCOUT MOVEMENT?

READ THE PROSPECTUS

Office, 16 Central Block Telephone 30

UNION MARKET
173-175-177 MIDDLESEX
FOOT OF SOUTH ST.

Pork Loin, lb.....	12½c	All Vegetables for boiled dinner, lb.....	2c
Pork Chops, lb.....	12½	Pancake Flour, pkg.....	9c
Pork Shoulders, lb.....	10c	Evaporated Milk, can.....	4c
Pork Livers, lb.....	5c	Seeded Raisins, pkg.....	10c
Pork Kidneys, lb.....	5c	Olive Oil, pt. can.....	20c
Fat Salt Pork, lb.....	10c	Pickles, 25c bot.....	20c
Salt Spare Ribs, lb.....	5c	Peanut Butter, lb.....	8c
Salt Pigs' Heads, lb.....	5c	Evaporated Peaches, lb.....	7c
Hamburg Steak, 2 lbs.....	19c	Eggs, fresh western, doz.....	25c
1 lb. Liver and ½ lb. Sliced Bacon.....	10c	Marshmallow Cakes, lb.....	10c
Thick Rib Corned Beef, lb. 12½c		Butter, lb.....	28c
Thin Rib Corned Beef, lb. 10c		Coffee, our Special, lb.....	25c
Flank Rib Corned Beef, lb....	8c	Tea, fancy quality, lb.....	25c
		7 lbs. Rolled Oats.....	25c
		4 lbs. Rice, Fancy Head.....	25c
		Lard, strictly pure, lb.....	11c
		Robertson Jam.....	20c
		Peas, can.....	7c
		Corn, can.....	7c
		Cheese, lb.....	15c
Large Navel Oranges, doz. 28c			
Small Navel Oranges, doz. 12½c			
Tangerines, doz.....	10c		

morning at her late home, 155 Market street, aged 78 years. She is survived by two nieces, Mrs. Mary Riley of Lowell and Catherine Daley of North Chelmsford; Cambridge, Peter McElarney, Cambridge. She was an old resident of St. Patrick's parish.

COSTAKIS—Theodore Costakis died Saturday at the home of his parents, Dinah and Philip 45½ Market street, aged eight months. The cause of death was diphtheria. The funeral was held immediately and was private. The burial was in the Westlawn cemetery. The funeral was in charge of Undertaker Charles H. Molloy.

FUNERAL NOTICES

PRESCOTT—Died, in this city, January 10, at his home, 17 Fifth street, Mr. Frederick Morton Prescott, aged 69 years, 2 months, 21 days. Funeral services will be held from his late residence, 17 Fifth street, Wednesday afternoon, the hour to be announced later. Friends are invited. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertakers Simmons & Brown.

CALLAHAN—The funeral of John F. Callahan will take place tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock from his home, Groton road, North Chelmsford. At 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem will be sung at St. John's church. Burial in St. Patrick's cemetery, Lowell. Funeral in charge of James P. O'Donnell & Sons, Boston and Providence papers please copy.

McCLARY—Died Jan. 9th, in this city, Mrs. Lucinda J. McClary, aged 74 years, 6 months and 1 day, at her home, 53 Dover street. Funeral services will be held at 53 Dover street Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends are invited without further notice. Burial private. The funeral arrangements are in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

LORD—Died today at her home, 57 Third street, Mrs. Elizabeth Lord, aged 79 years, 1 month and 2 days. She leaves two brothers, Frank M. Lord of Berlin, Vt., and William H. Lord of Berkshire, Mass.; two sisters, Mrs. Winifred Willis, Berlin, Vt., and Miss Drusilla Lord of this city. Funeral services Wednesday forenoon at 10 o'clock. Friends invited without further notice. Burial will be made at Westford. Funeral arrangements in charge of Undertaker John A. Weinbeck.

IN MEMORIAM

In Loving Memory of

Alexander E. Bouchard

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to express my most sincere thanks and appreciation to my many friends for the kindness and sympathy extended me at the bereavement of my beloved husband. The great consolation will be a loving remembrance.

Mrs. W. A. Buntington

FUNERALS

CHAMBERLAIN—The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth A. Chamberlain will be held at her residence, 49 Marlborough street, Saturday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. Chalmers F. Dyke, pastor of the Highland Congregational church. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

MILNER—The funeral services of Mrs. Sabra R. Milner were held at her home, 380 Riverside street yesterday afternoon. The services were conducted by Rev. F. G. Alger, former pastor of the Pawtucket Congregational church. The bearers were Messrs. J. W. Coburn, J. E. Dudge, William Coburn and Eugene Coburn. Burial was in the family lot in the Edison cemetery, where the burial service was read by Rev. Mr. Alger. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Charles A. Richardson, under the direction of Undertakers Young & Blake.

GREGOIRE—The funeral of William M. Gregoire took place Saturday afternoon from the rooms of Undertakers Amodeo Archambault & Son in Merrill street. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Chamberlain officiating. Miss Bachelard sang appropriate hymns. The bearers were J. P. and Harry Gregoire, M. Craig and J. Perkins. Burial was in the Edison cemetery.

SIBAK—The funeral of Edmund Sibak took place Saturday afternoon from the home of his parents, Walter and Annie Sibak, 420 Adams street. Services were held in the Holy Trinity church. The services were conducted by Rev. Alexander Ogonowski officiating. Burial was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Undertakers Amodeo Archambault & Son.

PEABODY—The funeral services of Benjamin H. Peabody were held Saturday afternoon at the rooms of Undertakers William H. Saunders. Rev. Sarah E. Dixon, pastor of the Tewksbury Congregational church conducted

WATCH THE DAILY PAPERS FOR SPECIAL OFFERINGS AT BIG DISCOUNTS ALL THROUGH JANUARY IN

Furniture, Carpeting, Stoves

This is house cleaning time with us. Making room for the latest Spring styles. Our buyer is on his way to Grand Rapids Furniture Exposition. The greatest furniture market in the world to select the latest offerings of the standard manufacturers, bringing with him twenty years' of experience and you may expect good results.

A.E.O'Heir & Co.

HURD STREET

The service. The bearers were Messrs. Walter Moore, George E. Walker, Thomas G. Robbins and James M. Murphy. Burial was in the family lot in Westlawn cemetery, where the committal service was read by Rev. Miss Dixon. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

SALMON—The funeral services of Edward A. Salmon were held yesterday afternoon at his home, 185 Hale street at 1.30 o'clock. Delegations were present from William North lodge, A. F. and M. M. H. local chapter, Abasco council, Knights Templar, and the Lowell Veteran Firemen's association. Rev. Caleb E. Fisher, D.D., pastor of the First Universalist church, officiated. The bearers were Messrs. Royal K. Dexter, Charles F. Fleming, Harry L. Wheeler and Walter J. Chase, past masters of William North lodge. Burial was in the family lot in the Lowell cemetery, where the Masonic burial service was exemplified. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

CAIRNS—The funeral services of Mrs. Agnes Cairns were held Saturday afternoon at her home, 39 Jewett street. Rev. James M. Craig, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated. Mrs. Charles Young sang, "Some Sweet Day," and "Rock of Ages." The floral offerings included the following: Willow inscribed "Mother," Mr. and Mrs. George M. Scott and Mr. and Mrs. James Cairns; Mr. and Mrs. Archie and Robert Cairns; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Brown and family, employees of Merrimack cloth room; Mrs. Maloney, Mrs. McLean and family; Mr. and Mrs. Morrissey, Misses Thompson, Harry T. Roberts and Mrs. Anthony Phassey, Mr. and Mrs. James Beakely, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Rodgers and family; Mr. and Mrs. Madole and family, Mrs. Britton of Whitinsville; Mrs. E. Robinson and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins, Mrs. William Cairns and family, Mr. and Mrs. E. Skilton, Mrs. B. Skilton and family, Mrs. W. H. Brockway, Mr. and Mrs. Vaughan, Mr. and Mrs. John Holmes, The Rev. Messrs. Thomas Courtney, Frank Robinson, Thomas Brooks and Hugh Cahay. Burial took place in the family lot in the Edison cemetery. The funeral service was read by Rev. Mr. Craig. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

VAN VALKENBURGH—The funeral of Josephine Van Valkenburgh, M.D., was held Saturday afternoon from the rooms of Undertakers George W. Healey and Sons. The services were conducted by Rev. A. W. Shaw, curate of St. Anne's Episcopal church. Burial was in the Edison cemetery.

HEYWOOD—The funeral services for the late Mrs. Mary E. Heywood were held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Heywood, 58 Capen road, Westford, and were largely attended by relatives, neighbors and friends. There was a profusion of floral offerings. The Rev. Mr. Heywood, pastor of the Unitarian church, was the officiating clergyman. The bearers were J. R. Fletcher, Alfred Tuttle, Edward Fisher and H. L. Wright. Burial in Fairview cemetery. Undertaker Daniel L. Greig & Son in charge.

CHAMBERLAIN—The funeral services of Mrs. Eva Aella Chamberlain were held at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. S. Beers, 21 Shedd street this morning at 10.45 o'clock and were largely attended. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. The services were conducted by Rev. A. B. Riggs, pastor of the First Pentecostal church. At the conclusion of the service, Miss Rose Wright rendered "My Saviour First." Burial was in the family lot in the Westlawn cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Simmons & Brown.

RAWSON—The funeral services of Mrs. Francis P. Rawson, of Worcester, who passed away while visiting her sister, Mrs. Agnes Roberts, took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the home of Mrs. Roberts, 58 Capen road. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Bancroft, of St. John's Episcopal church. There were many beautiful floral offerings. The body was forwarded to Worcester on the 11.55 train, where further services and burial will be held. The burial will be in the family lot in the Hope cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertakers Simmons & Brown.

A. D. FORRISTALL DEAD
BOSTON, Jan. 10.—S. A. D. Forristall, superintendent of telegraph of the Boston & Maine railroad, died at his home here today after a long illness. He was 54 years old.

UNITED STATES STEEL
NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The United States Steel corporation on Dec. 31 totalled 7,506,220 tons, an increase of 618,731 tons over November.

Postpone engagements Thursday eve.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

A.G. POLLARD CO. THE STORE FOR THRIFTY PEOPLE.

The Clearance Sale Advertisements of the Men's Furnishings, Ladies' Underwear, Hosiery and Women's Garments are on Page 5.

ANNUAL CLEARANCE SALE WHITE GOODS and WASH GOODS

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY—JANUARY 10, 11 AND 12

The Greatest of All Our Clearance Sales

The Sale That Hundreds of Our Customers Have Been Anxiously Waiting for.

The Sale That Offers the Greatest Opportunities to the Economical Shoppers

NO OLD GOODS--ALL THIS SEASON'S FABRICS

39 Cases----1180 Pieces----47,100 Yards

Commendable Merchandise to be Sold Prior to Inventory. Remember, Following Prices Will Prevail FOR 3 DAYS ONLY—Today, Tues., Wed., Jan. 10, 11, 12

SALE PALMER STREET CENTRE AISLE

For 3 Days Only, 7c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY	FOR THREE DAYS ONLY
4 Cases "TOILE DU NORD" GINGHAMS—Remnants 3 to 12 yards, checks and stripes, 27 in. wide, fast colors; value 12½c.....	15 Pieces SATIN MERLETTE—A beautiful floral fabric for kimono, 27 in. wide, fast colors; value 25c.....
1 Case OUTING FLANNEL—Best quality, light colored stripes, full 36 in. wide; value 12½c.....	18 Pieces PRINTED FABRICS—All 1916 designs, handsome colors, 27 and 49 in. wide; value 25c.....
57 Pieces FLEECE FABRICS—Melton Flannel, Ducking Fleece, Popular Flannels, etc., 27 in. wide; value 15c.....	20 Pieces RICE CLOTH—White and colored grounds, embroidered figures, fast colors, 28 in. wide; value 50c.....
6 Pieces EDEN FLANNEL—Substitute for all-wool flannel shirts, waists and dresses, 27 in. wide; value 15c.....	27 Pieces SILK PONGEE—Plain colors, all best shades for evening and street wear, 27 in. wide; value 25c.....
9 Pieces SUPERFINE FLANNEL—Handsome floral designs for dresses, fast colors, 36 in. wide; value 17c.....	12 Pieces FRENCH RATINE—Plain tan, American beauty, gray and black and white check; 45 in. wide; value \$1.00.....
1 Case CREPE SUITING—Plain colors, fine dress crepe, full 36 in. wide, all colors; value 25c.....	4 Pieces DRESS LINEN—Good quality; lavender, sand, light blue and gray; 36 in. wide; value 42c.....
14 Pieces WHITE REPP—For separate skirts and for children's wear, full 36 in. wide; value 20c.....	28 Pieces FANCY WAISTING—Medium weight, stripe and figured madras, 27 in. wide; value 25c.....
1 Case PLAIN POPLIN—All colors, remnants 1 to 9 yards, fine quality for dresses and waists; value 19c.....	7 Pieces GABARDINE—Plain white; new fabric for separate skirts and suits, 40 in. wide; value 25c.....
16 Pieces WHITE GOODS—Odds and ends—Madras, Muslins, Rice Cloth, etc., 27 and 36 in. wide; value 12½c.....	3 Pieces DRESS LINEN—Plain white, good dress weight, full 36 in. wide; value 39c.....
68 Pieces PRINTED FABRICS—Dimities, Organdies, Voiles, handsome floral designs, 27 in. wide; value 12½c.....	19 Pieces BATES CREPE—New plaids for children's wear; needs no ironing; fast colors; value 25c.....
1 Case BEST PERCALES—Remnants from 1 to 10 yards, new patterns, stripes and figures; value 12½c.....	12 Pieces FANCY MADRAS—Handsome shirting designs, fast colors, 32 in. wide; value 25c.....

For 3 Days Only, 7c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

For 3 Days Only, 10c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY	FOR THREE DAYS ONLY
60 Pieces SERPENTINE CREPE—Plain and figured, new designs for dresses and kimono, 30 in. wide; value 19c.....	7 Pieces IMPORTED MADRAS—Exclusive Shirting Patterns, black, green and lavender stripes, 32 in. wide; value 50c.....
28 Pieces CHIFFON VOILE—Printed in handsome Dresden patterns, fast colors, 40 in. wide; value 25c.....	10 Pieces D. & J. ANDERSON GINGHAM—Scotch plaids and Roman stripes, 32 in. wide; value 50c.....
15 Pieces PRINTED PONGEE—Handsome designs for waists and dresses, fast colors, 32 in. wide; value 25c.....	7 Pieces EMBROIDERED SWISS—All white, very fine and sheer, small embroidered figure, 32 in. wide; value 50c.....
11 Pieces RIPLETTE—Colored stripes; needs no ironing, 27 in. wide; value 12½c.....	8 Pieces PIQUE—Extra value, wide cord, for suits and skirts, 36 in. wide; value 50c.....
116 Pieces FINE GINGHAM—Bates Gingham, stripes and plaids, fast colors, 27 in. wide; value 12½c.....	6 Pieces COLORED LINEN—Sheer handkerchief linen, light colors for waists, 36 in. wide; value 50c.....
2 Cases BEST PERCALES—Whole pieces, new patterns, fast colors; value 12½c.....	64 Pieces SILK AND COTTON FABRICS—Plain and colored stripe crepe de chime, tub silk, stripes and figures, 36 in. wide; value 50c.....

For 3 Days Only, 10c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

For 3 Days Only, 29c YD. Jan. 10-11-12

FOR 3 DAYS ONLY—JANUARY 10, 11, 12

57 PIECES FINE GINGHAMS—All our best domestic and Scotch gingham, plaids and stripes; values 25c and 29c.

For 3 Days Only—Clearance Sale Price 12½c

9 PIECES DRESS LINEN—Fine French linen: lavender, plum, gray, sand and brown, 48 in. wide; value 75c.

For 3 Days Only—Clearance Sale Price 39c

SALE PALMER STREET—CENTRE AISLE

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 10, 11, 12

PLACES VACANT POLICE REPORT

**Large Quantity of Liquor
Confiscated—Many
Guns and Revolvers**

Special to The Sun
STATE HOUSE, Boston, Jan. 10.—
A total of nearly 12,000 gallons of liquors were confiscated and forfeited to the commonwealth during the past year, according to the report of George

During the year, the district police also received from the western courts

The report shows that the total amount paid for the maintenance of the district police department in its several branches was \$225,215.50, of which \$210,224.14 was expended, leaving a balance of \$15,000.00.

In addition to this balance, the department collected from various sources a total of \$2,810, consisting of charges for licenses and permits of various kinds, inspection, etc.

JOYNT.

AMOUNT OF FEDERAL AID TO BE
GIVEN TO MASSACHUSETTS
HIGHWAYS

Special to The Sun

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10.—Under the road funds bill just reported the maximum amount of federal aid for Massachusetts' roads would be \$345,120. Of this \$35,000 would be a specific appropriation and the remainder based on its population and road mileage. The population is given as 3,360,416.

RICHARDS.

Mrs. James Scott and Mrs. Charles Falk, American women, recently succeeded in bagging nine deer in a

LOOKABOUT

and proceeded to read the governor's inaugural address. It began with a suggestion for a constitutional convention, whatever that may be. It discussed amending the bill of rights, articles relating to the judiciary, and stuck to it, for some days, until the governor came next. Of course, we are all aware that the government of a state calls for much money, but there always seems to be plenty for every project that it undertakes, providing the man behind the project handles his subject properly. The governor, I think, was a little more well into the third column and was starting had come up as yet. We, the governor had to say about the railroad commission was very lacking in entertainment and anon, I found

eyes wandering to Florence Gimre's column of heart-balm. It intruded itself on me to such an extent that I liberally stopped reading the governor's message long enough to find the proper course to be followed by maiden who finds it most difficult to choose between a husband and a

choose between a handsome, hot young suitor and an old grizzled who is rolling in wealth. (I'll pass on—so many may need it!) I retort to the message. The "Tax on Intuition" promised possibilities, but pro-

disappointing. After I had read a column on "Morality on the Highways," and found it a most misleading heading, I looked at it again, and discovered that I had mis-read the title. It was "Mortality on the Highways."

Ten good minutes were wasted. I can't hurry. I skipped "Surplus laws" because I know there is a plus of laws, and I thought of the pin law, and another about fleec cats, or is it English sparrows? I ag without reading the section.

Then I followed the course of many women when reading—I turned to the last paragraph: nothing telling, no climax, no artistic ending. I had spent fully an hour in arriving at this point. Without halting on a

passed directly to the next article in the newspaper—the chat of two women over the telephone on the very latest way of dressing, the hair, and, to my shame I confess it,—I found a discussion on the loveliness of the French roll, with a jeweled comb for ever and ever so much more entertaining.

wonder if men read these inaugural dresses—every word of them. I doubt it, yet they vote, and with intelligence,—just as I am going some day. LADY LOOKABO

W. F. HOBART
Member of The Lowell Retail Jewelers' Association
General Engraving
Special attention to Parisian Jewels and Prize Cups.
67 Main Street, Lowell, Mass.

V.M.C. DICK MOWER
THE WATCH MAKER

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Watches Cleaned.....
Mainsprings.....

Good Things to Eat

D. L. PAGE CO
MERRIMACK SQ.

HIGH GRADE SHOE REPAIR
"A Responsible Business Firm"
THE Lowell's
complet

plump.

with a
self on
part of

SHU-FIX
SHOP
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equipped s

Samuel Fleming, Proprietor

134 MIDDLE ST. TEL.

The Sun goes into nearly every home in Lowell and vicinity. Merchants know that Sun readers respond to their advertisements.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL MASS. MONDAY JANUARY 10 1916

PRICE ONE CENT

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

EVACUATION OF GALLIPOOLI

Attempt to Force Dardanelles a Dismal Failure—Thousands of Men Sacrificed

LONDON, Jan. 9, 9.45 p. m.—It is officially announced that the complete evacuation of the Gallipoli peninsula has been successfully carried out.

With the withdrawal of the British and French forces from the southern tip of the Gallipoli peninsula, following the evacuation of the Anzac and Suvla bay positions on the western coast in the middle of December, there has come to an end a movement, which has begun with expectations of achievements which would have a great bearing on the outcome of the war.

Thousands upon thousands of men were killed in the enterprise of effecting landing on the Turkish coast and in the fighting since. In addition, a number of battleships and smaller war craft of the entente allies have been sunk or damaged as they bombarded the Turkish fortifications, in endeavor to aid their forces on shore. The chief military purpose of the Dardanelles campaign, which was begun in February, 1915, with the bombardment of Turkish forts at the entrance to the straits by entente allied warships, was the capture of Constantinople and the opening of the Bosphorus, which connects the Mediterranean with the Black sea so that Russia might have an avenue for the receipt of arms and ammunition, and also for the exportation of Russian grain. For England, success meant the prevention of another Turkish invasion of Egypt and the permanent safety of the Suez canal and England's communications with India.

Politically, a victory was expected to have a powerful influence on the then neutral Balkan states of Greece, Bulgaria and Rumania, whose political status has for generations been influenced by that of Turkey, with the ever-changing scale of Balkan politics. There was cited the possibility, now realized by Bulgaria's entrance into the war, of preventing the establishment of a Balkan link between the Central powers and Turkey, and also of the possible opening of a land route to India, an ambition with which the English have long credited Germany.

In October, after the successful invasion of Serbia by the Austrians and Bulgars and the reports that German ammunition was on its way to Turkey, a storm of criticism of the government's Dardanelles campaign began in England.

Carson's Resignation

Sir Edward Carson, the attorney general, resigned from the cabinet because of a disagreement with his colleagues over the campaign, it was said, and Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, the principal target of attack, also resigned.

Churchill placed some of the blame on the shoulders of Admiral Lord Fisher, first sea lord. There was also a complete reorganization of the French cabinet, which was generally attributed to the Balkan Dardanelles situation. The sending of the fleet to force the Dardanelles, without the co-operation of land forces, was generally conceded to have been the big initial blunder of the campaign. The inadequacy of the land forces when they were sent was criticized as another. The government's critics said the campaign should have been delayed until better preparations could be made. Some thought the result would have been definite had the attack been launched immediately upon the declaration of war with Turkey.

Apologists for the government argued that at least a large Turkish army had been prevented from operating elsewhere, particularly in Egypt and the Caucasus. They argued, also, that the Balkan situation might have developed much sooner had the effort not been made when it was.

The campaign was marked by three major operations, one by the fleet alone and two by the land forces assisted by the fleet. The net result was the conquest of the tip of the Gallipoli peninsula for a distance of three miles and a narrow segment of its middle western coast, about 12 miles in length and hardly a mile deep.

The First Disaster

The first disaster came March 19, when mines blew up the French battleship Bouvet and the British battleships Irresistible and Ocean, while they were attempting a dash for the Narrows, the fortifications of which they had been bombarding for several weeks. Several other vessels were damaged at the same time and the fleet withdrew to the Aegean sea. On the same day it was announced that Admiral Carden,

the British commander, had been replaced by Admiral de Robeck.

De Robeck continued the bombardment with an occasional dash into the straits by ships, until April, but it was not productive of any great results, according to accounts from the Turkish side. The Turks, however, reported that with their mobile batteries of heavy cannon they were able to damage many allied vessels.

Naval vessels were landed March 24 at Seddul Bahr, the tip of the peninsula, but they were not strong enough to hold their positions, though they destroyed the fortifications.

Allied troops for a landing came April 26, but meantime the British battleship Triumph had been sunk and the submarine E-15 went aground and fell a victim to Turkish fire.

The first contingent of British troops under the command of Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, relatively small in numbers, landed at Seddul Bahr April 25, but not without heavy losses. French troops landed on the Asiatic side, but they stayed there only three days. The French subsequently formed the left flank of the British on Seddul Bahr. Meanwhile, the general bombardment of Turkish positions by the battleships was resumed.

British Troops Landed

Early in May, other British troops landed on the north side of the peninsula, near Air Burnu, which afterwards came to be known as Anzac cove. The name was taken from the initials of the Australian and New Zealand army corps, which comprised the landing forces. Their object was to cross the peninsula and cut the communications of the Turkish divisions at Seddul Bahr and storm the Turkish forts on the Gallipoli side of the narrows, thus opening the way for the safe entrance of the British fleet. They sustained terrible losses during the landing and troops found themselves in a sort of bowl, whose rocky brim bristled with machine guns, victory, capturing the Turkish positions before them, but the failure of one of the divisions of the Suvla Bay expedition to accomplish the task assigned to it, prevented them from driving it home. General Hamilton, in a recent report, said this operation failed partly through the use of untired troops under generals inexperienced in the warfare and partly through the failure of the water supply.

The British succeeded in effecting a junction with the French forces but gained no great military advantage. The fighting here has been described as the most terrible of the war, both sides suffering tremendous losses.

On Nov. 2, Premier Asquith told parliament that the Dardanelles campaign had been a failure. Up to Dec. 3, the total British casualties on the peninsula were 114,555 men killed, wounded or missing. The losses in the evacuation of the Suvla bay and Anzac regions were declared by the British at the time to have been only four men wounded—making the total casualties in leaving the peninsula four men.

JOY IN CONSTANTINOPLE

BERLIN, Jan. 10.—(By wireless to Saville).—The news of the definite failure of the Dardanelles expedition caused enormous joy and satisfaction in Constantinople, says the Overseas News agency in a message distributed today. "Bunting was displayed and the schools were closed."

"The Berlin newspapers," continues the agency message, "point out the loss of prestige which this means for the British, besides the enormous losses of men, ships and money. They call the proud words of Mr. Asquith in parliament on Nov. 9, 1914, that the Turkish empire had committed suicide and had dug its own grave, and those of Mr. Churchill, at a later date that through the Dardanelles lay the shortest road to triumphant peace. The newspapers further call attention to the fact that important Turkish contingents are now free for action in other fields."

THIRD AT CONSTITUTIONAL

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—The Sherley amendment of 1902 to the federal pure food law, declaring drugs to be misbranded if the package or label bears or contains false and fraudulent statements regarding the curative or therapeutic effects thereof, was upheld as constitutional today by the supreme court.

SIXTH RECITAL

—Of the—

LOWELL ORCHESTRAL SOCIETY

At Colonial Hall, Sunday Afternoon, Jan. 16th, at 3 o'clock.

Soloist, M. NICOLA OULUKANOFF, Harbinger of the Boston Opera Co.

TICKETS 50c

At Steiner's Music Store, Hall & Lyon's, and Kershaw's Music Store.

BASKETBALL

Lowell vs. Lawrence

Military Team

TUESDAY EVE., JAN. 11,

ASSOCIATE HALL

Reserved Seats at Hall & Lyons

MOHR MURDER

Continued

ered outside the court house but a special detail of policemen guarded both entrances and allowed inside only those who had business in the building. The limited space in the court room precluded all but a very few save courtmen, lawyers, newspapermen and court attaches, from attending the proceedings today. Included in the upwards of 20 newspaper writers at the trial were several women reporters, who were assigned to relate the sentimental side of the story.

John J. Fitzgerald and Arthur Cushing appeared as counsel for Mrs. Mohr, while William H. Lewis of Boston, former United States assistant attorney general and John D. Edwards acted as attorneys for the two negroes. The prosecution was represented by Attorney General Herbert A. Rice and Assistant Attorney General Abbott Phillips.

Judge Stearns ascended the bench at 10.05 o'clock.

Mrs. Elizabeth F. Mohr, C. Victor Brown and Henry H. Spellman were arraigned on the charge of murder. Mrs. Mohr was an accessory and the other two, as the actual slayers, and all pleaded not guilty. The trial then proceeded.

At the outset of the proceedings Attorney Lewis for himself as counsel for Brown and for Lawyer Edwards as counsel for Spellman moved that they be appointed counsel for the defendants. Judge Stearns denied the motion as regards Mr. Lewis on the ground that he is a non-resident of the state.

Mr. Lewis said he had been driven 15 times in behalf of Brown without getting anything as compensation. The court reminded him that he had a chance to withdraw last week if he so desired and give someone else a chance to be appointed.

The court appointed Edwards to defend Spellman, after Edwards had stated that he had not received any money from his client or any promise of remuneration from Spellman or his friends.

Mrs. Mohr came into the court room while this argument was going on. She has been out on bail. She was dressed in mourning and wore a very thin veil so that her face was clearly visible. Her face was a trifle pale but otherwise she appeared to be in good spirits.

C. Victor Brown and Henry Spellman were then brought up to the court room from a cell down stairs.

Asked Separate Trial

Arthur Cushing of counsel for Mrs. Mohr moved that his client have a separate trial from that of the negroes for causes set forth in affidavit. Before he had a chance to read them Attorney General Rice arose and said Judge Rathbun had denied a similar motion two weeks ago. Judge Stearns stated he didn't see how the motion could be granted unless something new had developed. Mr. Cushing was allowed to read an affidavit made by himself. In it Mr. Cushing averred that Mrs. Mohr could not have a fair and impartial trial if tried with the other defendants because of the fact that the confessions admissible in evidence as to the negroes alone would prejudice the jury against her and that her defense was antagonistic to the defense of the negroes. Judge Stearns denied the motion and gave Mr. Cushing and his counsel the right to ask Justice Rathbun had already passed on these questions.

In answer to a query of Attorney Lewis the court stated that all defendants are regarded as one in the matter of challenging jurors. Attorney Lewis then asked the defendants be treated as individuals in challenging jurors and the court denied the motion. Counsel for the defense by this ruling will have no more challenges than the prosecution.

William A. Carroll and James F. McCarroll were added to the legal staff of Mrs. Mohr at this juncture and the appearance of Assistant Attorney General Claude R. Branch increased the force of attorneys on the prosecution's side.

The work of impaneling a jury was begun after the clerk of the court had

polled the veniremen for the purpose of ascertaining the number present. Seventy-five answered to their names.

All Veniremen Excluded

All of the veniremen were excluded from the room and sent for one at a time and examined as to his qualifications to sit on the panel.

Frank E. Hagar, a bookkeeper of Cranston, was the first one called. Assistant Attorney General Phillips explained to him what the case was. Asked if he could sit and give a fair and impartial verdict Mr. Hagar said he had a fixed opinion as to the guilt of the accused from reading the newspapers and he thought it would be impossible to remove that opinion by competent evidence. Judge Stearns asked him if he was trying to escape jury duty and Mr. Hagar said he was not, but that the newspaper accounts had made a deep impression upon him. He would not admit that he could be fair and impartial and was excused from serving.

Hugh Carney, a tinsmith of this city, said he saw no reason why he couldn't serve and give an impartial verdict. He was accepted as a tentative juror. He denied having expressed an opinion on the case last Friday.

At this point Attorney Lewis asked the court if the jury was going to be segregated during the course of the trial and Judge Stearns said he presumed the jury would be kept together.

Robert P. Winsor, a manufacturer of Providence, had an off-hand opinion, but said he could discard it if sufficient evidence was submitted. He was accepted tentatively.

Harry L. Shaverston, a mill hand of Johnston, stated that his attitude was entirely unbiased and he took a seat on the panel.

Kitt Taylor, retired mill man of Woonsocket, admitted that he could render an impartial decision solely on the evidence. He was accepted.

William H. Damm, a Providence grocer, was eligible to sit.

John Curtis, lumberman of Foster, said he would do justice by both sides and was seated tentatively.

Robert D. Hays, a decorator of Central Falls, had no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the defendants and took a seat in the jury box.

Michael Kleran, a local blacksmith, was accepted, subject as the rest of them are to challenge.

Edward J. Sullivan, a Providence plumber, said he didn't like to sit on murder cases but that he had no opinion. He is a prospective juror.

First Juror Excused

Ephraim H. Mowry, farmer of North Smithfield, showed himself to be eligible.

Gordon W. B. Church, a photographer of Warren, was excused on the ground that he lived in the vicinity of the scene of the murder.

Eugene A. Creighton, painter of Burrillville, was excused because he has been suffering from the grippe.

Charles F. Dragan, mill hand of Burrillville, was the fifth man to qualify as a tentative member of the panel.

Hugh Carney, first juror drawn, was excused by the court because of evidence introduced by the prosecution that he had expressed an opinion favorable to Mrs. Mohr to a private detective last Saturday. This left 11 tentative jurors on the panel when court finally adjourned for luncheon till 2.30.

HAD DESIRE FOR SUIT

Last Saturday night Desire Gadhols of 31 Tremont street reported to the police that a suit of clothes had been stolen from his room. Sergt. Giroux was assigned to the case and this morning he ran into one Joseph I. Dussault walking down Moody street wearing the same suit. When Joseph was questioned as to how he came by the new suit he at first said he bought it on Merrimack street, later Middlesex street, and finally admitted that he stole it. He is now locked up at the station for alleged larceny.

All the Berlin street cars are now in charge of women motormen.

HE IS ALMOST BLIND

WORKING YEARS AT OIL BURNING

FURNACE IMPAIRS LEVI BOOTHBY'S SIGHT

As a result of operating what is known as an oil burning furnace at the Lawrence street plant of the U. S. Cartridge Co., or the past 16 years, Levi Boothby of Chelmsford Centre has almost lost the sight of both eyes and inasmuch as he has not done any work since last March, he has asked for compensation which he claims he deserves under the Workmen's Compensation act and accordingly a hearing was held at city hall this forenoon.

Mr. Boothby is reported to be the first man in Lowell to operate an oil burning furnace and as a result of being constantly on the job the vision of one of his eyes has been reduced to two tenths and the vision of the other to one tenth. Mr. Boothby claims that his sight has been reduced to such an extent that on March 17 of the past year he was forced to give up his work and was also obliged to have special glasses fitted.

The arbitrators at the hearing were as follows: Dr. F. K. Mahoney, for the employee, Joseph Parke, chairman, for the Industrial Accident board; and Judge Pickman for the insurer, the London Guarantee and Accident Co., 11, 35, Avery, Bsq., appeared for the insurer and T. H. Mahoney, Esq., of this city, for the injured. Among the witnesses heard were Mr. Boothby, Dr. R. J. Meigs, who examined the injured for the U. S. Cartridge Co., Dr. D. Daley of Boston, who examined the injured for the insurer and Dr. George Leachy, who treated Mr. Boothby.

SUN BREVITIES

Best printing: Tobin's, Asso. Bldg. Edouard Boissonneault has returned from a pleasant trip to Canada.

Miss Ella Bally, for many years a school teacher here, has gone to Florida for the winter.

Maxime Poirer of Alton street has returned from Montreal and Joliet, Que., where he spent the holidays.

There is more than one Arthur Boisvert town and if one happens to get into police court it is no reflection upon his namesake.

Leonard L. Fortin, buyer at the A. G. Pollard Co. left last night for Montreal, Que., where he will attend the funeral of one of his brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Foster of Tewksbury start today on a trip to San Francisco, Los Angeles and New Orleans. They will be gone several weeks.

Mrs. Alphonsine Ducloux and Miss Celestine Ducloux of Manchester, N. H., who were the guests of Miss S. Ducloux of Merrimack street, have returned to their home.

A daughter, Isabel Anderson Smith, was born, November 18, to Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Haven Smith of San Francisco, Cal. Carroll Smith is a Lowell boy and a brother of Forster H. Smith, M.D.

Joseph Durand of Rock street was taken in the ambulance to the Chelmsford street hospital yesterday afternoon suffering from several broken ribs sustained in a fall down stairs at his home Saturday night.

The many friends of Mr. James Cowell will be pained to hear that he is confined to his home because of illness. Mr. Cowell was taken ill at the Sacred Heart church Friday morning and was removed to his home, 22 London street.

The comic opera by Mr. George Lowell Tracy will be presented in this city next month. The members of the

Lowell Operatic society who saw it produced in Boston last week speak very highly of it and predict great success for it on its presentation here.

John A. Flynn, assistant cashier of Flynn's Market, was pleasantly surprised last Saturday morning when he was presented a set consisting of a stick pin and cufflinks, with his initial engraved thereon. This beautiful present was given by his fellow workers on the occasion of his twenty-third birthday.

William Burke of By street, employed as a teamster by the Wotton Steam Laundry was knocked unconscious about 3.15 o'clock this forenoon when he fell from the back of the wagon while fixing some packages. At the hospital the man quickly recovered and was reported to be very much improved this afternoon.

Miss Eva Dupuis of 217 Main street, Charlestown, who has not been heard from her parents for more than five years, is trying to find her mother, Mrs. George Howard, formerly a resident of this city. Miss Dupuis says that she left home about five years ago. At the time she was employed in the Merrimack mills in this city as an operative. She then went to Boston and found work in Charlestown. Miss Dupuis says that she has five brothers living in Montreal but all attempts to locate them have proved fruitless.

The Broadway Social and Athletic association held a largely attended meeting at their rooms Sunday afternoon. The meeting was called to order by Mr. George Howard, formerly a resident of this city. Miss Dupuis says that she left home about five years ago. At the time she was employed in the Merrimack mills in this city as an operative. She then went to Boston and found work in Charlestown. Miss Dupuis says that she has five brothers living in Montreal but all attempts to locate them have proved fruitless.

The discovery of the body was made by William Davis who immediately reported his find to Ernest Bridgeford, the engineer of the mill. The medical examiner attributed death to heart failure.

When he left his home for the mill, according to indications he must have just completed his rounds when he was fatally stricken while returning to the boiler room in the early part of the morning.

St. Alban's Mission

The members of St. Alban's mission will meet tomorrow night in the vestry of the mission for the purpose of making arrangements for a banquet to be held at the end of the month. Committees will be appointed to arrange the details of the event.

INJURED IN RUNAWAY ACCIDENT

Alexander Adams of Chelmsford Centre was taken in the ambulance to St. John's hospital this forenoon suffering from an injury to his back sustained when he was thrown from a wagon in a runaway. The accident occurred about 9.30 o'clock on Moore street, near Lawrence street. Adams' horse suddenly dashed ahead. A breakneck speed, throwing the driver and seat to the ground. The wagon was not badly damaged.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

Again ANOTHER BIG WEEK Again

OF DOUBLE FEATURE PHOTO PLAYS

MERRIMACK SQUARE

THEATRE

MON., TUES. AND WED. Jan. 10, 11, 12

Big Double Program

The Nation's Sweetheart

MARY PICKFORD

In Her Latest Success,

The FOUNDLING

Warren Kerrigan

"A LIFE AT STAKE"

WEEDLY AND OTHERS

COMING

MON., JAN. 24, FOR A SOLID WEEK WITH DAILY MATINEES

"THE BATTLE CRY OF PEACE"

One of the Two Greatest Photo Plays Ever Produced, Parlaying the "Hugues" to America.

New York Prices, \$2.00. Lowell Prices, 50c, 35c and 25c.

Opera House

The Theatre of Big Things.

Bubbling With Thrills and Laughs

Emerson Players Present the Play Hit of New York.

THE DUMMY

Proclaimed by the Metropolitan Critics as "The Biggest Play of the Century."

PHONE 201—NOW

Be Sure to Order Seats Early for This Great Play.

Special Appearance of the Clever Juvenile Artist,

MASTER EBBET BALDWIN

Appearing as "Barney Cook," "The Boy Detective," He's a Genuine Treat.

THE PLAY YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO MISS

REMEMBER—"THE DUMMY" IS HERE ONE WEEK ONLY

NO. CHELMSFORD

Man Dead in Boiler Room - Mr. Talbot Taken Ill

Sarsfield Talbot, a well known resident of North Chelmsford was taken suddenly ill at his home at the corner of Pleasant and Princeton streets this morning and his condition became so serious that he was rushed to St. John's hospital by automobile. Examination at the hospital showed the young man to be suffering from an attack of appendicitis.

Fire in Middlesex Village

The old village house in Middlesex street was visited by a fire on Saturday. Flames were discovered on the second story by George Sheppard and Joseph Ryan who worked for several minutes before the fire was put under control. The fire is believed to have been caused by a stove which became overheated.

Cutting Ice

The ice on Swayne's pond is now 13 inches thick and John Marinel, Jr., will begin cutting on Wednesday. Mr. Marinel informed a Sun representative today that he will be able to use about a dozen men from Lowell until all the ice has been cut and stored in the houses.

Dead in Boiler Room

John Francis Callahan, one of the most widely known residents of the village was found dead in the boiler room of the Baldwin mill shortly before six o'clock yesterday morning. The discovery of the body was made by William Davis who immediately reported his find to Ernest Bridgeford, the engineer of the mill. The medical examiner attributed death to heart failure.

When he left his home for the mill, according to indications he must have just completed his rounds when he was fatally stricken while returning to the boiler room in the early part of the morning.

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